FAX-L200
FAX-L280

SERVICE MANUAL

REVISION 0

FAX-L200	H12-2033	230V	EC
FAX-L200	H12-2034	230V	UK
FAX-L200	H12-2035	230V	GER
FAX-L200	H12-2037	230V	FRN
FAX-L280	H12-2043	230V	EC
FAX-L280	H12-2044	230V	UK
FAX-L280	H12-2045	230V	GER
FAX-L280	H12-2047	230V	FRN
TELEPHONE 6KIT	H12-3603	230V	EU
TELEPHONE 6KIT	H12-3614	230V	UK

Canon

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TONER

www.tonerplus.com.ua

Application

This manual has been issued by Canon Inc. for qualified persons to learn technical theory, installation, maintenance, and repair of products. This manual covers all localities where the products are sold. For this reason, there may be information in this manual that does not apply to your locality.

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I. MEANINGS OF MARKS

If the following mark is used, follow the directions given.

Mark	Meaning
⚠	States a precaution to be taken to prevent danger to personnel, damage to the product, or damage to electronic components by discharge of static electricity. for example.
⚡	States a precaution to be taken to prevent damage to electronic components by electrostatic discharge.
🔥	Informs you of fire-related cautions.
🔧	Warns against disassembly of parts.
🔌	Informs you that the plug must be removed from the power outlet before starting an operation.
NOTE	Gives useful information to understand descriptions.
REFERENCE	Indicates sections to be read to obtain more detailed information.

II. ABOUT THIS MANUAL

This manual is divided into four parts, and contains information required for servicing the product.

Chapter 1: General Description

This part explains product specifications and the how to service the unit safely.

Chapter 2: Technical Reference

This part explains the technical theory of the product.

Chapter 3: Assembly/Disassembly

This part provides descriptions on how to disassembly/assembly the product in question.

Chapter 4: Maintenance and Service

This part explains how to maintain the products for service operations, trouble-shooting and service switches.

Chapter 5: Appendix

This part explains the information of the installation, optional products and user data flow.

REFERENCE
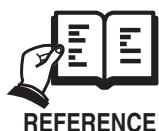
- For more details of user operations and user reports, see the seperate volume of *USER'S GUIDE*.
- Detailed description of each SSSW/parameter is not given in this manual except the new SSSWs/parameters added to this model.
  See *G3 Facsimile Service Data Handbook (supplied separately)* for details them.
- Detailed descriptions of error codes are limited to those codes which have been added to the product in question or those for which remedies unique to the product in question are offered. For details on other error codes, refer to the separately available *G3 Facsimile Error Code List (Rev.1).*

III. REVISION HISTORY

REVISION	CONTENT
0	Original

IV. TABLE OF CONTENTS

Chapter 5: Appendix

Chapter 1

General Description

1. FEATURES

1.1 Overview

This product is a G3 transceiving facsimile based on the ITU-T recommendation. The product uses an LBP printer operating on the principle of electro photographic recording.

High Image Quality

The product uses a laser beam method, which has come to enjoy a highly favorable reputation for use in printers, and is capable of offering a resolution of 600×600 dpi.

UHQ (Ultra-High Quality)

UHQ smoothing enables faithful reproduction of originals. Further, it produces as many as about six prints per minute, promising high work efficiency.

Plain Paper Printing

Received faxes or copies may be printed on plain paper for practical and immediate use.

Toner detection function

This unit uses a magnetic (permeability) sensor to detect remaining toner.

Automatic dialing

There are 24 one-touch dial locations, and 100 coded-speed dial locations. Registered numbers can be retrieved using the telephone directory feature.

SURF

Instead of the conventional pressure roller, fixing is by SURF, in which heating is by way of a special film possessing low heat capacity. Since no heater must be supplied with power in standby state, there will be a decrease in power consumption.

Low Noise

The use of SURF as the fixing method has eliminated the need to operate a fan, which would be the principal source of noise.

2. SPECIFICATIONS

2.1 General Specification

Type	Desktop
Body colour	Cool white
Power source	180 ~ 264V AC, 45 ~ 65 Hz,
Power consumption	standby less than 7.5W / less than 500W (when operating)
Usage environment	50.0°F ~ 90.5°F (10°C ~ 32.5°C), 20%~85% RH Horizontal ±3° or less
Operating noise	Measured in accordance with ISO standards Standby :30 dB(A) or less Operating :50 dB(A) or less
Dimensions (W × D × H)	14.65" × 14.61" × 9.88" (372 mm × 371 × 251 mm) (Not including Trays)
Weight	19.84 lbs (9 kg) Including trays

2.2 Communication Specification

Applicable lines	PSTN (Public Switched Telephone Network) PBX (Private Branch Exchange)
Handset	Yes (Option)
Transmission method	Half-duplex
Transmission control protocol	ITU-T T30 binary protocol/ECM protocol
Modulation method (FAX-L200)	
G3 image signals	ITU-T V.27ter (2.4k, 4.8k bps) ITU-T V.29 (7.2k, 9.6k bps) ITU-T V.17 (TC7.2k, TC9.6k, 12k, 14.4k bps)
G3 procedure signals	ITU-T V.21 (No.2) (300bps) (With automatic fallback function)
Modulation method (FAX-L280)	
G3 image signals	ITU-T V.27ter (2.4k, 4.8k bps) ITU-T V.29 (7.2k, 9.6k bps) ITU-T V.17 (TC7.2k, TC9.6k, 12k, 14.4k bps) ITU-T V.34 (2.4k, 4.8k, 7.2k, 9.6k, 12k, 14.4k, 16.8k, 19.2k, 21.6k, 24k, 26.4k, 28.8k, 31.2k, 33.6k bps)
G3 procedure signals	ITU-T V.21 (No.2) (300bps) ITU-T V.8, V.34 (300, 600, 1200bps) (With automatic fallback function)
Coding	ITU-T T.4 Coding method (MH, MR) ITU-T T.6 Coding method (MMR)

Error correction	ITU-T T30 (ECM)
Canon express protocol (CEP)	None
Time required for transmission protocol	

Protocol *1 Mode	Pre-message Protocol *2	Post-message Protocol *3 (between pages)	Post-message (after pages)
T.30 Standard	approx. 12sec.	approx. 4sec.	approx. 3.5sec.
V.34	approx. 9sec.	approx. 1sec.	approx. 1 sec.

*1 Time from when other facsimile is connected to the line until image transmission begins.

*2 Post-message (between pages): Time from after one document has been sent until transmission of the next document starts if several pages are transmitted.

*3 Post-message (after last pages): Time from after image transmission is completed until line is switched from facsimile to telephone.

Minimum transmission time	10 msec. (MH,MR), 0 msec. (MMR)
Transmission output level	from 0 to –15 dBm
Receive input level	from –3 to –43 dBm
Modem IC	CX06829-11 (FAX-L200) FM336 (FAX-L280)

2.3 Scanner Specification

Type	Sheets
ADF capacity	Max. 20 sheets (A4/Letter) Max. 10 sheets (Legal)
Effective scanning width	Letter/Legal 8.42" (214 mm) A4 8.19" (208 mm)
Scanning method	Contact sensor scanning method
Scanning line density	
Standard:	8 dots/mm (203.2 dpi) $\times$ 3.85 line/mm (97.79 dpi)
Fine:	8 dots/mm (203.2 dpi) $\times$ 7.7 line/mm (195.58 dpi)
Super Fine:	8 dots/mm (203.2 dpi) $\times$ 15.4 line/mm (391.16 dpi)
Scanning speed	Standard 7.7 sec./page When reading Canon FAX Standard Chart No.1 at the standard resolution
Image modes	Halftone (PHOTO mode)
Scanning density adjustment	3 density level
Halftone	64-gradation error diffusion system (UHQ)

Scanning range
Sheet dimensions (W × L)
Maximum

multiple pages:	8.50" × 14.01" (216 mm × 355.9 mm)
1 pages:	8.50" × 39.37" (216 mm × 1000 mm)
Minimum	5.83" × 4.13" (148 mm × 105 mm)

Thickness

multiple pages:	0.002" ~ 0.005" (0.06 mm ~ 0.13 mm)
	40~90 g/m²
1 pages:	0.002" ~ 0.09" (0.06 mm ~ 0.23 mm)
	35~240 g/m²
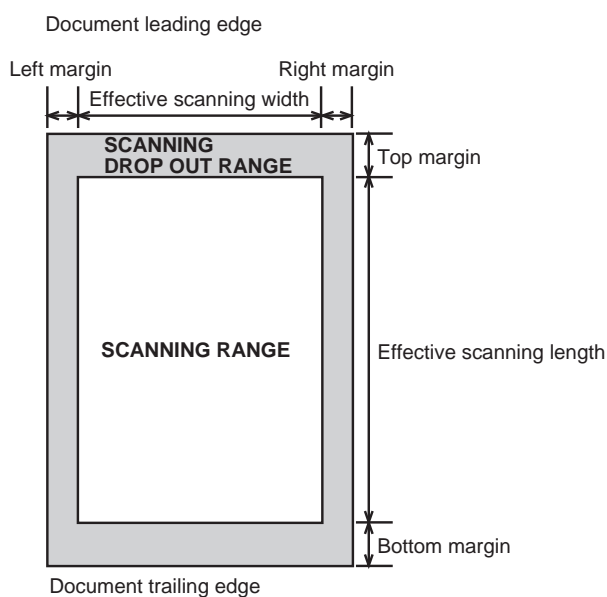
Figure 1-1 Scanning Range

Item	A4	Letter	Legal
Effective scanning width	8.19"±0.04"	8.42"±0.04"	8.42"±0.04"
	(208 ±1.0 mm)	(213.9 ±1.0 mm)	(213.9 ±1.0 mm)
Effective scanning length	11.53"±0.12"	10.84"±0.12"	14.24"±0.12"
	(293 ±3.0 mm)	(275.4 ±3.0 mm)	(361.6 ±3.0 mm)
Left margin	0.04" ±0.08"	0.04" ±0.08"	0.04" ±0.08"
	(1.0 ±2.0mm)	(1.0 ±2.0mm)	(1.0 ±2.0 mm)
Right margin	0.04" ±0.10"	0.04" ±0.10"	0.04" ±0.10"
	(1.0 ±2.5 mm)	(1.0 ±2.5 mm)	(1.0 ±2.5 mm)
Top margin	0.08" ±0.08"	0.08" ±0.08"	0.08" ±0.08"
	(2.0 ±2.0 mm)	(2.0 ±2.0 mm)	(2.0 ±2.0 mm)
Bottom margin	0.08" ±0.08"	0.08" ±0.08"	0.08" ±0.08"
	(2.0 ±2.0 mm)	(2.0 ±2.0 mm)	(2.0 ±2.0 mm)

Units are inches with mm shown in parentheses.

NOTE
- Document scanning width "**A4/LTR**" is set in service data #1 SSSW SW06, bit4.
- Skew area is not taken into consideration.
- The feed precision of the original is included in the scanning range values.

2.4 Printer Specification

Printing method	LASER Beam Printer
Printing Cartridge	
Products name	Canon FX3 Cartridge
Product code	H11-6381 (New product code: 1557A)
Valid period	Within the guaranteed period indicated on the package of the cartridge.
Storage conditions	Temperature from 32.0°F to 95.0°F (0°C to 35°C) Humidity from 35% to 85% RH
Yield	approx. 2700 pages (black rate 4% chart)
Toner detection	Yes (Toner out detect)
Printing speed	Approx. 6 pages/minute
Printing resolution	Standard 8 dots/mm × 3.85 line/mm
	Fine 8 dots/mm × 7.7 line/mm
	Super Fine 8 dots/mm × 15.4 line/mm
Paper output tray stacking (Face down delivery slot)	Approx. 50 sheets (when using the recommended paper)
Paper tray	
	Paper supply method ASF (Auto Sheet Feeder)
	Kind of paper tray MULTI-PURPOSE TRAY
	Paper capacity Max. 0.40" (10 mm) thickness

	Plain Paper	Envelopes	Transparencies
MULTI-PURPOSE TRAY	Approx.100 sheets	Approx.7 envelopes	Approx.1 sheet

Recommended paper
KANGAS

Weight	80 g/m²
Paper size	A4
Manufactured by	KANGAS

NEUSIEDLER Canon Paper

Weight	80 g/m²
Paper size	A4
Manufactured by	NEUSIEDLER

Printing range

Paper dimensions (W × L)

Letter	8.50" × 11.00" (215.9 mm × 279.4 mm)
Legal	8.50" × 14.00" (215.9 mm × 355.6 mm)
A4	8.27" × 11.69" (210 mm × 297 mm)
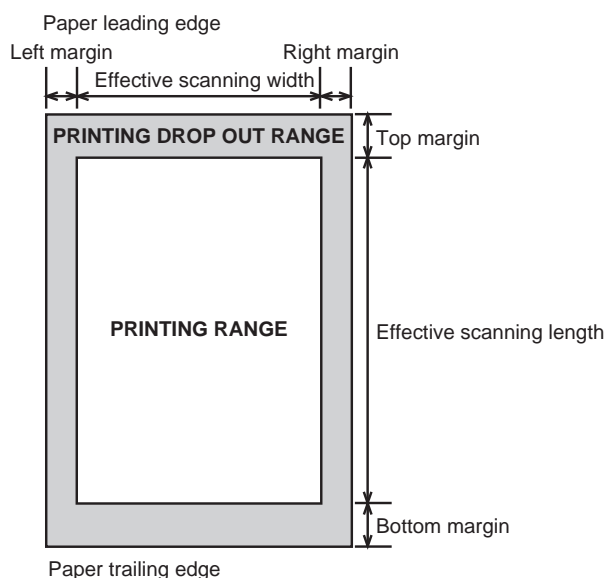
Figure 1-2 Printing Range

Item	A4	Letter	Legal
Effective printing width	8.11" ±0.08" (206 ±2.0 mm)	8.19" ±0.08" (207.9 ±2.0 mm)	8.19" ±0.08" (207.9 ±2.0 mm)
Effective printing length	11.37" ±0.12" (288.9 ±3.0 mm)	10.69" ±0.12" (271.4 ±3.0 mm)	13.68" ±0.14" (347.6 ±3.5 mm)
Left margin	0.08" ±0.08" (2.0 ±2.0 mm)	0.16" ±0.08" (4.0 ±2.0 mm)	0.16" ±0.08" (4.0 ±2.0 mm)
Right margin	0.08" ±0.12" (2.0 ±3.0 mm)	0.16" ±0.12" (4.0 ±3.0 mm)	0.16" ±0.12" (4.0 ±3.0 mm)
Top margin	0.08" ±0.08" (2.0 ±2.0 mm)	0.08" ±0.08" (2.0 ±2.0 mm)	0.08" ±0.08" (2.0 ±2.0 mm)
Bottom margin	0.24"±0.16" (6.0 ±4.0 mm)	0.24"±0.16" (6.0 ±4.0 mm)	0.24"±0.18" (6.0 ±4.5 mm)

Units are inches with mm shown in parentheses.
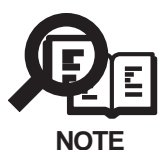
NOTE
- The header and footer are printed in the printing range.
- Skew area is not taken into consideration.
- The feed precision of the original is included in the scanning range values.

2.5 Copy Specifications

Color copy	None	
Multiple copy	99 copies	
Copy resolution	Scanning	400 dpi × 300 dpi (direct copy)
		200 dpi × 300 dpi (memory copy)
	Printing	600 dpi × 600 dpi
Copy magnification ratio	100%, 90%, 80%, 70%	

NOTE

- When one copy is specified at a magnification ratio of 100%, the direct copy mode is entered. When two or more copies are specified, the memory copy mode is entered.
- When the magnification ratio is 90%, 80% or 70%, the memory copy mode is entered.
- When long originals are scanned in the direct copy mode, only the area that can be printed on a single page is copied, and copies are not made over multiple pages.

2.6 Function

Dialling

Manual dialling	Numeric button
Auto dialing	Max. 120 digits
	One-touch:24, Coded speed:100
Group dial	Max.123 locations
Redial	Numeric button redial function (Max. 120 digits)

Transmission

Broadcast transmission	Max. 125 locations (One-touch:24, Coded speed:100, Numeric button:1)
Delayed transmission	No. of Destination Max. 125
	No. of Reservation Max. 20
Confidential Tx/Rx	None (However, an equivalent function (TX only) is available using the Password/Subaddress sending setting.)
Relay broadcasting originating	None (However, an equivalent function (TX only) is available using the Password/Subaddress sending setting.)
Password/Subaddress sending	Yes
Subaddress	Max. 20-digits
Password	Max. 20-digits
Polling Transmission	Yes
Password	Max. 20-digits

Reception

FAX/TEL switching	Yes
Method	CNG detection
Message	None
Pseudo CI	None
Pseudo ring	Yes
Pseudo ringback tone	Yes
Reduction settings for reception (vertical only)	Yes
Automatic reduction of reception images	Yes (100%~70%)
Built-in Answering machine	None
Answering machine connection	Yes (Telephone answering priority type)
Remote reception	Yes (Remote ID method)
Reception printing in reverse order	Yes (When using face-down delivery slot)
Polling reception	Yes
Subaddress	Max. 20-digits
Password	Max. 20-digits

Others

Closed network	None
Direct mail prevention	
Telephone numbers compared	Telephone numbers registerd under one-touch and coded speed dial, and a TSI signal
Number of digits	Lower 6 digits (number of digits can be changed with service data #3)
Memory box	None
Memory backup	
Backup contents	Dial registration data, User data, Service data, Time
Backup IC	220 kbit SRAM in ASIC
Backup device	Lithium battery 3.0V DC/220 mAh
Battery life	Approx. 5 years
Image data backup	None
Image Memory IC	
DRAM (2 MB) /FAX-L200	Approx. 64 page (Measured when receiving Canon FAX Standard Chart No.1)
DRAM (8 MB) /FAX-L280	Approx. 448 page (Measured when receiving Canon FAX Standard Chart No.1)
Activity management	Yes

  a) User report

Activity management report (Every 20 transactions: always transmission and reception together)
Activity report (sending/receiving)
One-touch speed dialling list
Coded speed dialling list
Group dialling list
Memory clear list
User's data list
Multi activity report
Document memory list

  b) Service report

System data list
System dump list
Error list

Transmitting terminal identification	Yes
Time	
Management data	Year/month/date/day/hour/minute (24 hour display)
Precision	±60 sec per month
Display	1 row × 16 digits
Completion stamp	None
Program key	None

2.7 Interface spcifications (FAX-L280)
2.7.1 Bi-directional centronics interface
a) Specifications
This parallel interface performs data transmission 8 bits (1 byte) at a time, and conforms to TTL.

Interface Type

IEEE P1284-B/Bi-directional parallel

Data Transmission

8 bit parallel interface (IBM PC or compatible machine)

Simultaneous Signal

STROBE signal from the computer

Handshake

BUSY/ACKLG

Interface Connectors

Printer side	Amphenol 57-40360 or compatible
Cable side	Amphenol 57-30360 or compatible

Recommended Interface Cable

Type	Twisted-pair shield cable
Materials	AWG No. 28 or larger
Length	Up to 6.56 feet (2.0 m)

Signal Voltage Level

Low level	0.0V to +0.8V
High level	+2.4V to 5.0V

b) Interface Functions
This machine supports 3 bi-directional Centronics modes - compatible mode, nibble mode, and ECP mode. These are included in IEEE-P1284 D2.00, which was published on September 10, 1993. Where the host computer supports ECP mode, this machine will transfer data in ECP mode. When the host computer does not support ECP mode, this machine will transfer data in compatible mode and nibble mode. Some host computers must have ECP mode set.

Compatible Mode

This mode conforms to conventional Centronics interfaces. The host computer transfers 8 bit-data (in sequential direction) a peripheral machine in 8 data lines.

Nibble Mode

A peripheral machine transfers data to the host computer with this mode. The 8-bit data is divided into 2 4-bit units, and transfers the 4-bit data to the host computer 1 unit at a time by 4 control lines.

Bi-directional transfer can be accomplished by simultaneously using both of the methods mentioned above - compatible mode (sequential direction transfer), and nibble mode (reverse direction transfer).

ECP Mode

ECP stands for Extended Compatibility Port. High-speed data transfer can be accomplished with ECP mode. Data can be transferred faster than in nibble mode because data lines can be used in both directions without changing modes. Optionally, transfer of compressed data can also be done.

2.7.2 Serial interface (USB)

a) Specifications

Interface Type

USB Interface (Universal Serial Bus; USB Specification Release Number 1.10)

Data Transmission

Control transfer method
Bulk transfer method

Signal Voltage Level

Input:
Input defference sensitivity: +0.2V (Max.)
Common-mode defference: +0.8V to +2.5V
Output:
Static output high: +2.8V to 3.6V
Static outpu low: less than +0.3V

Input/Output

Data signal pulled up with 3.3V
VBUS signal pulled up with 5.5V

Interface Cable

Twisted-pair shielded cable
USB standard compatible required
Material   AWG No. 28, Data pair (AWG: American Wire Gauge)
            AWG No. 20 to No. 28, Power distribution pair

Interface Connector

Printer-side   USB standard, Series B receptacle
Cable-side   USB standard, Series B plug
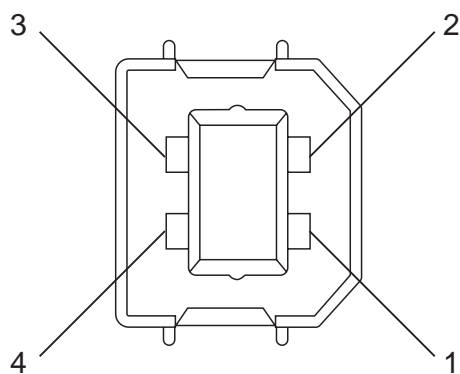
Figure 1-3 USB Connector (JUSB1)

JUSB1		PC	Signal name	Description
1	←	1	VBUS	Cable power supply (+5V DC)
2	—	2	D–	Data
3	—	3	D+	Data
4	—	4	GND	Cable GND

b) USB interface

USB is a serial interface which connects up to 127 peripheral devices to a host computer, and transmits data at a high-speed rate of 12Mbps. Hot plugging, in which connecting/ disconnecting devices while the host or the printer is in use, is supported. Each device is connected to a hub's port, where each port's detection/disconnection status is returned to the host.

Data transfer

The data transfer in USB is executed in terms of the transfer unit called a frame, a time frame of approximately 1ms, into which the data is divided. Data is transferred by piling up these frames.

All packets begin with a SYNC (synchronizing) field to synchronize with the local clock, and are separated with an EOP (End of Packet) field.

Frame lines begin with an SOF (Start of Frame) packet. An SOF is composed of a PID (Packet Identification Field) that represents the type of the packet and the direction, frame number, and a CRC (Cyclic Redundancy Check) used for error-check.

Inside a frame is a packet line containing a token packet, data packet and a handshake packet, which indicates the status of the flow control.

A token packet is composed of a PID, an address field which can specify up to 128 addresses, an ENDP (endpoint) field, and a CRC.

Inside a data packet are a PID, data field, CRC, and EOP.

Only a PID is present inside the handshake packet.
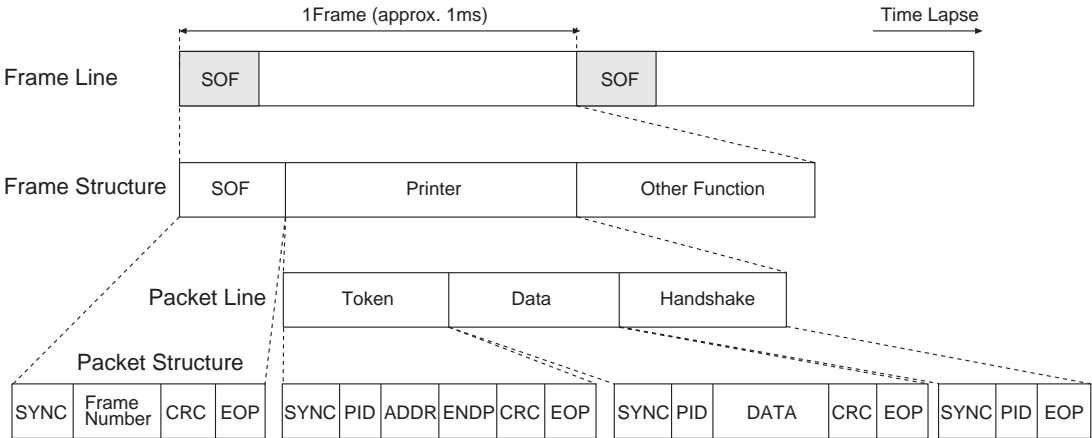
Figure 1-4 USB Data Transfer

Encoding/Decoding the Data

In USB, data transfer lines are ultimately encoded with NRZI (Non Return to Zero Invert) method. When the original data bit is 0, sent data bits are inverted; when the original data bit is 1, the value is retained.

However, if the level of the transferred data remain unchanged for a certain period of time, the receiving side may not be able to synchronize with the data sample position, which will result in data bits being out of phase. This is prevented by a method called bit stuffing; when data bit 1 is repeated 6 times, one 0 bit is added to the original data before encoded with NRZI.

Figure 1-5 NRZI

1-14
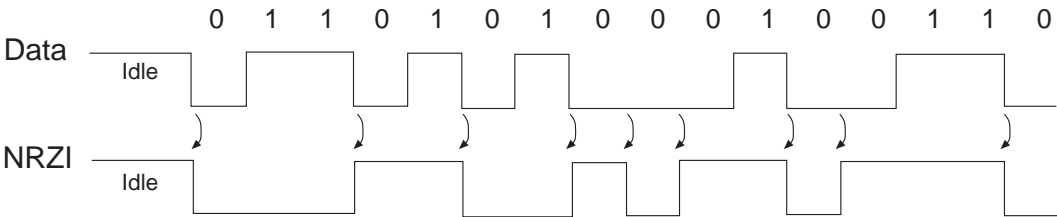
2.7.3 Supported Software

The following table shows the relationship between available drivers and the interfaces for this model.

	FAX-L280 Suite	
	Parallel I/F	**USB I/F**
Windows 95/98	fully supported	conditionally supported*
Windows NT 4.0	fully supported	not supported
Windows 2000	fully supported	fully supported
Windows Me	support is scheduled by way of upgrading	support is scheduled by way of upgrading

*: Support for USB is provided, and the operation is guaranteed, with Windows98 computers.

Windows Drivers

Win95.98 LBP Printer Driver (IEEE 1284 compatible 8-bit parallel & USB supported)
WinNT4.0 LBP Printer Driver (IEEE 1284 compatible 8-bit parrallel supported)
Win2000 LBP Printer Driver (IEEE 1284 compatible 8-bit parallel & USB supported)

3. OVERVIEW

3.1 External View

Front View

MULTI-PURPOSE TRAY COVER

SUPPORT TRAYS

FACE-DOWN DELIVERY SLOT

DOCUMENT GUIDES

ADF (AUTOMATIC DOCUMENT FEEDER)

OPERATION PANEL

PAPER DELIVERY SELECTOR

PAPER REST

PAPER GUIDES

MULTI-PURPOSE TRAY

LATCH

FRONT COVER

FACE-UP DELIVERY SLOT

DOCUMENT SUPPORT

Inside View

FX-3 TONER CARTRIDGE COMPARTMENT

PAPER RELEASE LEVER

TRANSFER CHARGING ROLLER **(DO NOT TOUCH)**

FIXING ASSEMBLY

FRONT COVER

Figure 1-6 External View (1)

Connecting the FAX-L280 to Your PC

To connect your FAX to a PC, you will need to purchase a printer cable that matches the interface connector on your PC:

• A Centronics®-compatible parallel cable (IEEE 1284-compliant) no longer than 2 metres
  -or-
• A USB cable no longer than 5 metres

You can purchase either of these cables from your local authorised Canon dealer.

Follow this procedure to connect the appropriate cable:
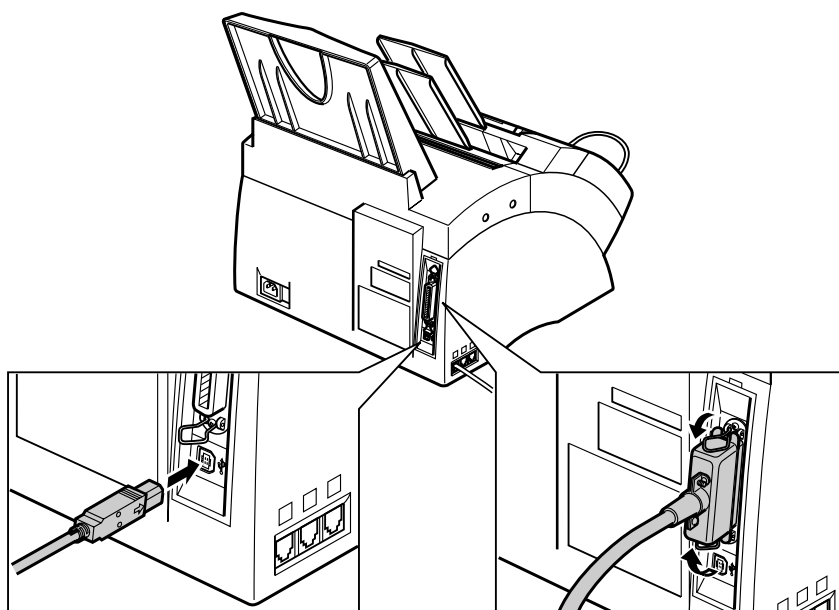
■ **Connecting a USB Cable**
Connect the USB cable to the FAX and PC during software installation to ensure proper operation of the printer driver (→ *Printer Driver Guide*).

■ **Connecting a Parallel Cable**
Connect the parallel cable to the FAX and PC before installing the software. Be sure to secure the cable connectors with the wire clips.

Note
• You only need to connect one of the above cables.
• If using a USB cable, make sure your PC is running Microsoft Windows® 98/Me or Windows® 2000, preinstalled by a computer manufacturer on purchase. (The USB port operation also needs to be assured by the manufacturer.)

Figure 1-7 External View (2)

3.2 Operation Panel

- **Receive Mode Button**
- **R Button**
- **Hook Button**

- **LCD**
- **Resolution Button**
- **Coded Dial Button**
- **Start/Copy Button**

- **Alarm Light**
- **Set Button**
- **Redial/Pause Button**
- **Stop Button**

- **Numeric Buttons**

- **One-Touch Speed Dialling Buttons**

- **One-Touch Speed Dial Panel**
  Open the one-touch speed dial panel to expose the special function buttons below.

Special Function Buttons

- **Data Registration Button**
- **Delayed Transmission Button**
- **Report Button**
- **Tone/+ Button**
- **◄ , ► Buttons**
- **Clear Button**

- **Polling Button**
- **Memory Reference Button**
- **▲, ▼ Buttons**
- **D.T. Button***
- **Space Button**

M UK only

* This feature is not available for the UK, Ireland, Australia, New Zealand, Hong Kong, Singapore, or Malaysia.

Figure 1-8 Operation Panel (1)

3.3 Consumables
 3.3.1 Toner Cartridge

Installing the Toner Cartridge

This section describes how to install the toner cartridge in the FAX for the very first time. If you are replacing a used toner cartridge.

Before installing the toner cartridge, be sure to read the following:

• Use only FX-3 toner cartridges in your FAX.

• Keep the toner cartridge away from computer screens, disk drives, and floppy disks. The magnet inside the toner cartridge may harm these items.

• Do not store the toner cartridge in direct sunlight.

• Avoid locations subject to high temperature, high humidity, or rapid changes in temperature. Store the toner cartridge between 0˚ and 35˚C.

• Do not expose the toner cartridge to direct sunlight or bright light for longer than five minutes.

• Store the toner cartridge in its protective bag. Do not open the bag until you are ready to install the toner cartridge in the unit.

• Save the toner cartridge's protective bag in case you need to repack and transport the toner cartridge at a later date.

• Do not store the toner cartridge in a salty atmosphere or where there are corrosive gases such as from aerosol sprays.

• Do not remove the toner cartridge from the FAX unnecessarily.

• Do not open the drum protective shutter on the toner cartridge. Print quality may deteriorate if the drum surface is exposed to light or is damaged.

• Hold the toner cartridge as shown so that your hand is not touching the drum protective shutter.

• Never touch the drum protective shutter. When holding the toner cartridge, avoid touching the drum protective shutter with your hands.

• Do not stand the toner cartridge on end, and do not turn it upside down. If toner becomes caked in the toner cartridge, it may prove impossible to free it even by shaking the toner cartridge.
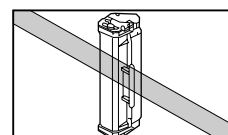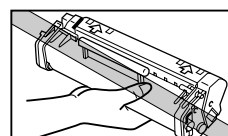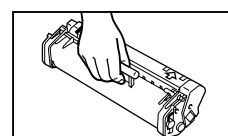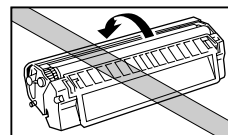
⚠ **CAUTION** **Do not place the toner cartridge in fire. Toner powder is flammable.**

Figure 1-9 Toner Cartridge

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Chapter 2

Technical Reference

1. COMPONENT LAYOUT

1.1 Parts Layout

The parts layout of this machine consists of the scanning assemly, printing assembly and printer.
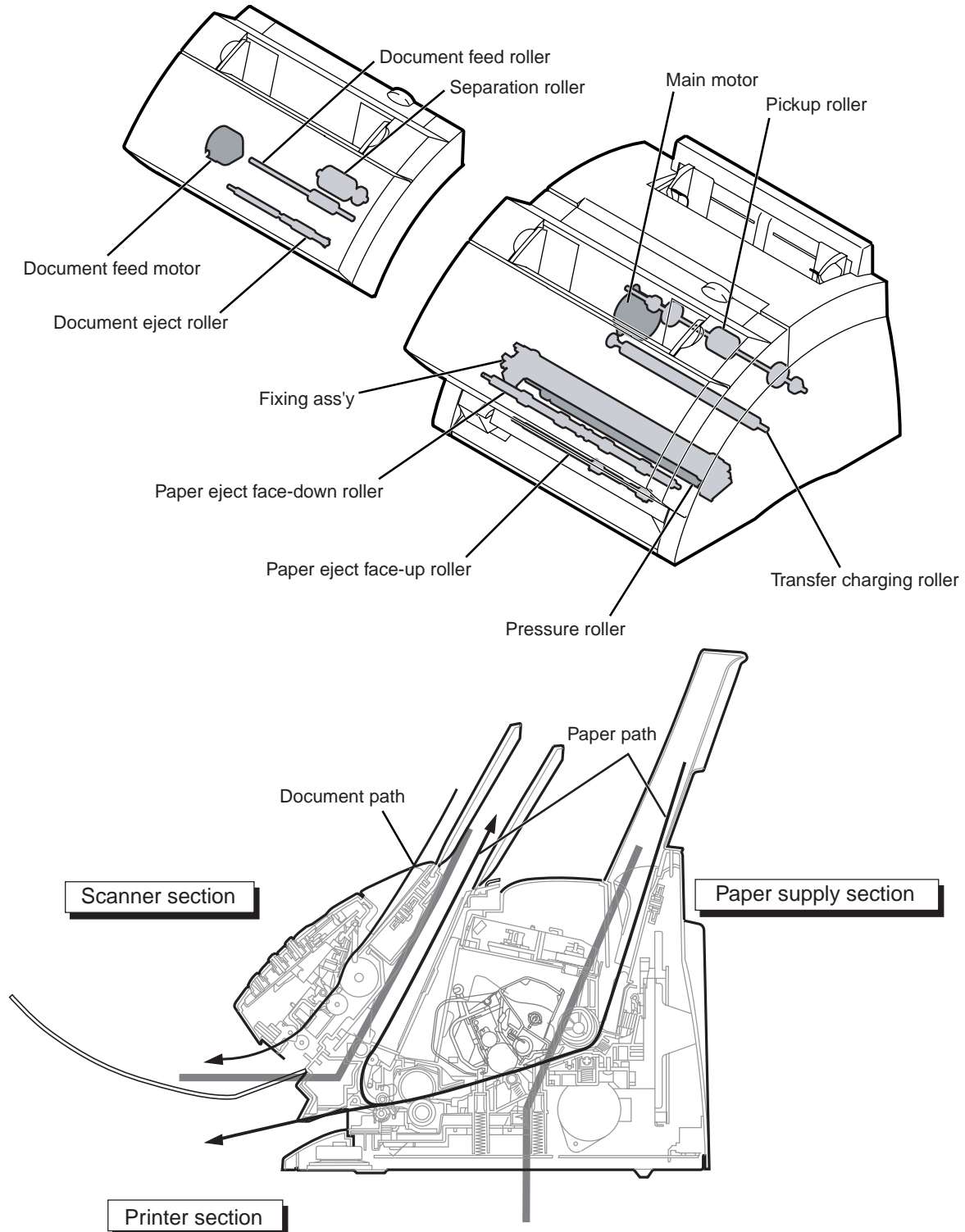
Figure 2-1 Mechanical Layout

The following six printed circuit boards are located in this machine:
• SCNT board that controls the entire system
• NCU board that interfaces with the telephone line
• MODULAR board that connects the telephone line and the NCU board
• PCNT board that generates high voltage for the printer
• OPCNT board that controls the operation panel's buttons and LCD.
• A power supply unit is also located in this machine.
• As many as 6 sensors are used to monitor the movement of originals and recording paper or to detect the presence/absence of toner.

Document edge sensor:
It detects the document
leading/trailing edges.

Document sensor:
Detects whether or not
a document is set.

Front cover sensor:
It detects whether the front
cover is open or closed.

Toner sensor:
It detects whether there is
toner in the toner cartridge.

Paper edge sensor:
It detects the recording
paperleading/trailing
edges.

Paper eject sensor:
It detects recording
paper eject conditions.

PCNT board

Power supply unit

NCU board

SCNT board

MODULAR board

Figure 2-2 Electrical System Layout

NOTE

The machine shown in the illustration is FAX-L280. FAX-L200 is not equipped
with a connector for a printer interface.

2. SCANNER MECHANISM

The scanner section scans documents that are to be sent or copied.
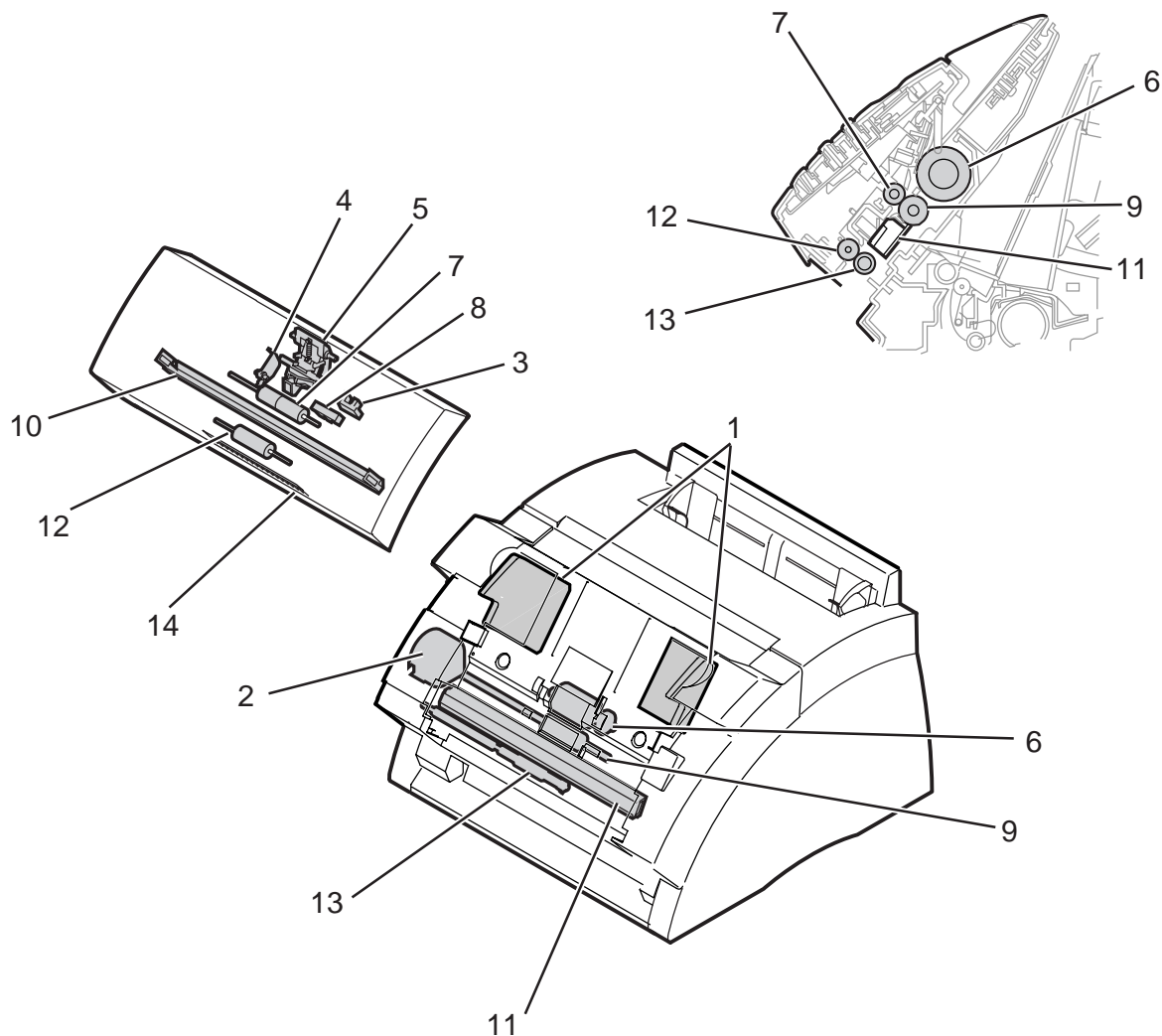
Figure 2-3 Scanner Section

Names and functions of parts:

1. Paper Guide

It is used to hold down the original in horizontal direction to prevent it from moving askew.

2. Document Feed Motor

This motor drives all the rollers in the scanner section.

3. Document Sensor (DS)

This sensor uses an actuator to detect the presence of documents to be scanned, and sends that information to the SCNT board by way of the gate array in the operation panel unit.

4. Document Stopper

This stopper is located to the side of the separation rollers, and prevents documents from entering too far inside the scanning section. This stopper is located here to improve document loading and prevent double feeding or non-feeding due to defective loading of documents.

5. Separation Guide

Separates the documents to prevent double-feeding.

6. Separation Roller

This roller uses differences in the coefficients of friction of the separation guide, document and separation roller to separate each of the sheets in a multiple-page document.

7. Upper Document Feed Roller   → See Page 2-6

When the separation roller starts to rotate, the upper document feed roller raises the document stopper so that documents can be fed.

8. Document Edge Sensor (DES)

Using an actuator, the DES detects the edge of a document just before it reaches the contact sensor, and sends this information to the SCNT board.

9. Document Feed Roller

This roller feeds documents to the contact sensor after they are separated by the separation roller.

10. White Sheet

This white sheet is used as a whiteness reference when pre-scanning documents.

11. Contact Sensor

Scans the image information from the document, converts it to serial data, and transmits it to the SCNT board as an electrical signal. The contact sensor has a scanning resolution of 200 dpi.

12. Upper Document Eject Roller

Holds the document between the document eject rollers, and then ejects it.

13. Document Eject Roller

This roller ejects documents fed from the document feed roller.

14. Static Eliminator Brush

Removes static electricity which may have built up on the document in the scanning process, and guards against roller jams.

NOTE

Initializing the upper document feed roller

When the separation roller starts to rotate, the position of the upper document feed roller is simultaneously initialized to raise the document stopper. Initialization is carried out when the power is turned ON, when documents are inserted and when documents are ejected.

Document Jam Detection

There are two types of document jams which may occur:

a) Feed jam

If the document edge sensor (DES) does not detect the leading edge of the original within 15 sec after the original is started, the condition will be identified as a pickup jam error and the movement of the original will be stopped.

b) Eject jam/document too long

If the trailing edge of the original cannot be detected within a period of time equivalent to 1 m after the document edge sensor has detected the leading edge of an original, the condition will be identified as an original delivery jam/original excess length error, and the movement of the original will be stopped.

When one of these types of jams occurs, all data which have been read and stored in memory (except pages that have already been completely transmitted or copied) are erased.

3. PAPER SUPPLY SECTION

The paper supply section is designed to separate the recording sheets stacked on the multi-purpose tray one by one for forwarding to the printer unit.
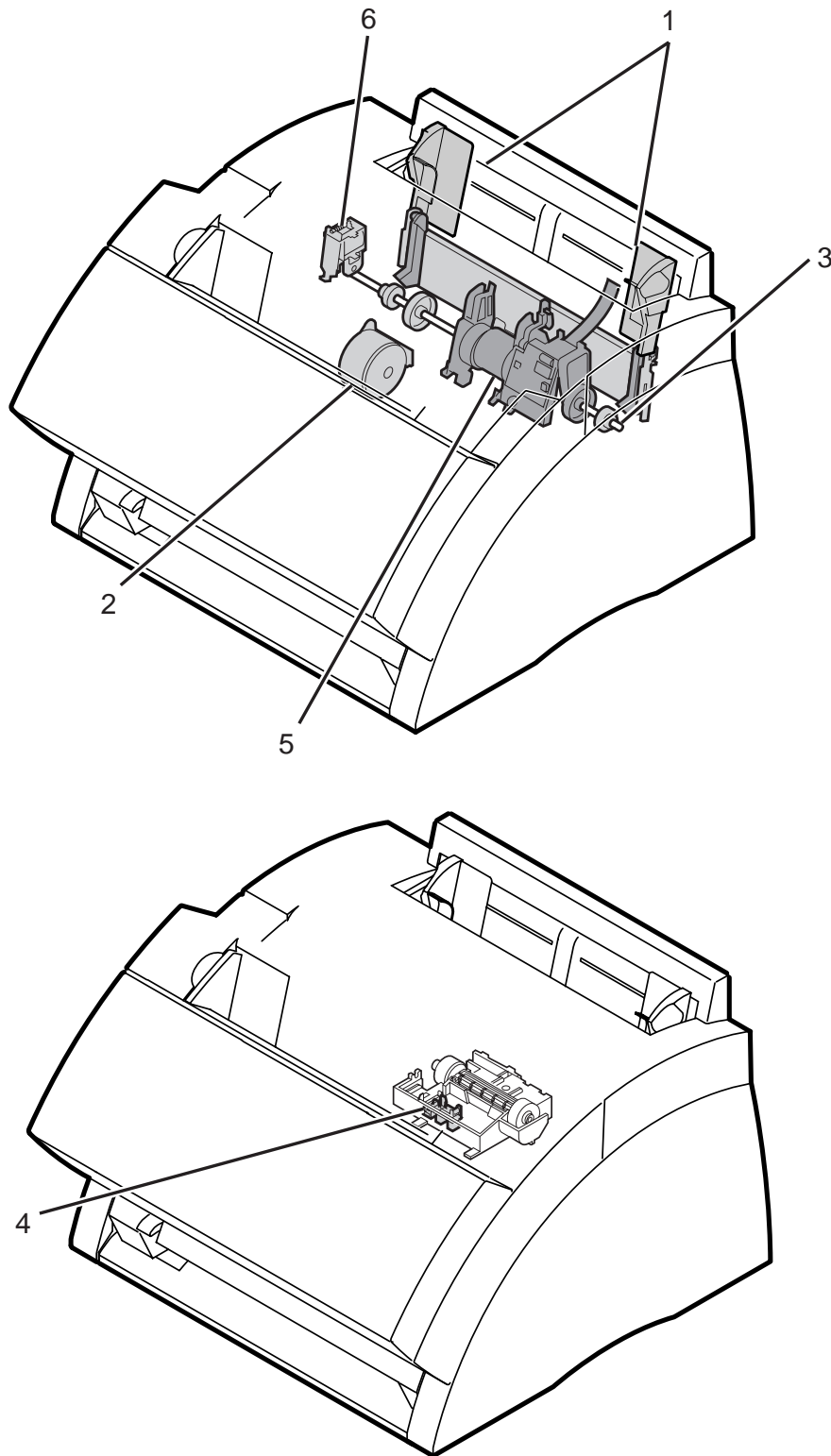
Figure 2-4 Paper Supply Section

Names and functions of parts:

1. Paper Guide

This guide can be adjusted to the width of the loadable recording paper sizes. It prevents the recording paper from skewing during recording by accurately aligning the paper width.

2. Main Motor

This motor drives all the rollers in the paper supply section.

3. Lifting Plate

The lifting plate is held down by the pickup roller; when it is moved up by the work of the spring, the recoding paper stacked on it will come into contact with the pickup roller for separation.

4. Pickup Roller

The pickup roller has a semi circular roller. This roller is rotated once, and operating together with the lifting plate, feeds the paper one sheet at a time.

5. Paper Edge Sensor (PES)

This sensor uses an actuator to detect the leading edge of recording paper and sends detection information to the PCNT board.

6. Pickup Solenoid

This solenoid controls rotation of the pickup roller. When the main motor is activated to begin paper feeding, the pickup solenoid releases the pickup roller. When the pickup roller picks up a sheet of recording paper and rotates one full turn, the solenoid locks the pickup roller again.

NOTE
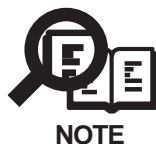
Paper Feed Jam Detection Retry Function

Because the recording paper on this machine is loaded upright, the paper is sometimes difficult to feed when there is little recording paper left or the recording paper curls. For this reason even if the paper edge sensor does not detect the leading edge of the recording paper within 3.5 seconds after the pickup solenoid releases the pickup roller the machine tries to repeat the same operation before judging that a jam has occurred. If the paper edge sensor still cannot detect the leading edge of the recording paper, a paper feed delay jam is detected.

NOTE

Paper feed jam detection

There are one types of paper jam which may occur:

a) Paper feed stationary jam

The paper feed stationary jam occurs if the trailing edge of the recording paper is not detected within 11.7 seconds after the paper edge sensor detects the leading edge of the recording paper.

When either of these jams is detected, the message "**CLEAR PAPER JAM**" is displayed. If this machine is receiving, the data is received via memory reception. If the machine is copying from memory, the image data in memory will be cleared.

To clear a paper feed jam, open the front cover and remove the jammed recording paper from inside. When the front cover is closed, the recording paper is automatically output.

When jammed recording paper is removed from inside without opening the front cover, open and close the front cover once to reset the printer.

Paper size error

The machine does not have a paper size sensor. It recognizes the paper sizes (Letter, A4, and Legal etc.) according to the user data setting.

A paper size error occurs if the specified paper size is different from the size of the paper placed in the sheet feeder when one page is actually printed. In this case, a message "**CHECK PAPER SIZE**" appears on the display, the ALARM lamp blinks, and the following operation is carried out.

If the specified paper length is greater than the actual paper length:

The error lamp will go on, and all received data (i.e., all pages) will be received in memory mode.

To reset a recording paper size error, match the settings of the user data to the size of the actual recording paper so that the pages that have been received in memory mode will automatically be generated.

If the specified paper length is less than the actual paper length:

In direct copy mode, no error message will be identified even if the size setting differs from the size of the actual recording paper.

In memory copy mode, an error condition will be indicated if the size setting and the size of the actual recording paper are different and indicated by the message "**CHECK PAPER SIZE**."

4. PRINTER SECTION

The LASER beam printer engine comprises the following sections.

LASER / scanner section

Toner cartridge

Paper feed / eject section   Fixing section   Toner transfer section
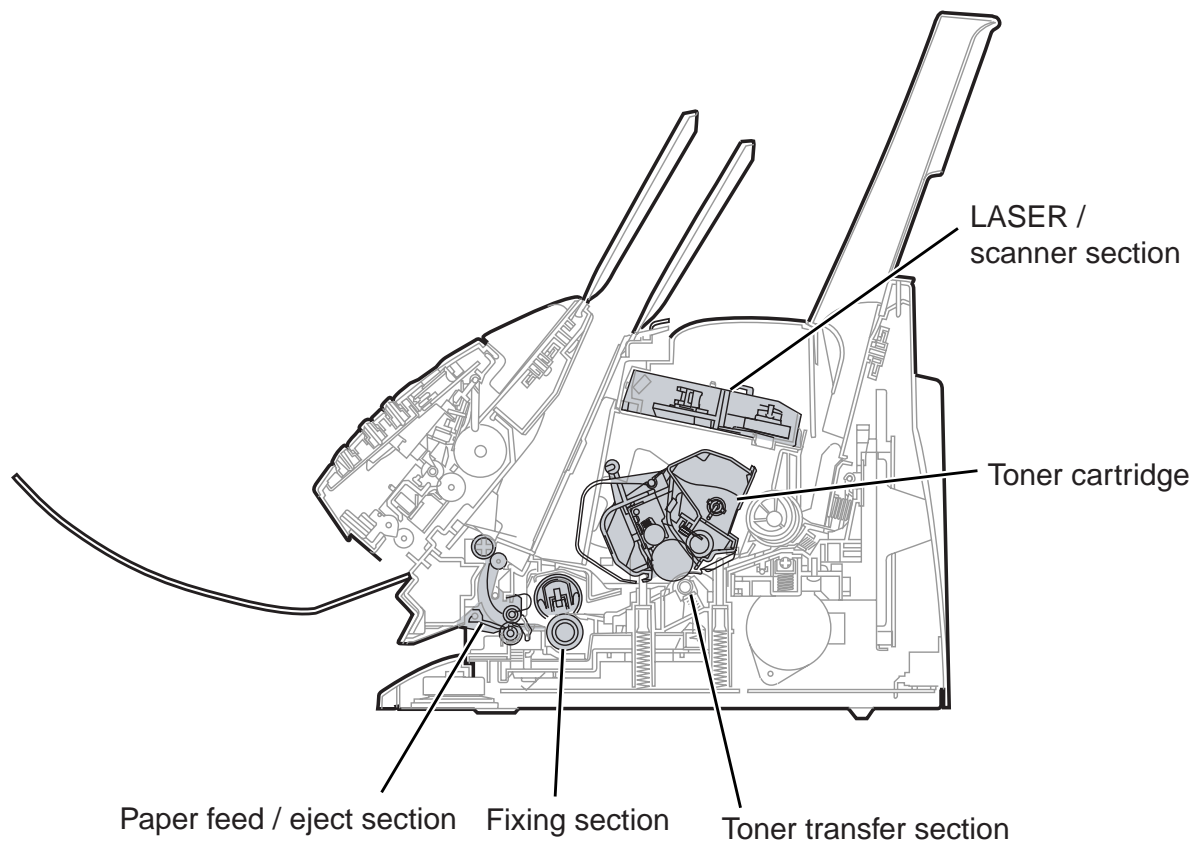
Figure 2-5 Printer Section

4.1 LASER/Scanner Section → See Page 2-12

This section comprises a LASER unit, cylindrical lens, 4-faced polygon mirror, scanner motor, imaging lens, reflection mirror and BD unit. The LASER is driven in accordance with the LASER drive signals that are sent from the SCNT board. This LASER light passes through the cylindrical lens to fall on the 4-faced polygon mirror that is rotating at a fixed speed. The LASER light is reflected from the 4-faced polygon mirror and passes through the imaging lens, and reflects from the reflection mirror to scan the photosensitive drum in the toner cartridge.

4.2 Toner Cartridge → See Page 2-12

This cartridge comprises the primary charging roller, developing cylinder, photosensitive drum, cleaner blade, and toner.

The LASER beam from the LASER/scanner section forms a latent static image on the photosensitive drum that is charged by the primary charging roller. The photosensitive drum rotates inside the toner cartridge, and rotation of the developing cylinder causes toner to adhere to the photosensitive drum to form a visible image which is then transferred to the recording paper at the toner transfer section. Residual toner is then removed from the surface of the photosensitive drum by the cleaning blade.

4.3 Toner Transfer Section

This section comprises the transfer charging roller and the static eliminator. The recording paper passes between the photosensitive drum and the transfer charging roller, and the transfer charging roller is charged with a charge opposite to that of the toner to transfer the toner on the photosensitive drum to the recording paper. The charge on the rear side of the recording paper is then removed by the static eliminator.

4.4 Fixing Section → See Page 2-13

This section comprises the fixing ass'y and pressure roller. The fixing section on this machine is an on-demand system that uses fixing film with low thermal capacity.

The toner that was transferred to the recording paper at the toner transfer section is fused to the paper and fixed as a permanent image.

The fixing ass'y has a built-in fixing heater and thermistor. The fixing temperature is controlled by the printer controller on the PCNT board.

4.5 Paper Feed/Eject Section → See Page 2-13

After toner is fixed in the fixing section, the recording paper is fed to either the face-up delivery slot or the face-down delivery slot that is switched by the flapper. The user selects the setting of the flapper by the paper delivery selector at the bottom left of the front panel.

All rollers from paper feed through paper ejection are driven by the main motor.

BD Malfunction

BD is out of the BD cycle for 2.0 seconds or more during laser drive while the scanner motor is rotating at fixed speed, the printer controller judges this to be a BD malfunction.

NOTE

Scanner Motor Malfunction

If the predetermined speed of rotation is not reached within 63.4 seconds of start of scanner motor rotation, the printer controller detects a scanner motor malfunction and stops the scanner motor.

The LASER/scanner unit contains parts that require adjustment that must be adjusted. Never disassemble the LASER/scanner unit.

No-toner detection

The no-toner state is detected by the toner sensor (magnetic sensor) located on the pickup roller shaft. If a toner cartridge is installed, the toner sensor touches the side of the cartridge. The part of the cartridge which the toner sensor touches is made thinner to increase the sensor output. When the toner sensor detects no toner, the sensor output goes low.

NOTE

Drum cover shutter

If the photosensitive drum is subjected to strong light, optical memory can cause dropout areas or black bands to occur. To prevent the photosensitive drum from strong light, a drum cover shutter is attached. Do not open this cover unless absolutely necessary.

NOTE

Fixing Heater Malfunction

The printer controller on the PCNT board detects a fixing heater malfunction in the following instances.

a) The thermistor does not detect 150°C or higher 30 sec after temperature control starts.

b) The thermistor detects 195°C or higher for 150 msec while temperature control is under way.

c) The thermistor does not detect 20°C or higher after temperature control starts.

d) The thermistor detects 20°C or lower for 138 msec while the fixing heater is placed under control.

e) The thermistor detects 100°C or lower for 3 sec while temperature control is under way.

Paper eject jam detection

There are two types of paper eject jam which may occur.

a) Paper eject stationary jam

A paper eject stationary jam occurs when the paper eject sensor detects the paper between 3.3 and 4.7 seconds after the paper edge sensor detects the trailing edge of the paper.

b) Paper eject delay jam

A paper eject delay jam occurs if the paper eject sensor detects "no paper" between about 5 seconds after the paper edge sensor detects the leading edge of the paper and about 2.5 seconds after paper edge sensor detects the trailing edge of the paper. Fixing unit windup jam are also detected by this method.

When either of these jams are detected, "**CLEAR PAPER JAM**" is displayed. If the jam occurs during reception, the data is received in memory. If it occurs in memory copy mode, the image data in memory is cleared.

To clear a paper eject jam, open the front cover, and remove the jammed paper. Output resumes automatically when you close the front cover.

If you remove the jammed paper without opening the front cover, open and close the front cover once to reset the printer.

When a fixing unit windup jam occurs, remove the delivery cover to access the jammed paper, then remove the jam.

Paper delivery slot switching

The outlets of recording paper are switched over by means of a flapper, which is operated by the delivery selector found at the left bottom of the face-up delivery slot.

When the delivery selector is pulled to the front, the flapper faces the direction indicated in Figure A, causing the recording paper on the move to make a U-turn toward the face-down delivery slot.

When the delivery selector is pushed in the opposite direction, the flapper will then face the direction indicated in Figure B, and the recording paper on the move will move under the flapper to reach the face-up delivery slot.

Paper face-down eject roller
Flapper
Face-down delivery slot
Fixing ass'y
Paper delivery selector
Pressure roller
Paper face-up eject roller
Face-up delivery slot
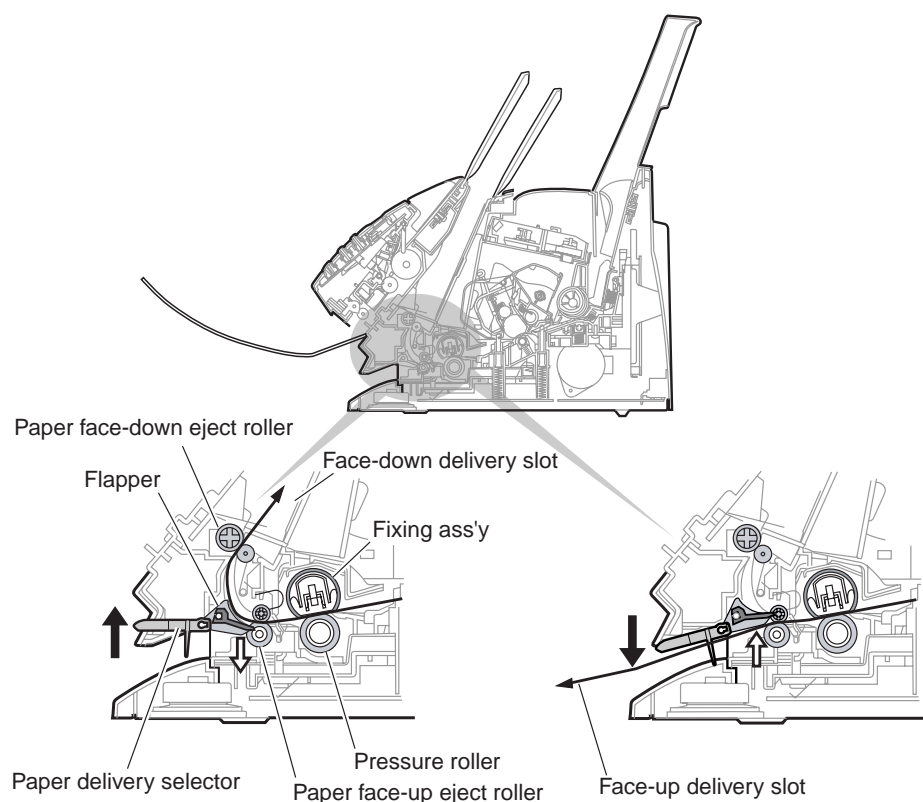
Figure 2-6 Paper Delivery Slot Switching

5. WIRING DIAGRAM

5.1 Wiring Diagram

Figure 2-7 Wiring Diagram

2-15

6. ELECTRIC CIRCUIT

6.1 Component Block Diagram
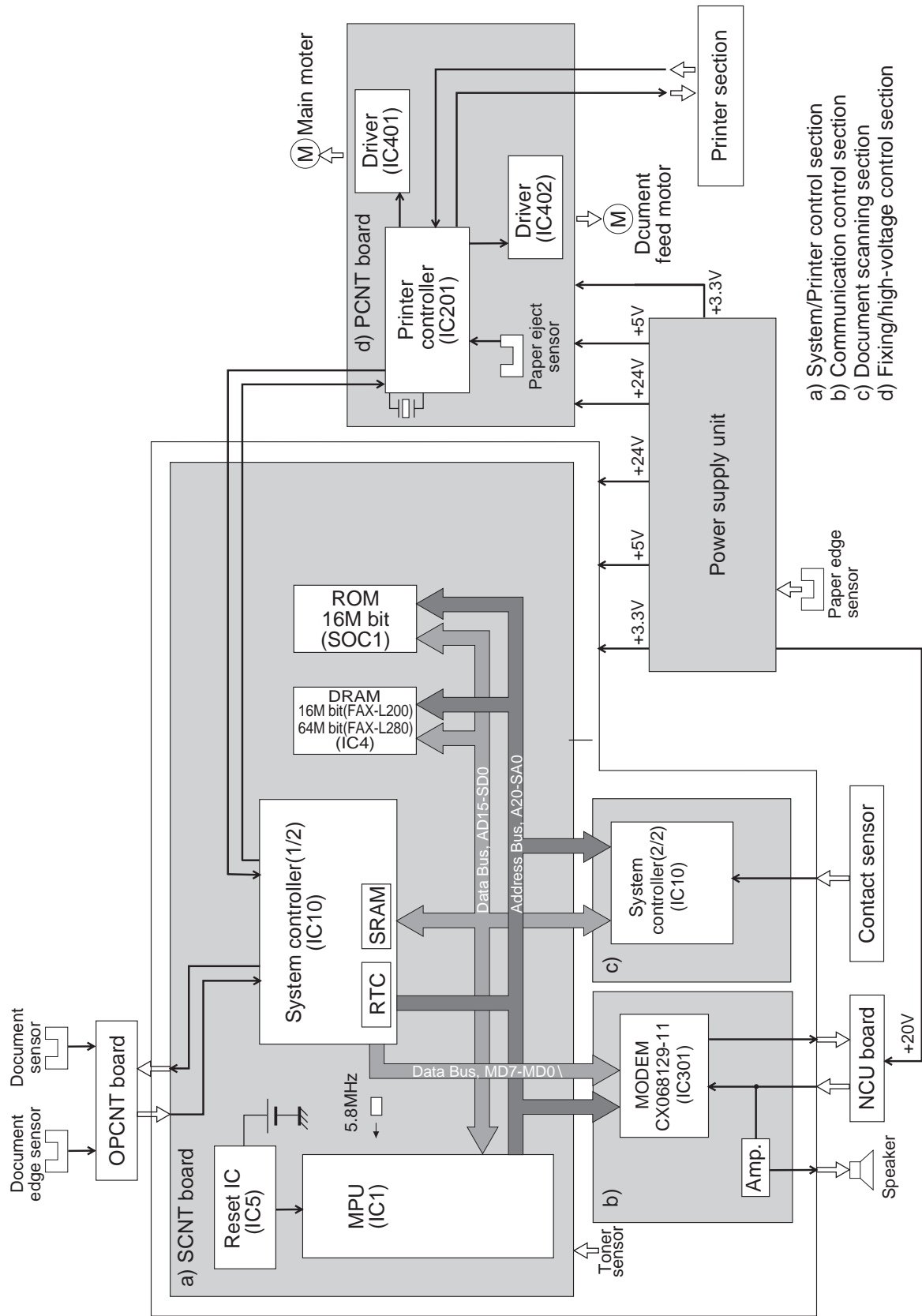
Figure 2-8 Block Diagram

2-16

6.2 Circuit Board Components

a) System control section

The system controller is made up of the following components, and controls the entire fax system.

a-1) MPU (Micro Processor Unit) (IC1)

The main functions of the NEC μPD703100AGJ-33-UEN MPU are as follows:

- 32 bit CPU
- 20 bit address bus
- 15 bit data bus
- DMA control
- A/D converter
- Software CODEC
- Interrupt control unit

a-2) System controller (IC10)

The system controller is a gate array for controlling MPU peripheral devices. The main functions of the system controller are as follows:

- Printer resolution conversion (Smoothing)
- LBP video interface
  The LBP video interface transfers print signals to or from the printer controller and sends them to the MPU. The interface transmits an image signal (nVDO) and a vertical sync signal (nTOP) to the printer section, receives a horizontal sync signal (nBD) and printer section status from the printer section and transfers them to the MPU.
- OPCNT serial interface
- DRAM/SRAM controller
  Controls DRAM/SRAM read/write and refreshing.
- Document feed motor control
- Reduction in vertical scanning
- Recording decoder
- RTC (Real Time Clock) control
  The RTC IC is backed up by lithium battery, and counts the date and time.
- SRAM
  SRAM is backed up by lithium battery. SRAM holds data registered for system control and communications management information.

a-3) Main ROM (SOC1)

This 16 Mbit ROM contains the control programs (e.g. operation panel, scanner and communications section etc.) for this fax.

a-4) DRAM (IC4)

This 16 Mbit is used as memory for storing image data, and as an MPU work area. (FAX-L200)

This 64 Mbit is used as memory for storing image data, and as an MPU work area. (FAX-L280)

2-17

b) Communication control section

Modem IC (IC301) / FAX-L200

A Conexant CX06829-11 is used as the MODEM IC. The MODEM IC carries out G3 modulation conforming to ITU-T standards V.27ter, V.29, V.17 and V.21 on transmitted data received from the MPU during transmission. During reception, the MODEM IC carries out G3 modulation on received signals from the telephone line, according to the same standards.

Modem IC (IC401) / FAX-L280

A Conexant FM336 is used as the MODEM IC. The MODEM IC carries out G3 modulation conforming to ITU-T standards V.34, V.27ter, V.29, V.17, V.8 and V.21 on transmitted data received from the MPU during transmission. During reception, the MODEM IC carries out G3 modulation on received on received signals from the telephone line, according to the same standard.

c) Document scanning section

c-1) System controller (IC10)

The system controller IC include image processing function (UHQ) are as follows:

- Serial-to-parallel conversion
- A/D conversion
  Input signals from the contact sensor are A/D converted.
- ABC (Auto Background Control)
  Sets the slice level for each scan line.
- Edge enhancement processing
- Binaryzation processing
- Halftone processing

d) Printer control section (PCNT board)

The printer control section is made up of the printer controller IC (IC 201). The printer controller IC is a microcomputer that incorporates a Fujitsu MB89063 16kbyte ROM and a 256byte RAM. The ROM contains printer control software to control LBP operations.

The printer control section receives commands from the system controller IC and controls paper pickup and loading, the fixing heater, the high voltage required for primary charging, development, and transfer, and the LASER/scanner unit.

The printer control section transfers the signal received from the printer section to the system controller IC as printer status.

The printer controller IC has the following other functions:

- Main motor control
- ixing heater control
- Fixing heater temperature detection
- BD signal detection
- LASER drive control
- Pickup solenoid control
- APC control
- Scanner motor, fixing ass'y, or BD failure detection
- Control of high-voltage power supply

2-18

6.3 Flow of Image Signals
a) G3 transmission

(1) With the LED as a light source, the image is scanned by the contact sensor, and analogue image data sent to the SCNT board.

(2) The System controller IC (Internal UHQ unit) converts analogue image data from the contact sensor to digital image data.

(3) The system controller IC converts processed image data from serial data to parallel data, and writes them to the DRAM.

(4) The MPU encodes raw data in the DRAM using a soft codec, and rewrites the encoded data into the DRAM.

(5) The MODEM IC modulates the coded image data.

(6) The modulated data are then sent from the MODEM IC to the NCU board.

a	System controller IC
b	DRAM
c	MPU
d	MODEM IC
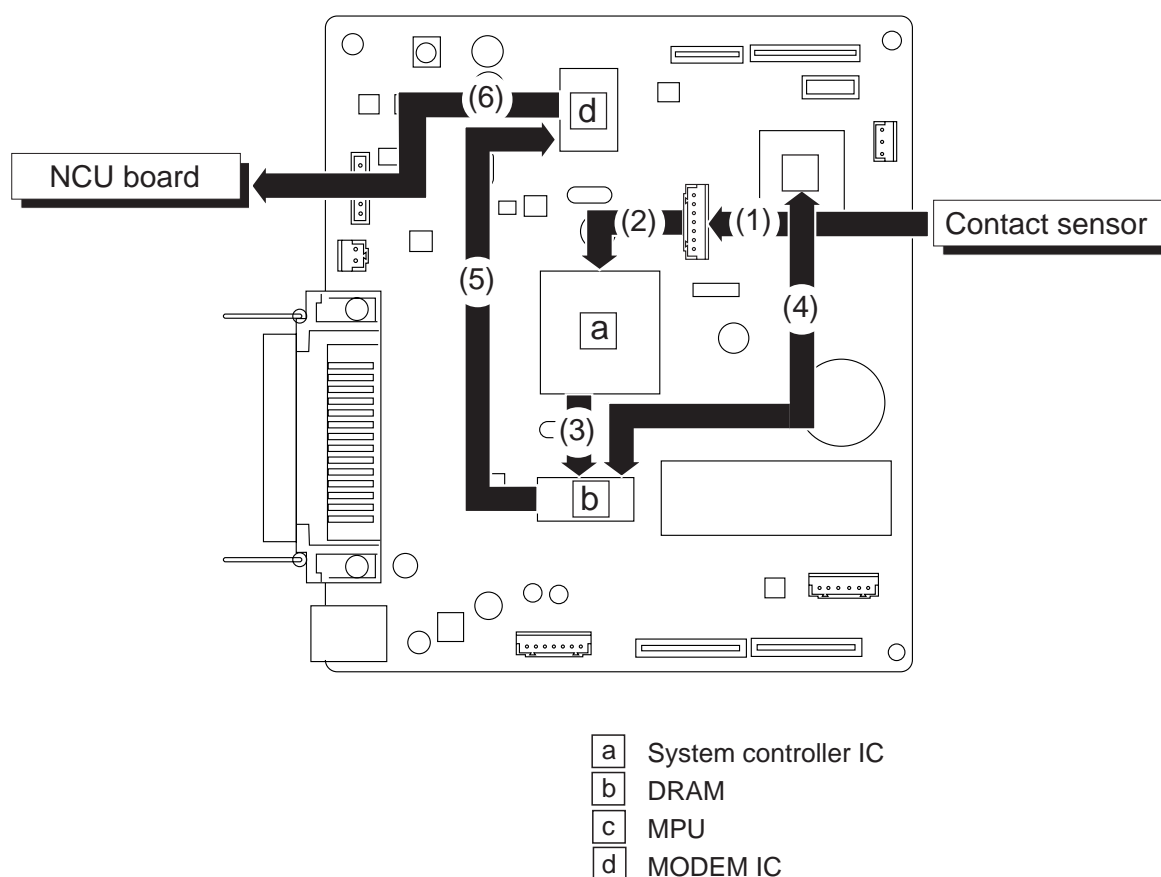
Figure 2-9 G3 Transmission Image Signal Flow

NOTE

The machine shown in the illustration is FAX-L280. FAX-L200 is not equipped with a connector for a printer interface.

b) G3 Reception

(1) Image signals received by L1, L2, pass through the hybrid circuit in the NCU, and are amplified. The modem demodulates these image, and writes them to the DRAM.

(2) The MPU decodes the demodulated image data, checks errors, stores it in the DRAM, encodes the data and rewrites it into the DRAM.

(3) After one page is received, the encoded data in DRAM is decoded by the system controller IC.

(4) The system controller IC then converts the resolution of the fax data to the appropriate resolution for the printer data, and send it to the printer controller IC on the PCNT board.

(5) The printer controller IC prints data by controlling the main motor, LASER, and high voltage according to the received print data.

a MODEM IC
b DRAM
c MPU
d System controller IC
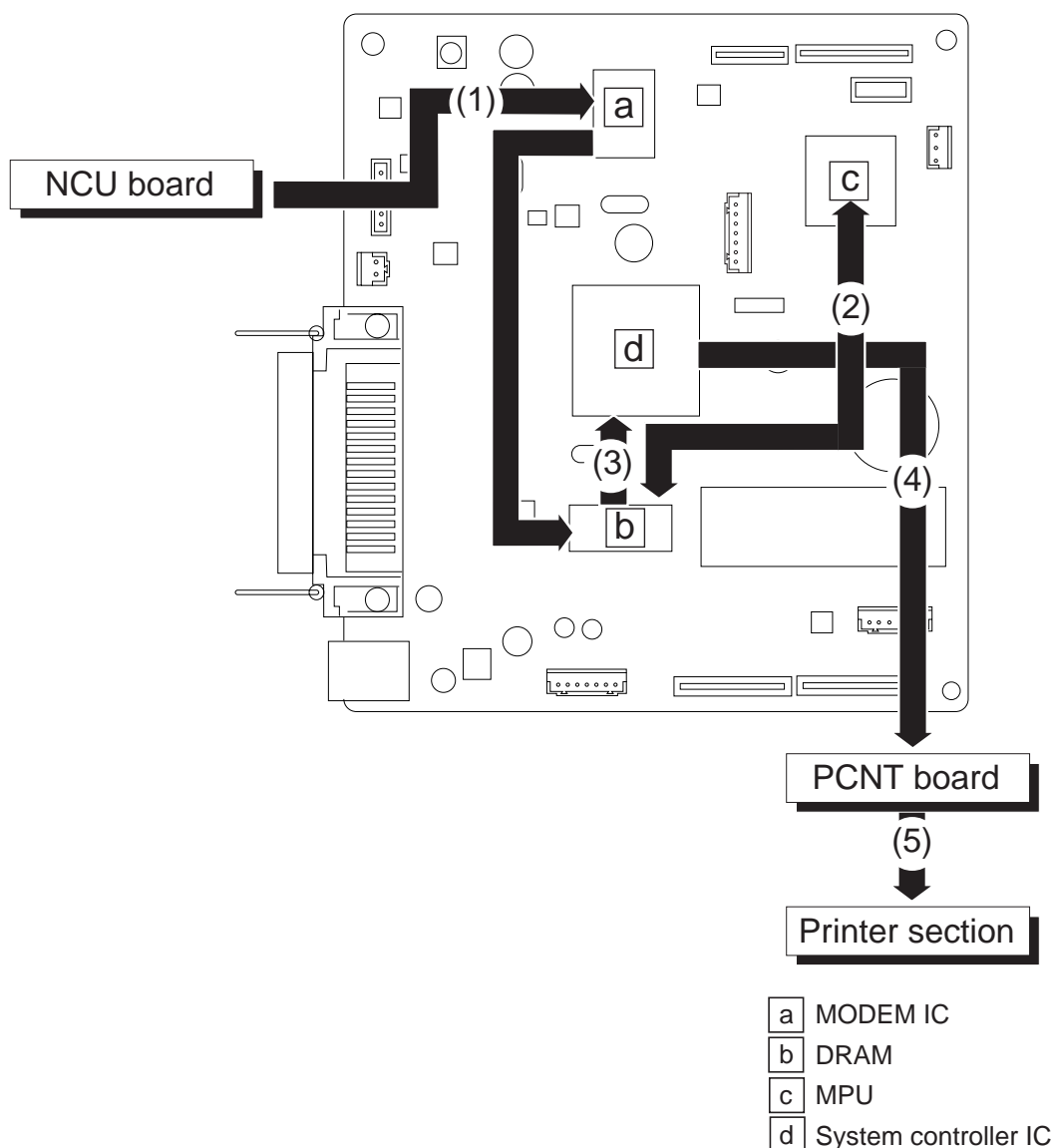
Figure 2-10 G3 Reception Image Signal Flow

The machine shown in the illustration is FAX-L280. FAX-L200 is not equipped with a connector for a printer interface.

NOTE

7. COMMUNICATION SYSTEM OPERATIONS

7.1 FAX/TEL Switching

This fax is set to automatically switch between fax and telephone, on the same telephone line. If the other party is a fax, the fax is received automatically, and if the other party is a telephone, the alarm in the main unit is rung to alert the user. This fax sends a pseudo-RBT to the sender during FAX/TEL switching. It sounds a pseudo-bell when the other party is a telephone.

7.1.1 Settings

(1) Press the *RECEIVE MODE* button to select **Fax/Tel mode**.
(2) Set the user data "**FAX/TEL AUTO SW**" in "**RX SETTINGS**"

7.1.2 Parameters

Item	Default setting	Setting switch	Selection range
RING START TIME (Pseudo Ring start time)	8 sec	User data	0 to 30 sec
F/T RING TIME (Pseudo Ring time)	15 sec	User data	10 to 60 sec
F/T SWITCH ACTION (Operation after FAX/TEL switching)	RECEIVE	User data	RECEIVE/ DISCONNECT
Pseudo RBT frequency	400 Hz	None	None(fixed)
Pseudo RBT transmission from CML on time until start (CNG detection time)	2 sec	Service data #3 16	0 to 9 sec
Pseudo RBT pattern on time	1000 ms	Service data #3 17	0 to 9990 ms
Pseudo RBT pattern off time (short)	0 ms	Service data #3 18	0 to 9990 ms
Pseudo RBT pattern off time (long)	4000 ms	Service data #3 19	0 to 9990 ms
Pseudo ring frequency	25 Hz	Service data #2 10	17 Hz/25 Hz/50 Hz
Pseudo ring pattern on time	1000 ms	Service data #3 20	0 to 9990 ms
Pseudo ring pattern off time (short)	0 ms	Service data #3 21	0 to 9990 ms
Pseudo ring pattern off time (long)	4000 ms	Service data #3 22	0 to 9990 ms
CNG detection level	-41 dBm	Service data #3 23	-50 to -25 dBm

For "**Default setting**" and "**Selection range**" the setting values shown here are used in the EUROPE countries.

NOTE

In Australia, the message "**You are connected. Please hold.**" is transmitted before the pseudo RBT.

7.2 Answering Machine Connection

This connection is for effective use of an answering machine connected to the extension telephone jack. If the other party is a telephone, the answering telephone records the message, and if the other party is a fax, the fax receives automatically.

7.2.1 Settings

(1) Connect the answering machine to the extension telephone jack, and set the answering machine to "**Answer**".

(2) Press the fax's *RECEIVE MODE* button and select the **ANS.MACHINE MODE**.

7.2.2 Parameters

Item	Default setting	Setting switch	Selection range
No-sound detection level	-38 dBm	Service data #3 26	-41 to -25dBm
Signal detection time	60 sec	Service data #3 25	0 to 999 sec

For "**Default setting**" and "**Selection range**," the setting values show here are used in the EUROPE countries.

8. NEW FUNCTION

2-23

There is no new function in this model.

2-24

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Chapter 3

Assembly and Disassembly

1. ATTENTION TO BE PAID DURING ASSEMBLY/ DISASSEMBLY

1.1 Safety Cautions

Electrical shock

In order to prevent any risk of electrical shock, always be sure to check that the power cord and modular jack have been removed. Also, remove all cables connecting to the computer. When conducting service that requires the main unit to be powered on, be sure to wear some kind of earthing, such as a wrist strap, etc. Otherwise, there is a danger of conduction and electrical shock.

Parts which are generally likely to cause electrical shock are as follows.

• Power supply unit primary (supplied with AC voltage)
• Telephone line primary
• LBP engine high voltage contacts (for high voltage during developing and transfer)

High temperature

In order to prevent burns during disassembly, allow at least ten minutes, after the power has been switched off, for the high temperature components to cool down.

General high temperature components are as follows.

• Motors
• Power supply unit
• Elements on driver ICs, etc., on PCBs (in particular, ICs with heatsinks)
• BJ cartridge aluminium plate (for BJ cartridge engine models)
• Fixing unit and peripheral covers (for LBP engines)

Fire

It is dangerous to throw lithium batteries and parts and components containing flammable substances, such as cartridges, etc., into fire. Such parts and components must be disposed of in accordance with local laws and regulations.

Ignition

When using solvents such as alcohol, etc., while conducting service, there is a danger of fire igniting from heat from internal circuitry and from sparks. Before using any such solvents, be sure to switch off the power and allow time for high temperature parts to cool down. Make sure that there is sufficient ventilation when working with solvents.

Movable parts

In order to prevent accidents with movable parts, be sure to remove the power cable when conducting service that requires disassembly. Also, take care that personal accessories and hair, etc., are not caught in any moving parts.

1.2 General Cautions
Damage due to electrostatic discharge

This machine contains contact sensors and printed circuit boards that use ROMs, RAMs, custom chips and other electronic components that are vulnerable to damage by electrostatic discharge.

Be careful to avoid any damage from electrostatic discharge when conducting service that requires disassembly.

> **Static electricity warning**
> Electrostatic discharge can destroy electronic components and alter electrical characteristics. Plastic tools and even your hands, if they are not earthed, contain sufficient static electricity to damage electronic components.

The following materials may be used as countermeasures against electrostatic discharge:
• an earthed, conductive mat,
• an earthed wrist-strap,
• crocodile clips for the purpose of grounding metallic parts of the main unit.

For service conducted on the user's premises, etc., where such countermeasure materials are not available, the following countermeasures may be employed.
• Use anti-static bags for the storage and carrying of PCBs and electrical elements.
• Avoid silk and polyester clothing and leather soled shoes, favouring instead cotton clothes and rubber soled shoes.
• Avoid working in a carpeted area.
• Before beginning the work, touch the grounded earth terminals of the main unit in order to discharge any static electricity.
• Use a wrist-strap and earth the metal parts of the main unit.
• PCBs and electrical elements must lifted around the edges and their terminals must not be touched.

> **Caution against electrical shock while working with power on**
> In cases where service must be carried out with power on, via a connected power cable, be sure to wear an anti-static wrist-strap or other earth, in order to prevent an electrical path being created through your body.

Application of grease

Grease must not be applied to any parts that are not so designated. If grease comes into contact with the rubber cap of the purge unit or wire, the BJ cartridge nozzle may become blocked and the cartridge rendered unusable. Also, never use any other than the specified type of grease. Otherwise, plastic parts and rubber parts may melt or be otherwise deformed.

Attaching and removing cables

Attaching and removing cables with the power still on may cause breakdowns and should be avoided. In particular, flat cables are likely to cause short circuits. When attaching or removing cables, always be sure to turn the power off.

1.3 Product-Inherent Cautions
Laser Light

Do not perform any tasks outside the scope of work indicated in the manual. (If exposed to laser light, the retina of the eye can permanently be damaged.) Further, the laser scanner unit must not be disassembled or modified under any circumstances.

Handling of the Transfer Charging Roller

The presence of oils or the like on the sponge portion of the transfer charging roller leads to faults in the printer. Do not hold the transfer charging roller by its sponge portion during service work.

Handling the the Fixing Unit

The presence of oils or the like on the surface of the pressure roller or the fixing film found inside the fixing unit can cause fixing faults or jams. Do not hold the pressure roller during service work.

1.4 Action in the Event of Abnormality (All Clear)

In the event of extreme noise or shock, etc., in very rare cases, the display may go out, and all the keys become inoperable. In that case, perform an All Clear. This operation returns all values and settings to their default settings. However, as all settings, such as received images and user data, service data, etc., will be re-initialised, be sure to note down any settings that you will need to re-enter later.
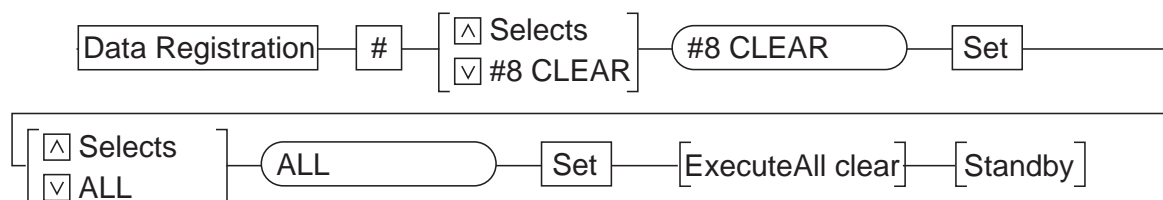
Figure 3-1 All Clear Operation

While waiting to return to the ready state after executing "**All clear**", please do not press the Stop button. Doing so may cause a malfunction afterwards.

2. DISASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY

2.1 Parts Layout

The parts layout of this machine consists of the scanning assembly, printing assembly and printer.
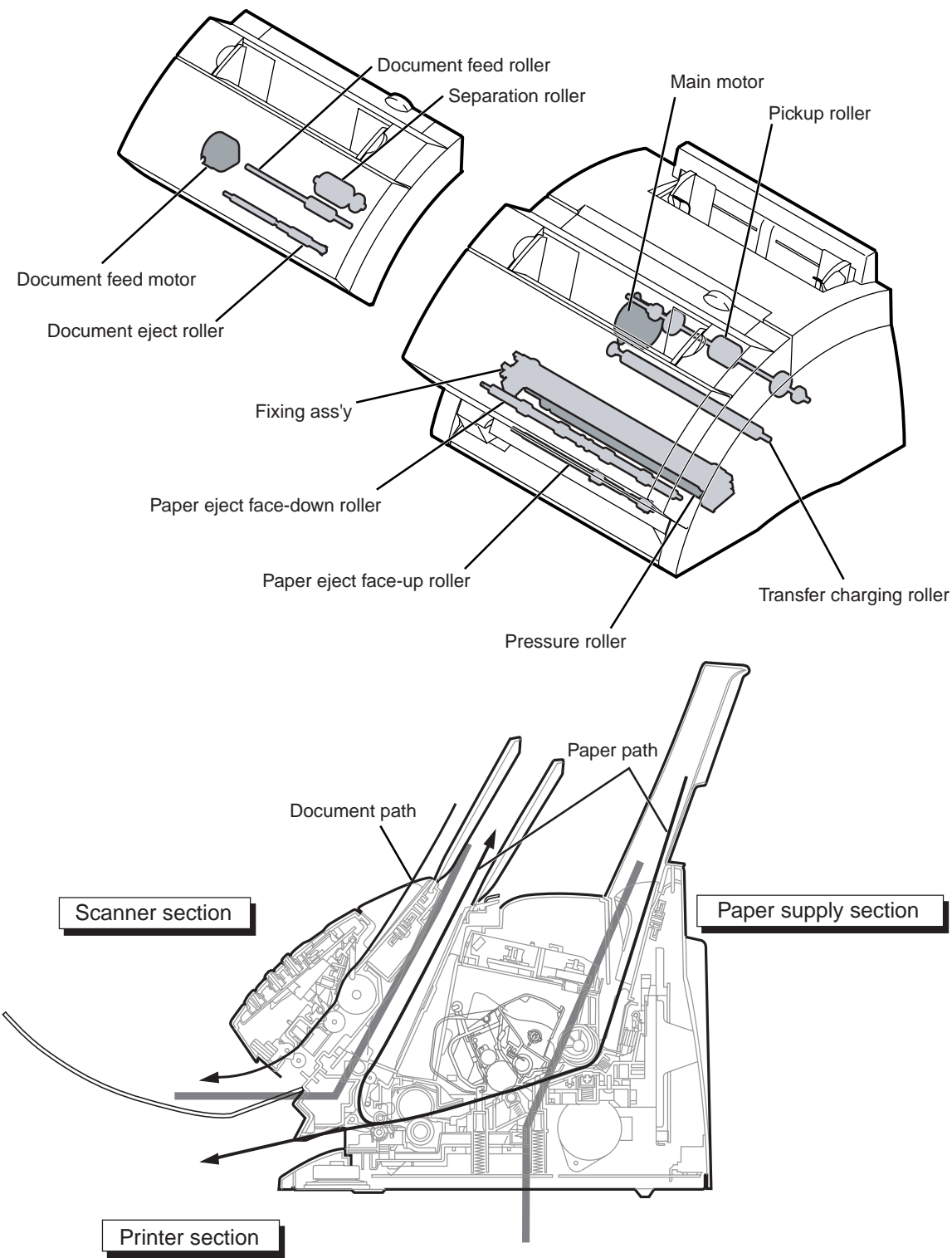
Figure 3-2 Mechanical Layout

The electrical parts are laid out as follows.
• SCNT board that controls the entire system
• NCU board that interfaces with the telephone line
• MODULAR board that connects the telephone line and the NCU board
• PCNT board that generates high voltage for the printer
• OPCNT board that controls the operation panel's buttons and LCD.
• A power supply unit is also located in this machine.
• As many as 6 sensors are used to monitor the movement of originals and recording paper or to detect the presence/ansence of toner.

Document edge sensor:
It detects the document
leading/trailing edges.

Document sensor:
Detects whether or not
a document is set.

Front cover sensor:
It detects whether the front
cover is open or closed.

Toner sensor:
It detects whether there is
toner in the toner cartridge.

Paper edge sensor:
It detects the recording
paper leading/trailing
edges.

Paper eject sensor:
It detects recording
paper eject conditions.

PCNT board
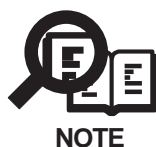
Power supply unit

NCU board

SCNT board

MODULAR board
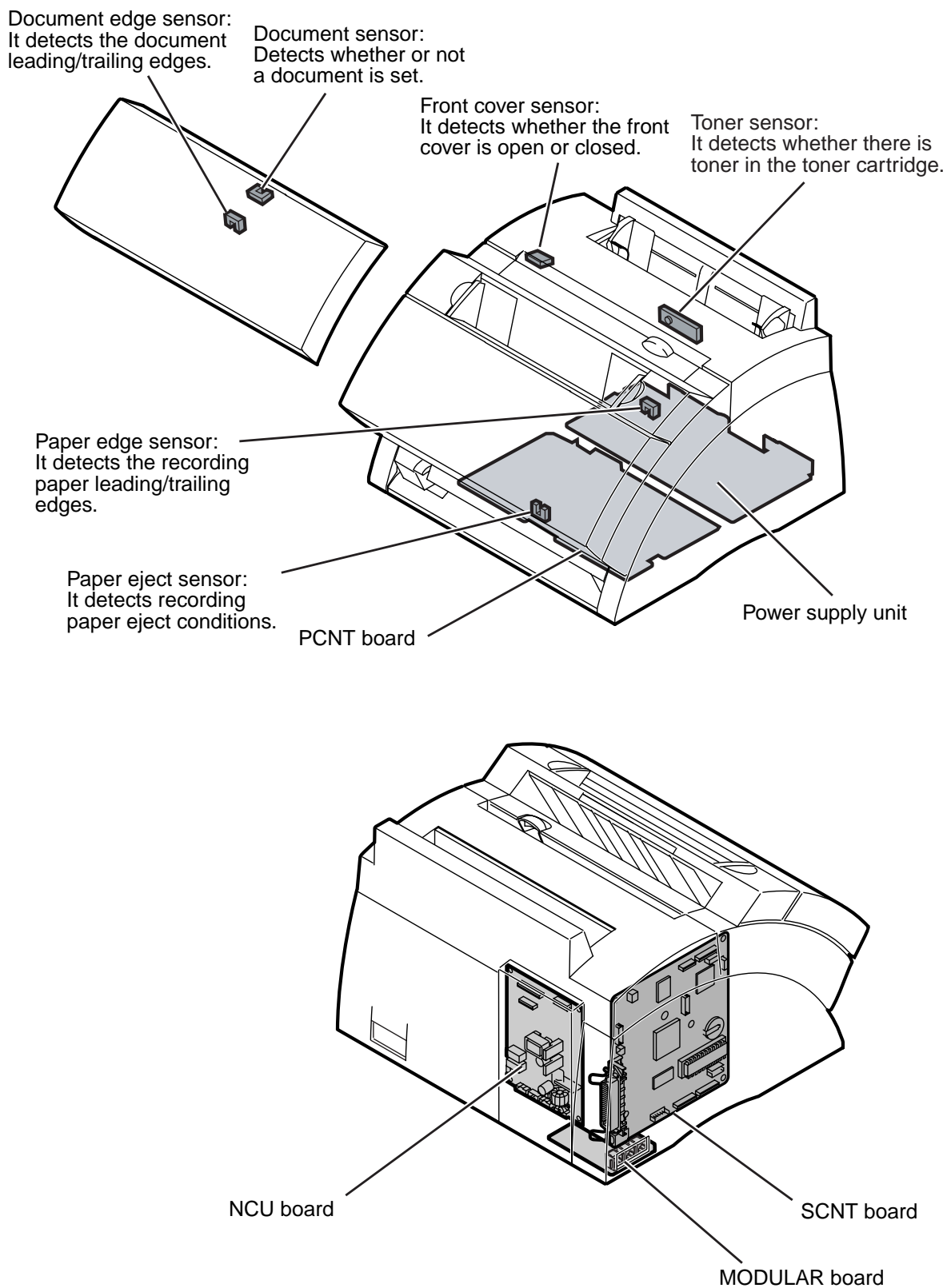
Figure 3-3 Electrical Layout
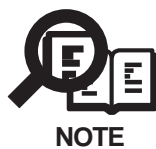
NOTE

The machine shown in the illustration is FAX-L280. FAX-L200 is not equipped
with a connector for a printer interface.

2.2 Disassembly Work-Flow

The work-flow for the disassembly of the main units is as follows. In order to replace parts, you need to confirm which parts have to be removed. Numbers in parenthese indicate the disassembly number.

```
Main unit
   ├── One-Touch cover (7)
   │
Main cover / Multi-purpose tray unit (1)
   ├── Reading ass'y (2) ──┬── Paper feed ass'y (14) ──┬── Pickup solenoid (19)
   │                       │                           └── Pickup Roller ass'y (20) ──┬── Separation Pad (21)
   │                       └── Reading ass'y 1 (5)                                    ├── Feed Roller (22)
   │                                                                                  ├── Toner Sensor (23)
   │       ├── Contact Sensor (10)                                                    └── Pickup Roller (24)
   │       ├── Separation Roller (11)
   │       ├── Document Feed Motor (12)
   │       └── Reading ass'y 2 (6) ──┬── Separation guide ass'y (8)
   │                                 └── White sheet unit (9)
   ├── Scanner unit (13)
   ├── ROM replacement (25)
   └── SCNT board / NCU board (3) ── Modular board / PCNT board / Power supply unit and Main board ──┬── Main motor (15)
                                                                                                     ├── Fixing unit (16) ── Pressure Roller (17)
                                                                                                     └── Transfer Roller (18)
```

Figure 3-4 Disassembly Work-Flow

2.3 Disassembly Procedure
Disassembly 1. Main cover/multi-purpose tray unit

1) While holding the latch a, open the upper cover. Remove the two screws b and the four screws c.
2) Remove the connector cover. (FAX-L280 only)
3) Remove the main cover.
4) Remove the multi-purpose tray unit.
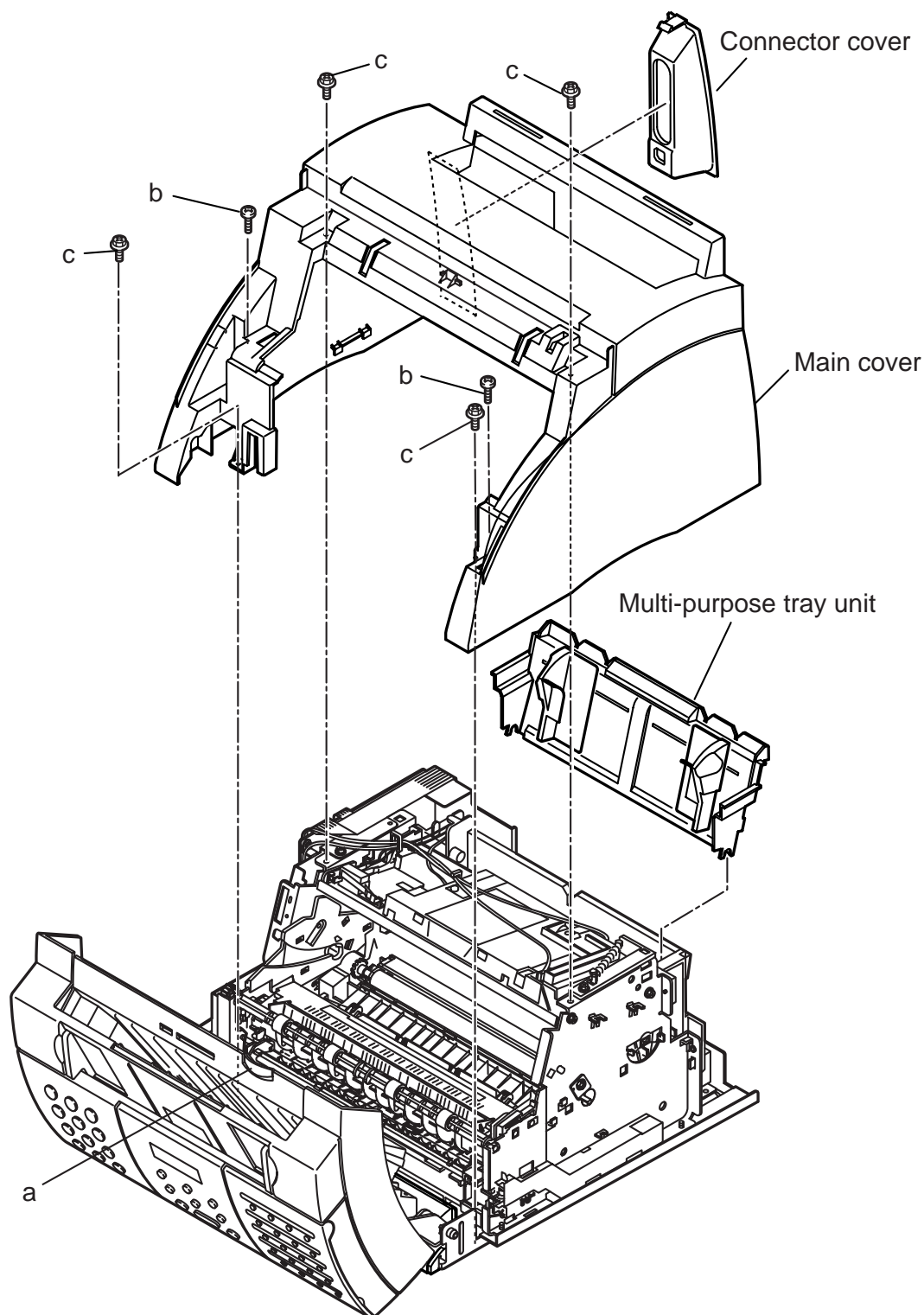
Figure 3-5 Disassembly 1

3-8

Disassembly 2. Reading ass'y

1) Perform disassembly 1.
2) Disconnect the cables a and b connected to the SCNT board and the relay cable.
3) Remove the three screws d, and remove the grounding wire.
4) Remove the pin e.
5) Remove the reading ass'y.

NOTE

If the cable is equipped with a core, be sure to fix the core in place to the core. The cable b comes with double-sided tape. Be sure to attach the cable to the frame.
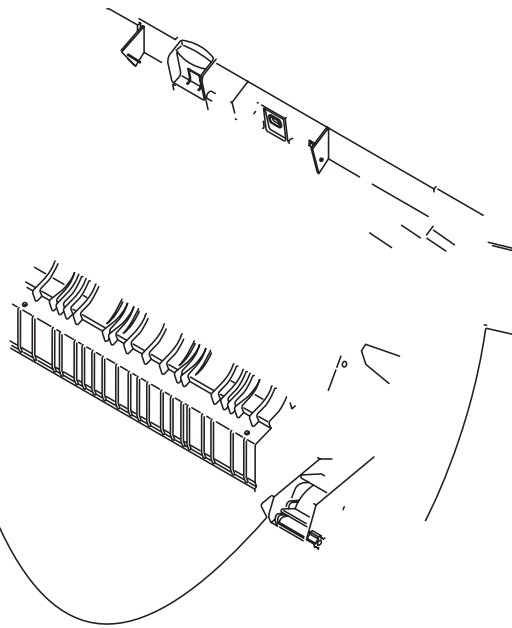
Figure 3-6 Disassembly 2

Disassembly 3. SCNT Board/NCU Board

NOTE

The SCNT board/NCU board may be replaced without removing the reading ass'y.

SCNT Board

1) Perform disassembly 1.
2) Disconnect the eight connectors connected to the SCNT board.
3) Remove the six screws a, and detach the SCNT board.

NOTE

After connecting the toner sensor cable to the SCNT board, twist the cable as shown in the illustration.
The machine shown in the illustration is FAX-L280. FAX-L200 is not equipped with a connector for a printer interface.

REFERENCE

For replacement of the ROM, see Disassembly 25 "Replacing the ROM."

NCU Board

1) Disconnect the seven connectors connected to the NCU board.
2) Remove the two screws b, and detach the NCU board.

Side Piate

1) Remove the three screws c, and detach the side plate.
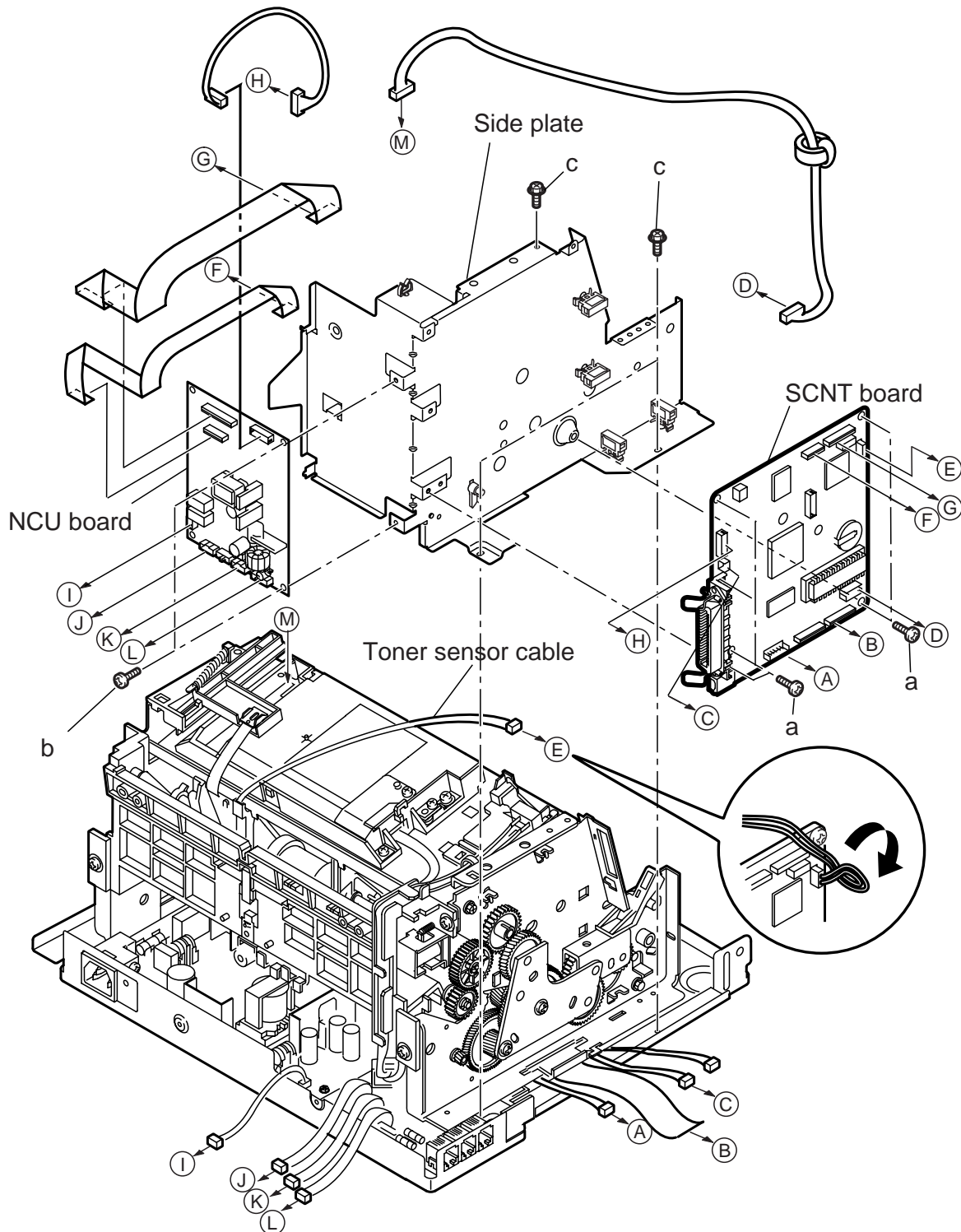
Figure 3-7 Disassembly 3

3-11

NOTE

Caution when replacing SCNT board

Follow the procedure given below when replacing the SCNT board.

a) Caution before replacing

After replacing the SCNT board , you will need to perform an All Clear operation. Be sure to print out any data, etc., that you may need, before you do the All Clear.

a-1) Data stored in image memory

The machine is not equipped with an image backup function so that all image data will be lost when the power is removed, requiring you to print out the data before turning off the power.

a-2) User reports

Press the **Report** button, and select the type of report using the ∧/∨ button.

a-3) Service reports

Select the service data, and press the **Report** button; then, select the type of list to generate using the ∧/∨ button.

b) SCNT replacement procedure

(1) Remove the old board.
(2) Take out the new SCNT board from its bag.
(3) The jumper plug (JP1) on the new SCNT board is not shorted, in order to prevent unnecessary battery consumption while the parts are in the warehouse. Before using the SCNT board, remember to short the jumper plug.
(4) After installing the new board, re-assemble the machine.
(5) Turn on the power and perform an All Clear. For details on how to perform an All Clear operation, refer to *page 3-3, Action in the Event of Abnormality*.
(6) After performing All Clear, where necessary, enter the data that you printed out earlier.

Disassembly 4. Modular board/PCNT board/Power Supply Unit and Main Frame

Modular board
1) Perform disassembly 1 through 3.
2) Remove the two screws a, and detach the modular board.

Main Frame
1) Perform disassembly 1 through 3.
2) Remove the lever, front cover, and cable cover.
3) Disconnect the cable b connected to the switch lever and the laser scanner cable c and sensor cable d; then, disconnect the cables e and f connected to the Power supply unit cable g and the motor cable h.
4) Remove the four screws i, and detach the Main frame.

Power Supply Unit
1) Perform disassembly 1 through 3.
2) Remove the Main frame.
3) Disconnect the cables j, k and l connected to the power supply unit.
4) Remove the threes screws m and the screw n; then, detach the power supply unit.

PCNT Board
1) Perform disassembly 1 through 3.
2) Remove the Main frame.
3) Disconnect the cables j and k connected to the power supply unit.
4) Remove the cable cover o.
5) Remove the three screws p, and detach the PCNT board.

Speaker
1) Perform disassembly 1 through 3.
2) Remove the Main frame.
3) Remove the speaker cover, and detach the speaker.
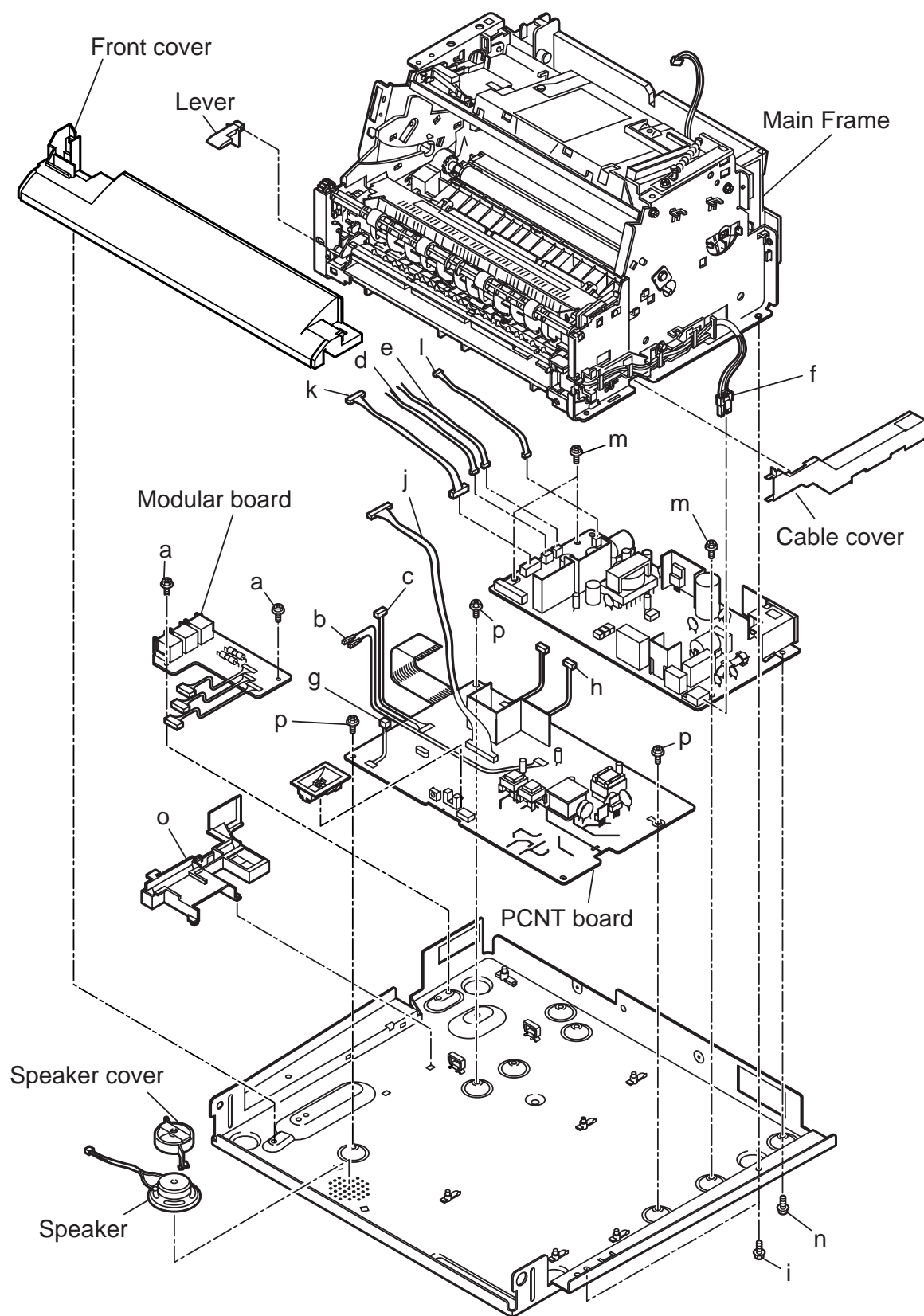
Figure 3-8 Disassembly 4

2.4 Reading ass'y
Disassembly 5. Reading ass'y 1

1) Perform disassembly 1 and 2.
2) Remove the four screws a, and detach the air duct cover.
3) Open the control panel, and remove the stopper b; then, detach the scanner ass'y.
4) Remove the four screws c, and detach the ADF lower.

Scanner ass'y

Air duct cover

ADF lower
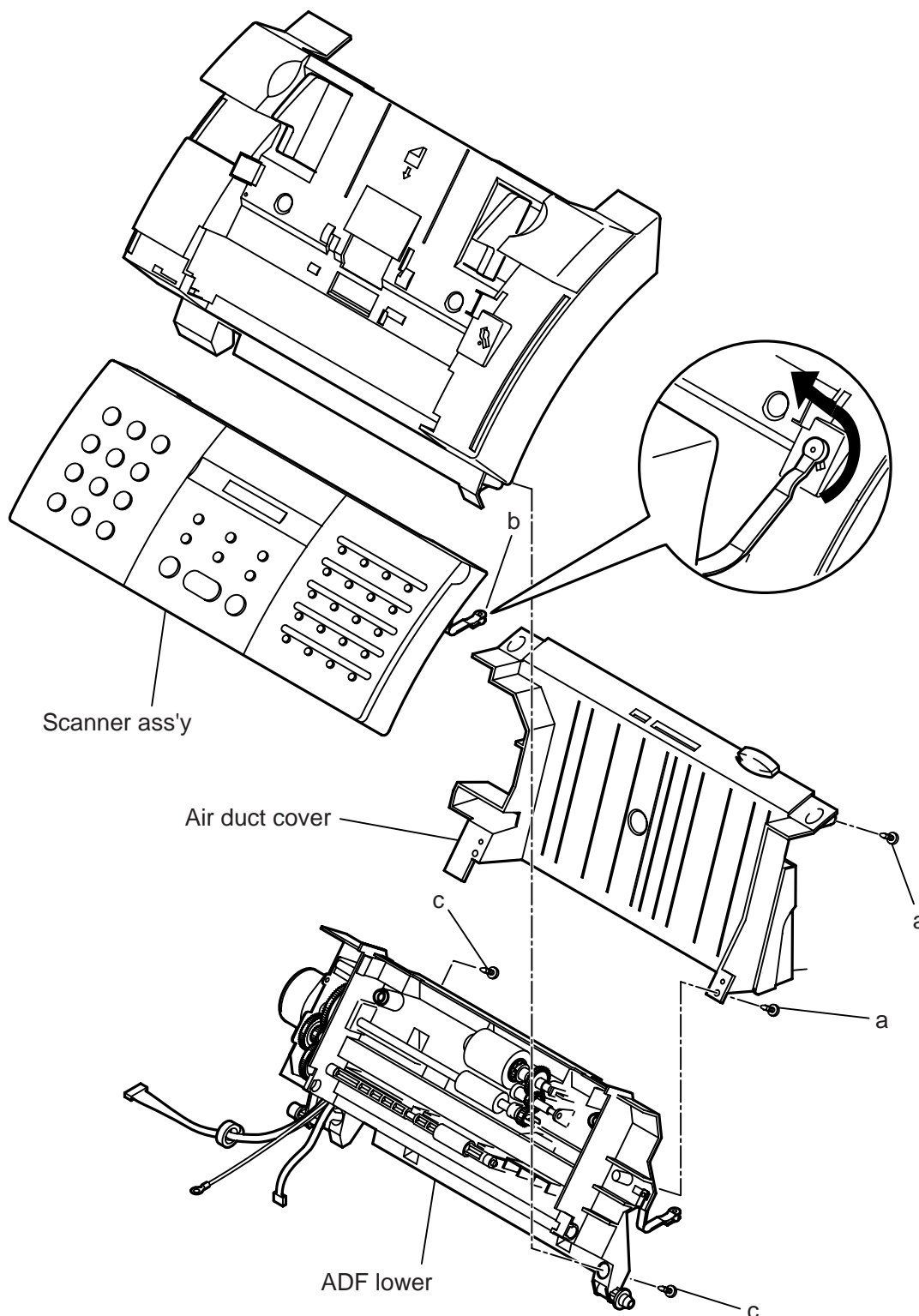
Figure 3-9 Disassembly 5

Disassembly 6. Reading ass'y 2

1) Perform disassembly 1, 2, and 5.
2) Remove the two screws a, and detach the ADF upper.

Disassembly 7. One-Touch Cover

1) While taking care not to bend the claws, remove the one-touch cover.

Disassembly 8. Separation guide ass'y

1) Perform disassembly 6 to detach the operation panel ass'y.
2) Remove the spring b, and detach the separation guide ass'y.

Disassembly 9. White sheet unit

1) Perform disassembly 6, and detach the operation panel ass'y.
2) Remove the white sheet unit. At this time, free the hook c as shown in the figure; take care not to lose the spring d when doing so.

One-touch cover

Separation guide ass'y

b

a

a

ADF upper

d

c

White sheet unit
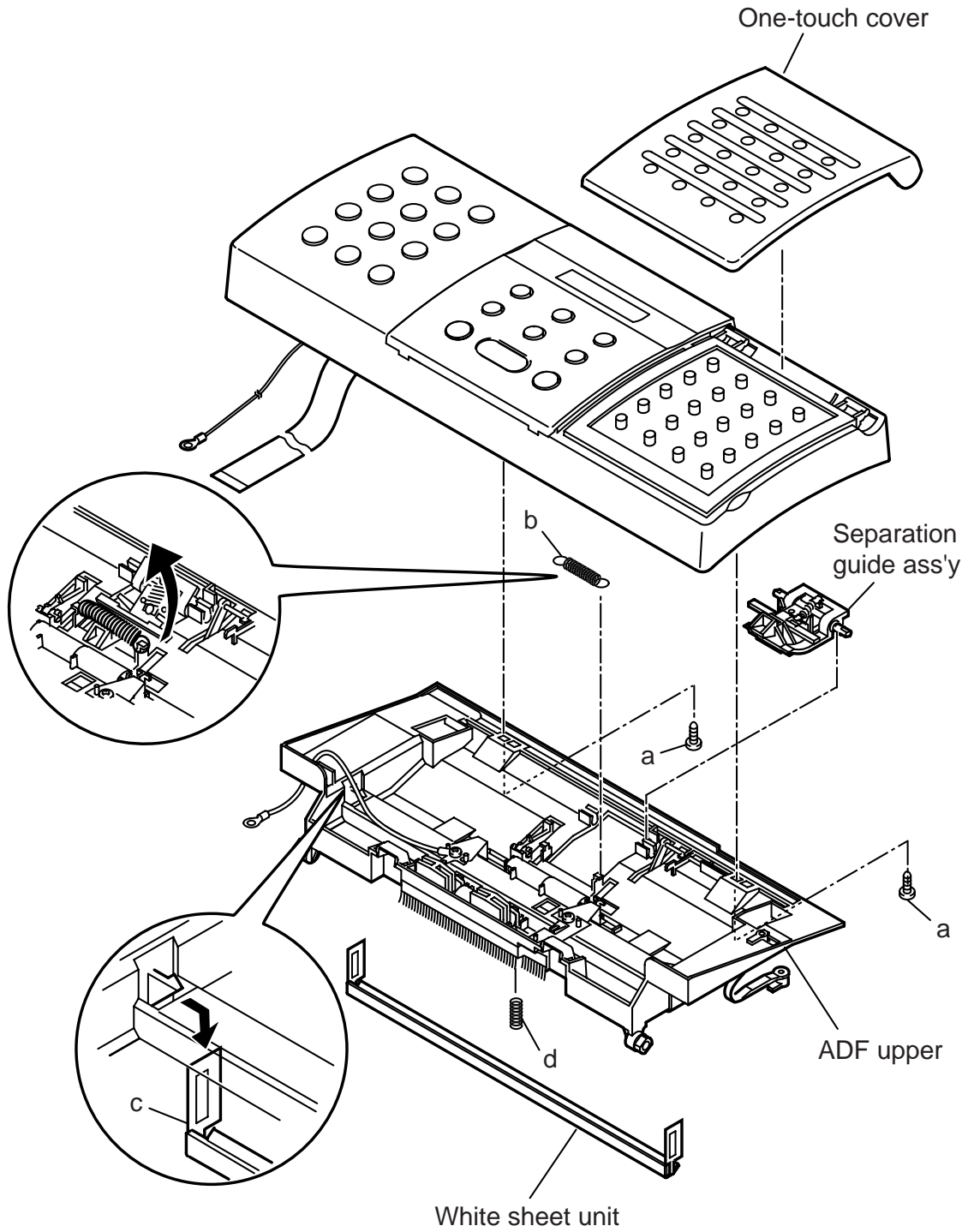
Figure 3-10 Disassembly 6/7/8/9

Disassembly 10. Contact Sensor

1) Perform disassembly 5 to detach the scanner ass'y.
2) Remove the three screws a.
3) Disconnect the contact sensor, and disconnect the cable b.

> **Handing the Contact Sensor**
> Take care not to scratch or soil the glass surface of the contact sensor. Otherwise, vertical lines or other image faults can occur in the images.

Disassembly 11. Separation Roller

1) Perform disassembly 5.
2) While bending the bushing with your fingers, detach the separation roller together with its shaft.
3) Pull the separation roller off the shaft.

Disassembly 12. Document Feed Motor

1) Perform disassembly 5.
2) Remove the two screws c, and detach the document feed motor.
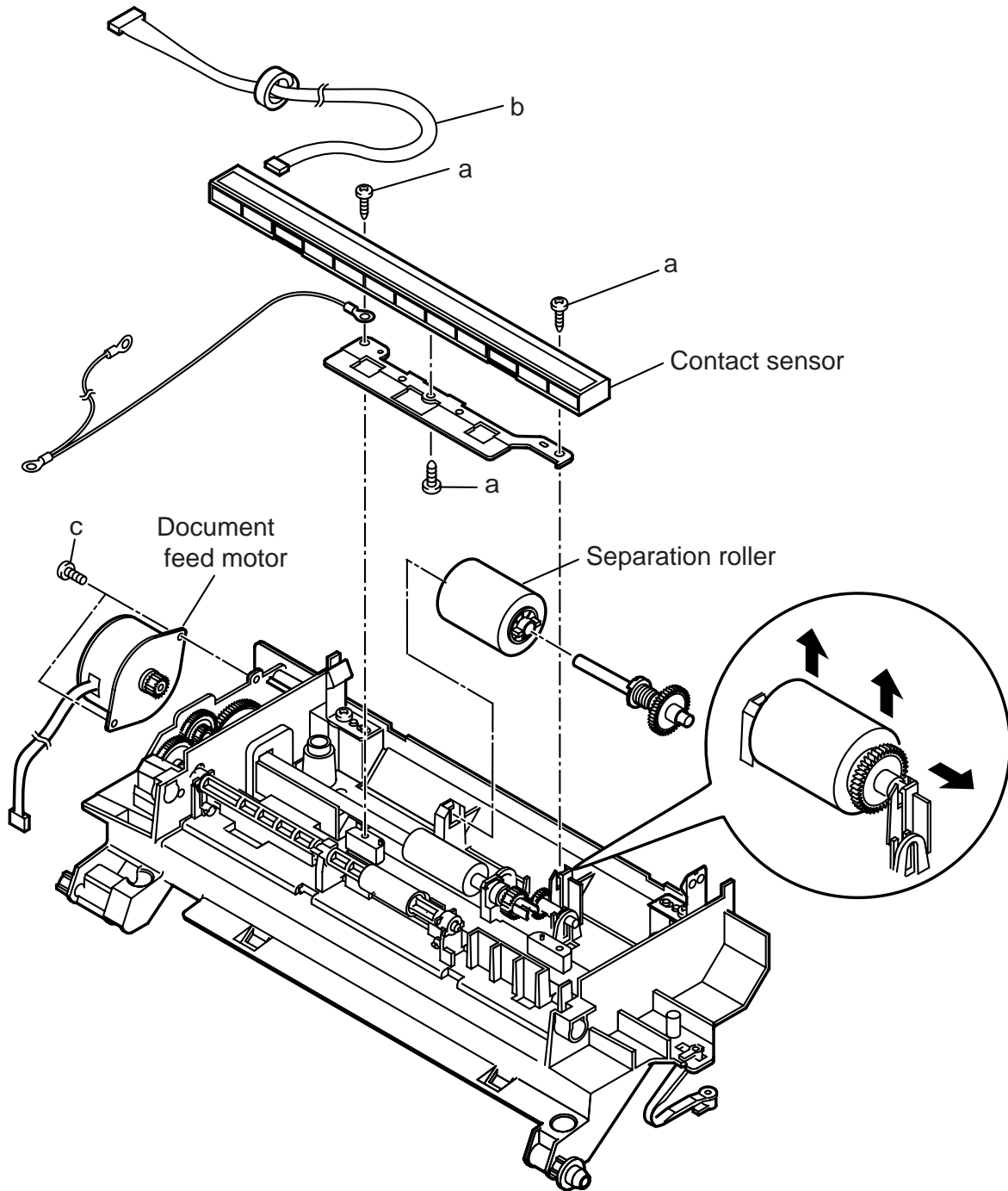
Figure 3-11 Disassembly 10/11/12

3-19

2.5 Printer ass'y
Disassembly 13. Scanner Unit

1) Perform disassembly 1.
2) Remove the stopper a.
3) Remove the screw b, and detach the actuator unit c.
4) Remove the four screws d, and detach the scanner unit. At this time, take care not to remove the two screws e.

Disassembly 14. Paper feed ass'y

1) Perform disassembly 1 and 2.
2) Free the claws f, and remove the four screws g.
3) Remove the paper feed ass'y.

Disassembly 15. Main Motor

1) Perform disassembly 1 through 4.
2) Remove the two screws h, and detach the main motor.
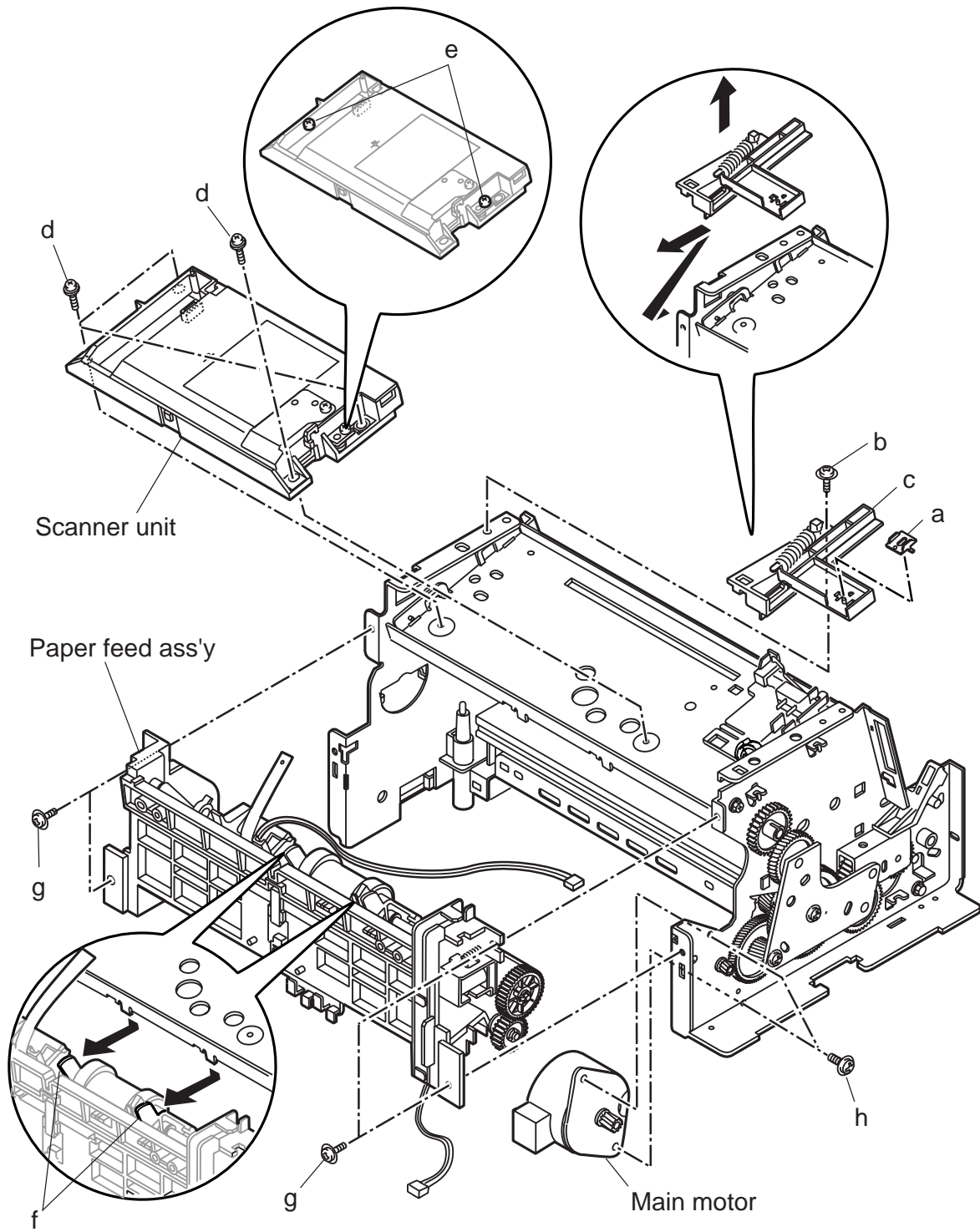
Figure 3-12 Disassembly 13/14/15

Disassembly 16. Fixing ass'y

1) Perform disassembly 1 through 4.
2) Remove the feed roller and the cartridge guide.
3) Remove the two screws a, and detach the delievry ass'y.
4) Remove the flapper.
5) Remove the two screws b, and detach the pressure plate. When removing the plate, use a precision screwdriver or the like.
6) Disconnect the two connectors, and detach the fixing ass'y. When removing the unit, take care not to touch the fixing film.

Disassembly 17. Pressure Roller

1) Perform disassembly 1 through 4 and 16.
2) When detaching the paper guide, detach it by using a precision screwdriver as shown in the illustration.
3) Remove the pressure roller. When removing the roller, take care not to touch the rubber portion.

Pressure plate

b

a

1 2 3 4 5 6

6 5 4 3 2 1

Delievry ass'y

Fixing ass'y

Paper guide

Pressure roller

Flapper

Feed roller

Cartridge guide
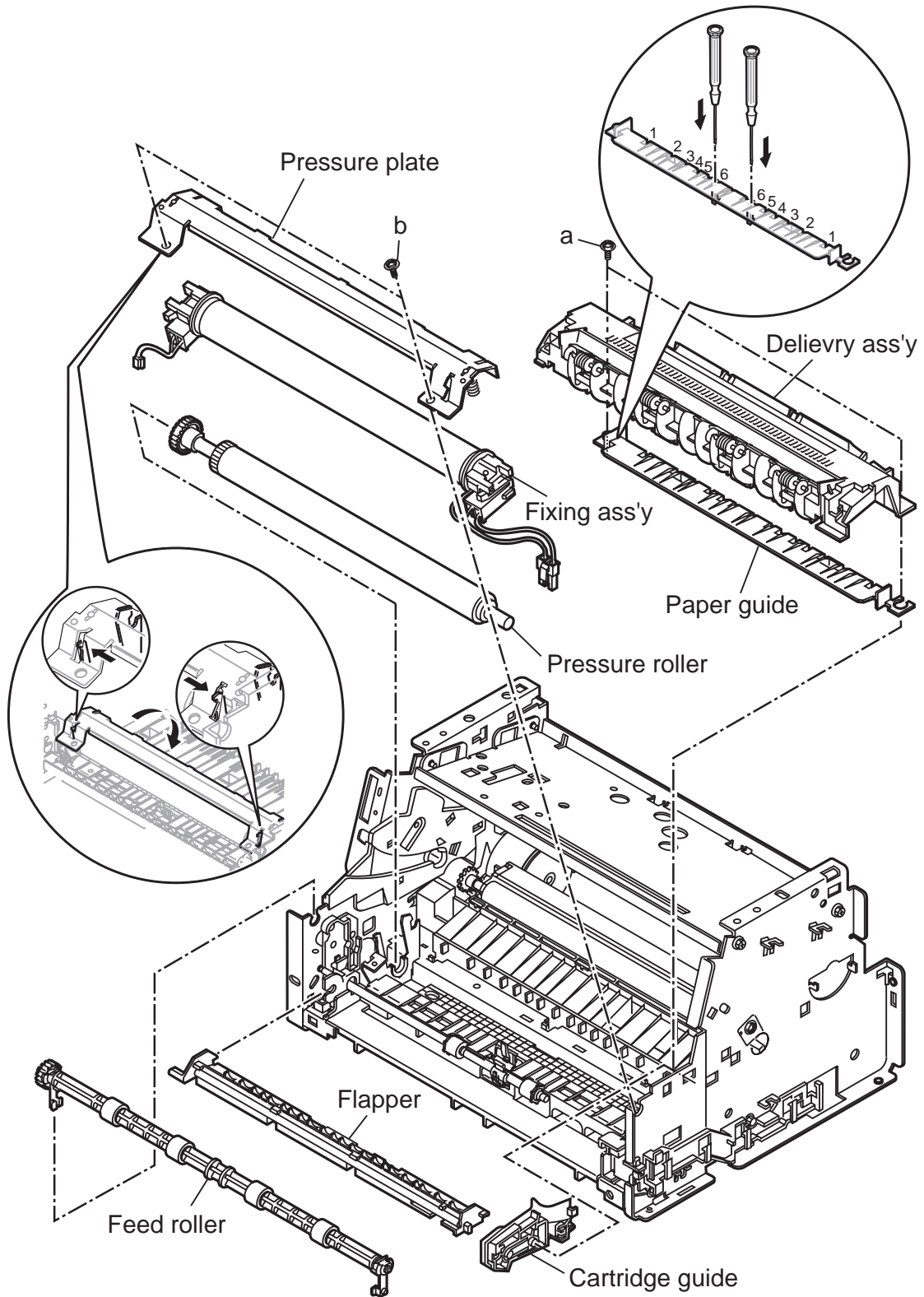
Figure 3-13 Disassembly 16/17

Disassembly 18. Transfer Roller

1) Perform disassembly 1 through 4.
2) Using a precision screwdriver or the like, detach the transfer guide.
3) Remove the transfer roller. When removing the roller, take care not to touch the sponge portion.

Transfer guide

Transfer roller
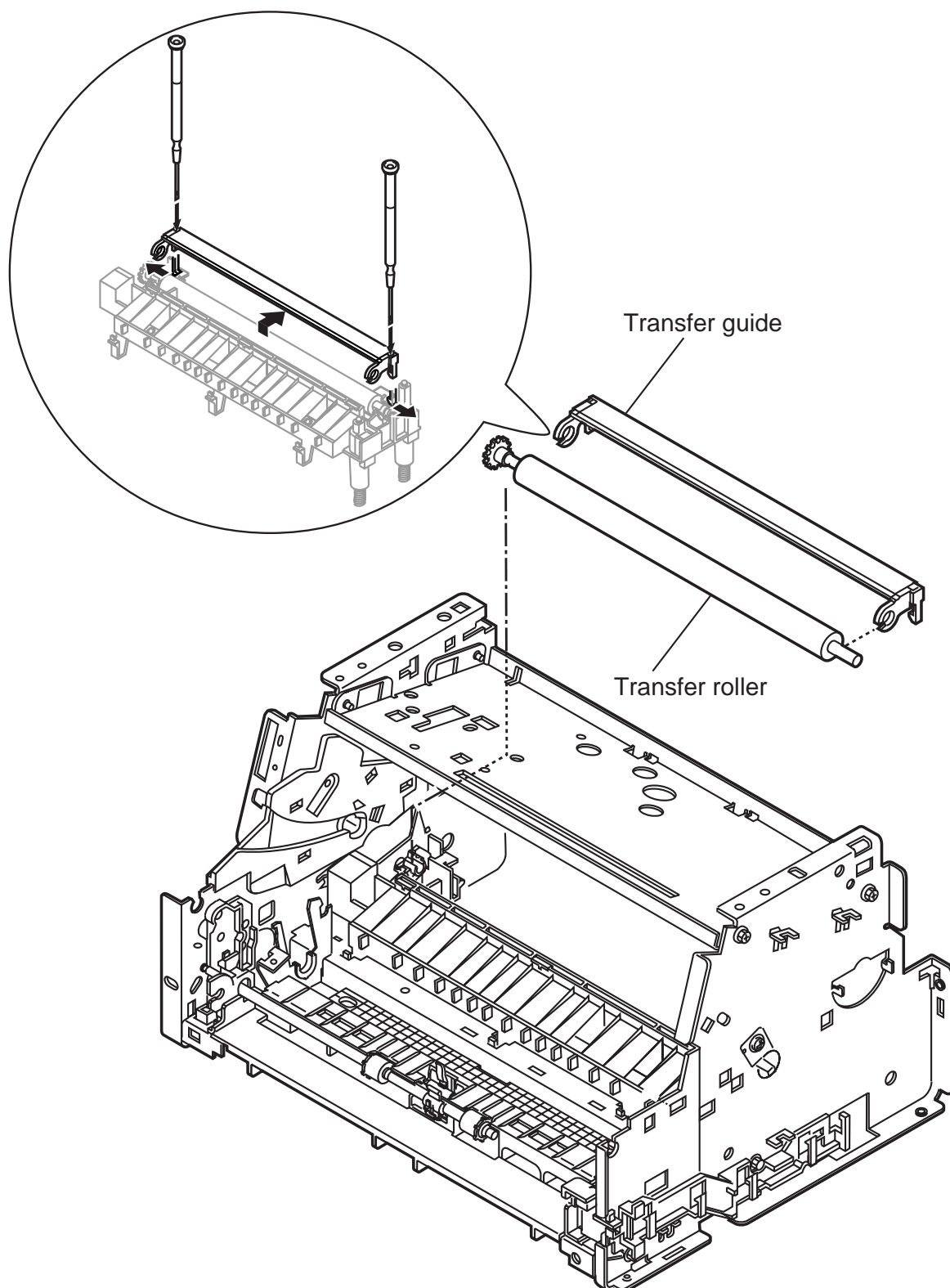
Figure 3-14 Disassembly 18

3-24

Disassembly 19. Pickup Solenoid

1) Perform disassembly 1, 2, and 14.
2) Remove the screw a, and detach the pickup solenoid.

Disassembly 20. Pickup Roller ass'y

1) Perform disassembly 1, 2, and 14.
2) Remove the gear b and the stopper c; then, detach the pickup roller ass'y.

Disassembly 21. Separation Pad

1) Perform disassembly 1, 2, 14, and 20.
2) Remove the guide plate and the stopper, and detach the separation pad.

Disassembly 22. Feed Roller

1) Perform disassembly 1, 2, and 14.
2) Remove the gear d and the roller shaft e.
3) Remove the screw f, and detach the feed roller.
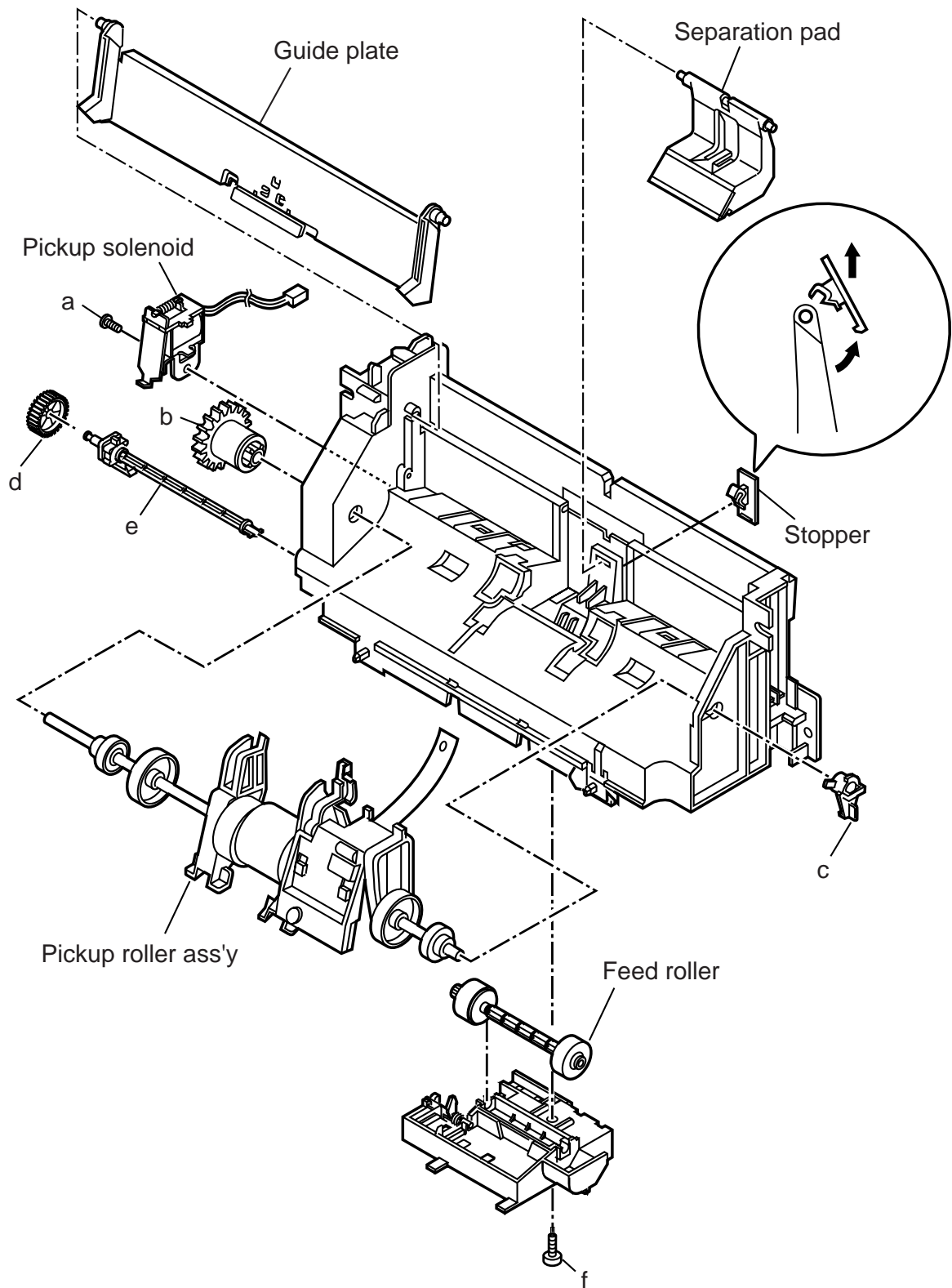
Figure 3-15 Disassembly 19/20/21/22

Disassembly 23. Toner Sensor

1) Perform disassembly 1, 2, 14, and 20.
2) Remove the spring. When removing the spring, take care not to lose it.
3) Remove the cam a, and pull off the b.
4) Remove the roller c, and remove the holder d.
5) Remove the toner sensor.

Disassembly 24. Pickup Roller

1) Perform disassembly 1, 2, 14, and 20.
2) Remove the cam e, and pull off the f.
3) Remove the cam g, and remove the E-ring h.
4) Remove the holder i and the E-ring j; then, detach the sub roller.
5) Remove the pickup roller.
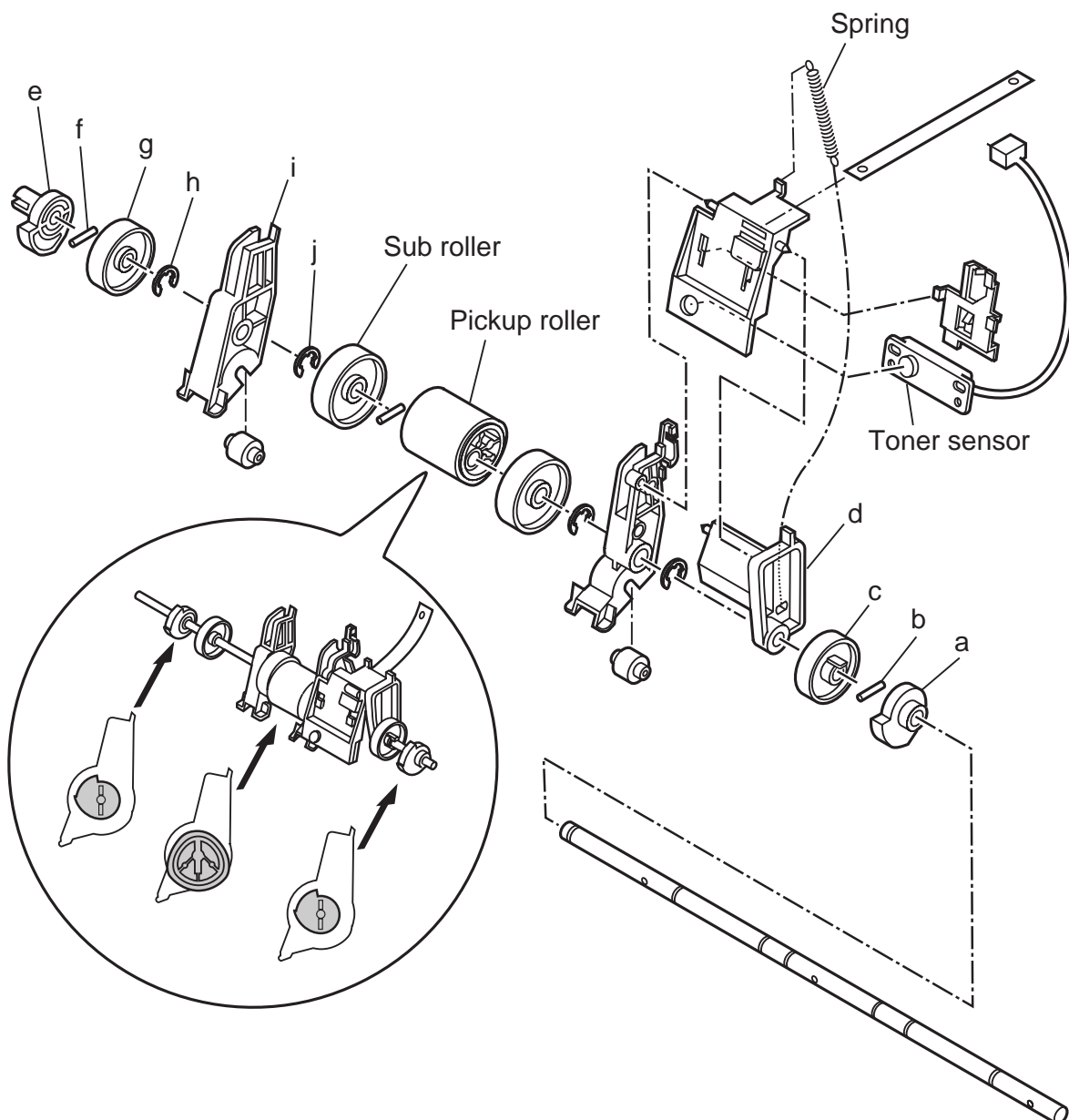
Figure 3-16 Disassembly 23/24

Disassembly 25. ROM replacement

With this unit, there should be no need to replace ROMs, but in the event that ROM replacement becomes necessary, follow the procedure described below.

a) Before Starting the Work

You will have to execute 'all clear' after replacement. Print out the following data as needed.

a-1) Data Stored in Image Memory

Print out all image data stored in image memory.

> The machine is not equipped with an image backup function so that all image data will be lost when the power is removed, requiring you to print out the data before turning off the power.

a-1) User reports

Press the **Report** button, and select the type of report using the ∧/∨ button.

a-2) Service reports

Select the service data, and press the **Report** button; then, select the type of list to generate using the ∧/∨ button.

b) ROM replacement procedure

(1) Remove power cord.
(2) Put on a wrist-strap and take any other available anti-static precaution.
(3) Perform Disassambly 1.
(4) Use the ROM removal tool to remove the ROM from the SCNT board.
(5) Match up the new ROM and the notch in the IC socket, and insert the new ROM.
(6) Replace all covers.

c) Cautions after replacement

(1) If replacing a ROM because of defective ROM elements, finish assembling the machine and then turn the power on.
(2) If replacing a ROM for the purposes of upgrading because of changes to soft switches, such as service data or user data, etc., you must perform an All Clear operation. This is because the memory backed up by the battery still contains the previous settings. Before performing All Clear, print out the data backed up by the battery, in case you need to re-programme them.

Chapter 4

Maintenance and Service

1. MAINTENANCE LIST

1.1 Consumables

Level	Consumable	When
User	Toner cartridge (FX3)	When "**CHANGE CARTRIDGE**" is displayed.
Service technician	None	

1.2 Cleaning

Level	Location	When
User	Main unit outer covers	When dirty.
	Separation roller	When document separation/ feed performance falls.
	Separation guide	When document separation performance falls.
	White sheet	When copied and transmitted images are faint.
	Scanning glass (contact sensor)	When black vertical stripes appear in copied or transmitted images.
	Paper feed guide	When marks appears on back of paper in opied or received images.
	Document feed roller	When document feed performance falls.
	Document eject roller	When document feed performance falls.
Service technician	Paper pickup roller	When recording paper feed performance falls.
	Transfer charging roller	When marks on back of paper or blank spots at intervals of 1.96" (50 mm) appear in copied or received images.
	Static charge eliminator	When polka appear dots in copied or received images.
	High-voltage terminal	When copied or received images are light, dark, or completely blank.

Level	Location	When
Service technician	Fixing entrance guide	When marks , marks on back of paper, irregular/smudged black vertical line, paper jam, wrinkles in copied or received images.
	Paper eject face-up roller	When paper jams occur during copying or receiving.
	Flapper	When paper jams occur frequently during copying or receiving.
	Pressure roller	When marks appear on back of paper at intervals of 2.48" (63 mm), or poor fixing, paper jam, or wrinkles occur during copying or receiving.
	Fixing ass'y	When marks appear at intervals of 2.95" (75 mm) or poor fixing of copied or received images occurs.
	Separation pad	When recording paper separation performance falls.
	Multi-purpose tray pickup roller	When recording paper feed performance falls.

1.3 Periodic Inspection

None

1.4 Periodic Replacement Parts

None

1.5 Adjustment Items

None

1.6 General Tools

Tool	Use
Phillips screwdriver	Removing/inserting screws
Flat bladed screwdriver	Removing/inserting screws
Precision flat bladed screwdriver	Removing plastic tabs
Tweezers	Removing coil spring
Pliers, needle nose	Driving retaining ring
Lint-free paper	Clean transfer charging roller, fixing film
Isopropyl alcohol	Clean fixing film, fixing entrance guide, fixing pressure roller, fixing eject roller, fixing eject guide, static charge eliminator, etc.

1.7 Special Tools

Tool	Use	Part No.
Grease (MOLYKOTE EM-50L)	Apply to specified parts	HY9-0007
Grease (IF-20)	Apply to specified parts	CK-8006
Grease (MOLYKOTE EM-D110)	Apply to specified parts	HY9-0023
Grease (UNIWAY 68)	Apply to specified parts	CK-0451

2. HOW TO CLEAN PARTS

2.1 Main Unit Outer Covers

Lightly wipe the unit's outer causing with a clean, soft, lint-free cloth moistened with water or diluted dishwashing detergent solution.

2.2 Separation Roller

Wipe with a soft, dry clean cloth.

2.3 Separation Guide

Wipe with a dry clean soft cloth.

2.4 White Sheet

Wipe with a soft, dry clean soft cloth.

2.5 Scanning Glass (Contact Sensor)

Wipe with a soft, dry clean cloth.

2.6 Paper Feed Guide

Wipe with a clean, soft, dry, lint-free cloth to remove any toner or paper debris.

Do not touch the transfer changing roller during cleaning. Otherwise, the print quality may deteriorate.

Precautions when using Isopropyl alcohol (IPA)

When cleaning with IPA, take care to prevent the IPA from splashing high-temperature parts. If IPA splashes high-temperature parts, leave for at least three minutes to allow the IPA to evaporate.
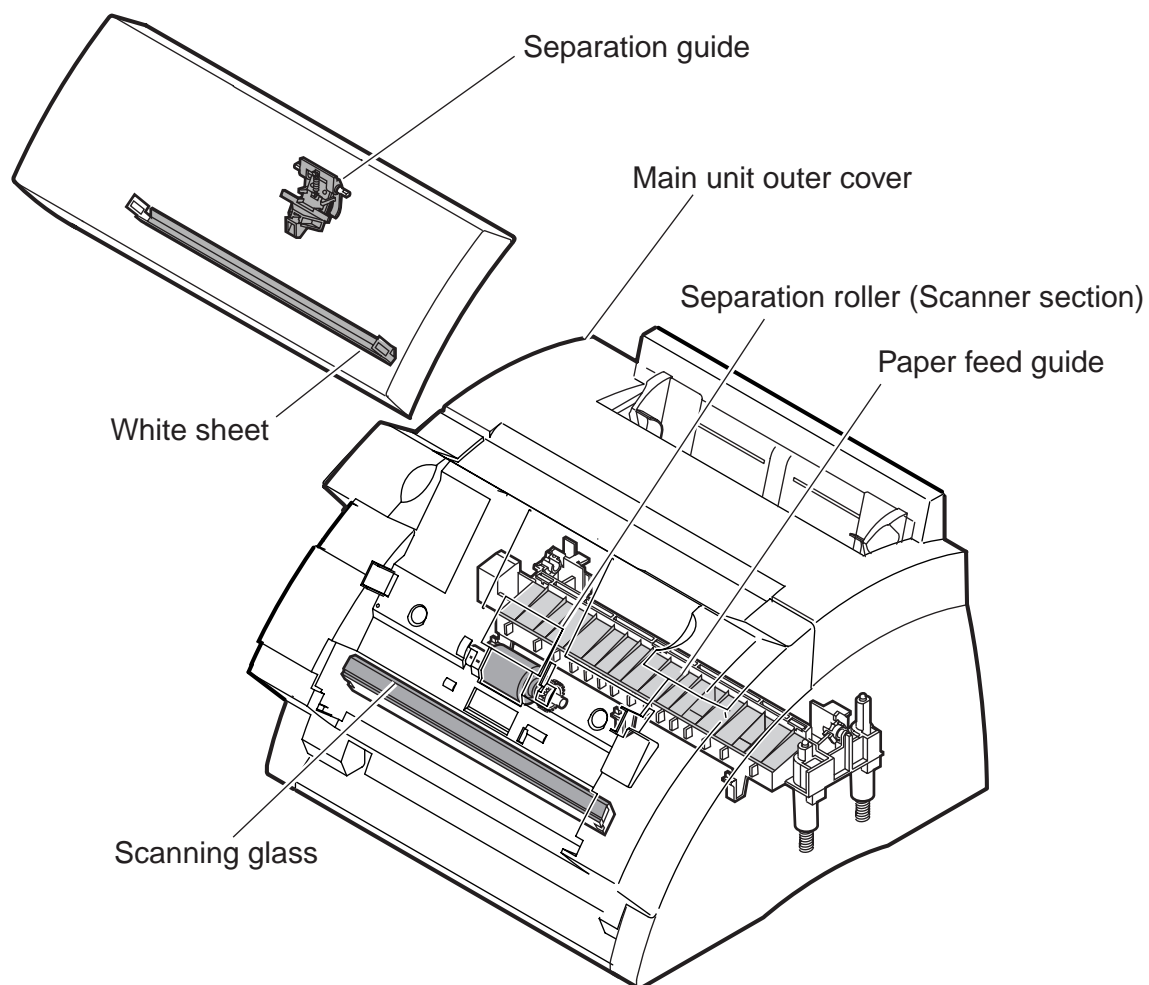
Figure 4-1 Cleaning Location 1

2.7 Paper Pickup Roller

Using lint-free paper dipped in isopropyl alcohol, wipe and dirt off the paper pickup roller.

2.8 Transfer Charging Roller

Wipe with lint-free paper and remove any toner or paper debris.

> ⚠️ Do not touch or hold the sponge section of the transfer charging roller. Doing so can cause marks on back of paper or blank spots in copied or received images.
> Do not use solvent.
> Replace the charging roller if it is deformed or cannot be thoroughly cleared using lint-free paper.

2.9 Static Charge Eliminator

Wipe with a lint-free paper and remove any foreign matter, such as paper fragments.

2.10 High Voltage Terminal

Wipe with a clean, soft, dry, lint-free cloth to remove any toner or paper debris.

2.11 Fixing Entrance Guide

Wipe with a lint-free paper and remove any toner or paper debris.

2.12 Paper Eject Face-up Roller

Using lint-free paper dipped in isopropyl alcohol, wipe off the paper eject face-up roller.

2.13 Flapper

Wipe with a lint-free paper and remove any toner or paper debris.

2.14 Document Feed Roller, Document Eject Roller

Wipe with a soft, dry clean cloth.

2.15 Pressure Roller

Using lint-free paper dipped in isopropyl alcohol, wipe off the pressure roller.

2.16 Fixing Ass'y

Using lint-free paper dipped in isopropyl alcohol, wipe off the fixing ass'y.

2.17 Separation Pad

Using cloth dipped in isopropyl alcohol, wipe off the separation pad.

Document feed roller

Document eject roller

Transfer charging roller

Paper eject face-up roller

Paper pickup roller

Separation pad

Pressure roller

High voltage terminal

Fixing ass'y

Static charge eliminater

Flapper

Fixing entrance guide
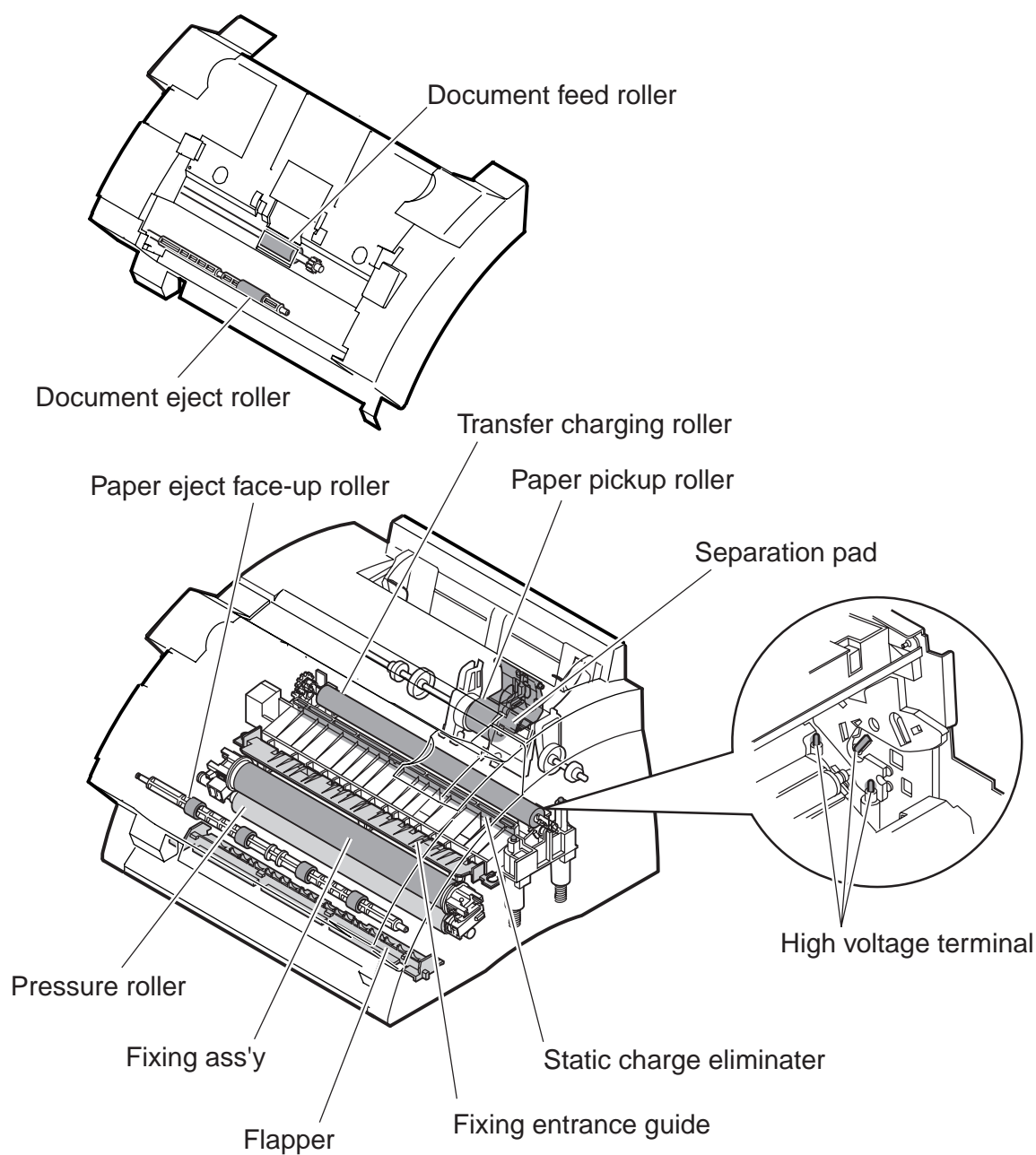
Figure 4-2 Cleaning Location 2

3. TROUBLESHOOTING

3.1 Troubleshooting Index

Use the troubleshooting index below to investigate the cause of a problem and refer to the specified page for countermeasures.

Problem

- **Errors shown on the display (Evaluation criteria: Look at the unit in quastion.)**
  - The error message can be checked.   **Page 4-10**
  - The error code can be checked.   **Page 4-13**

- **General errors**
  - The unit does not power on.   **Page 4-24**
  - The display looks abnormal.   **Page 4-24**
  - The keys do not work.   **Page 4-24**
  - No sound from the speaker   **Page 4-24**

- **Printing problems (Evaluation criteria: Test printing is faulty.)**
  - The paper is not fed correctly.   **Page 4-25**

    The main motor does not run.

    The paper is not picked up from the auto sheet feeder.

    The paper skews.
  - The printing operation is abnormal.   **Page 4-26**

    The unit indicates a paper jam when there is none.
  - Poor printing quality   **Page 4-27**

    Light

    Dark

    Completely blank

    All black

    Dots

    Marks on back of papers

    Black vertical lines

    Irregular and smudged black vertical lines

    Irregular and smudged black horizontal lines

    Marks

    Blank spots

    White vertical lines

    White horizontal lines

    Faulty registration

    Distortion/BD signal failure

    Partially compressed/stretched image

    Poor fixing

- **Scanning problems (Evaluation criteria: Test printing is good, but the copied image is poor.)**
  - The document is not fed.   **Page 4-37**
    The document feed motor does not run.
    The document slips against the rollers.
    The document does not separate.
    The scanner unit's sensors are defective
  - The scanning image is abnormal.   **Page 4-38**
    Nothing is printed.
    The image has vertical stripes.
    The image has thick vertical stripes.

3.2 Errors Shown on the Display
3.2.1 User error message
Look for the applicable error message and implement the appropriate countermeasures.

"BUSY/NO SIGNAL" (#018)

Cause:	The receiving fax did not answer within 55 seconds. (T0 time over)
Solution:	Contact the other party and have them check their fax. You can try to send the document manually. For an overseas call, add pauses to the registered number.
Cause:	The touch tone/rotary pulse setting on your fax is incorrect.
Solution:	Set your fax to the setting that matches your telephone line.
Cause:	The other party is not using a G3 machine.
Solution:	Contact the other party and have them send or receive the document using a G3 machine.
Cause:	The other party's fax is not working.
Solution:	Contact the other party and have them check their fax.
Cause:	The telephone number you dialed is busy.
Solution:	Try sending the document at a later time.

"CHANGE CARTRIDGE"

Cause:	The toner cartridge has run out of toner.
Solution:	Replace the toner cartridge.

"CHECK COVER"

Cause:	The toner cartridge is not installed properly.
Solution:	Make sure the toner cartridge is installed properly.
Cause:	Front cover is not closed.
Solution:	Close front cover.

"CHECK DOCUMENT" (#001)

Cause:	Document jam. This is displayed when the document sensor detects paper, but the document edge sensor cannot detect the leading edge of the document with 15 seconds from the start of the feed operation.
Solution:	Clear the document jam.

"CHECK PAPER SIZE"

Cause:	The size of the paper loaded in the paper tray is different from the paper size set by the user data menu.
Solution:	Set the correct paper size in the "PRINTER SETTING" setting.

"CHECK POLLING ID" (#021)

Cause:	Pollimg was impossible because the polling ID or your subaddress/password did not match
Solution:	Check the polling ID or subaddress/passwaord with the other party and try polling again.

"CHECK PRINTER" (##322~##324)

Check the displayed error code and see the measure to eliminate the error. *(See Page 4-23.)*

"CHECK SUBADDR/PSWD" (#083/#102)

Cause:	Passwaord/subaddress does not match.
Solution:	Contact the other party and confirm that the subaddress/password that you are using are correct.

"CLEAR PAPER JAM"

Cause:	Paper jam.
Solution:	Clear the paper jam.

"DATA ERROR"

Cause:	The registration data in the SRAM was destroyed and a checksum error occurred due to a dead lithium battery or SRAM failure.
Solution:	(1) Press the *Set* button.
	(2) Replace the lithium battery.
	(3) Replace the SCNT board.

"DOC. TOO LONG" (#003)

Cause:	The document is longer than 39.4"(1m).
Solution:	Use a copy machine to make a reduced copy of the document, then send again.
Cause:	It took more than 32 minutes to send, copy, a document or receive a document.
Solution:	Divide the document and send or copy each part separately. Contact the other party and have them divide the document and send each part separately.

"HANG UP PHONE"

Cause:	The handset or the extension telephone is off the hook.
Solution:	Put the handset or the extension telephone back on the hook.

"LOAD PAPER"

Cause:	The fax is out of paper.
Solution:	Add more paper to the sheet feeder.

"MEMORY FULL" (#037)

Cause:	The fax's memory is full because it has received too many documents.
Solution:	(1) Print out any documents which are stored in memory. Then start the operation again.
	(2) If the memory contains any facsimiles you don't need, delete them.
Cause:	The fax's memory is full because you tried to send too many pages at once.
Solution:	Divide the document and send each part separately.

"NO ANSWER" (#005)

Cause:	The receiving fax machine does not answer.
Solution:	Make sure you dialed the correct number. Try again later.

"NO RX PAPER" (#012)

Cause:	The receiving fax machine declares no paper in DIS, or its memory is full.
Solution:	Contact the other party, and ask them to put paper in their machine, or to clear their fax machine's memory.

"NO TEL #" (#022)

Cause:	The button you pressed has no number registered for One-Touch Speed Dialing, Coded Speed Dialing, or Group Dialing.
Solution:	Print a list of registered numbers and make any corrections needed, then try again.

"NOT AVAILABLE"

Cause:	One-touch or coded speed dial already registered.
Solution:	Check the contents of the one-touch or coded speed dialling registration, then try again.

"PSWD POLL REJECT" (#084)

Cause:	You set up a polling box for polling sending with an ITU-T password, but the other party's fax unit does not support use of an ITU-T password for polling receiving.
Solution:	Transmit without an ITU-T password.

"PSWD TX REJECTED" (#081)

Cause:	You attempted to send a document with an ITU-T password, but the other party's fax unit does not support use of an ITU-T password for receiving.

"SELECT POL REJCT" (#082)

Cause:	You have setup a polling box for polling sending with an ITU-T subaddress, but the other party's fax unit does not support use of an ITU-T subaddress for polling receiving.
Solution:	Transmit without a subaddress.

"START AGAIN"

Cause:	An error occurred on the phone line or in the system.
Solution:	Start the procedure again from the beginning.

"SUBADD TX REJECT" (#080)

Cause:	You attempted to send a document with an ITU-T subaddress, but the other party's fax unit does not support receiving a document with an ITU-T subaddress.
Solution:	Transmit without a subaddress.

4-12

3.2.2 Error codes
a) Service error code output
When service data #1 SSSW SW01 bit 0 is set to "1" then service error codes are printed on the activity management reports, reception result reports and error transmission reports when communication is terminated due to an error. Also, the following is displayed when an error occurs.

TX/RX No. 5001

Display alternates repaetedly

START AGAIN ##106
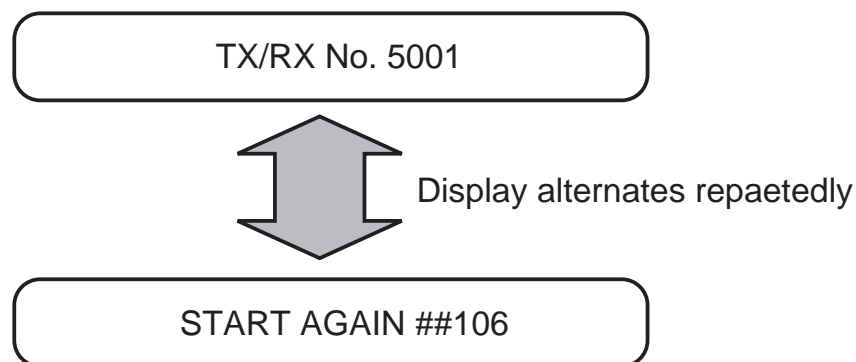
Figure 4-3 Service Error Code Display

b) Error code countermeasures
The following item c) lists all the error codes that the product can display. As for causes and countermeasures, only the error codes which are newly incorporated in the unit as well as which require remedies unique to the product are included in the item d). For the causes and countermeasures of other error codes, refer to the separate *G3 Facsimile Error Code Service Hand Book (Rev. 1).*

- **Increase the transmission level**
  Increase service data #2 MENU Parameter No.07 toward 0 (dBm).
- **Decrease the transmission level**
  Decrease service data #2 MENU Parameter No.07 toward -15 (dBm).
- **Echo measures**
  Change the following bit switches of service data #1 SSSW SW03.
  Bit 4:1 Ignore the first DIS signal sent by the other fax machine.
      0 Do not ignore the first DIS signal sent by the other fax machine.
  Bit 5:1 Transmit a tonal signal (1850 or 1650 Hz) when the other fax machine sends a DIS signal.
      0 Do not transmit a tonal signal when the other fax machine sends a DIS signal.
  Bit 6:1 Transmit a 1850-Hz tonal signal when bit 5 is 1.
      0 Transmit a 1650-Hz tonal signal when bit 5 is 1.
  Bit 7:1 Transmit a tonal signal before sending a CED signal.
      0 Do not transmit a tonal signal before sending a CED signal.

- **EPT (Echo Protect Tone)**

  Change service data #1 SSSW SW03 bit 1.

  Bit 1:1   Transmit an echo protect tone.

       0   Do not transmit an echo protect tone.

- **Adjust NL equalizer.**

  Set service data #2 MENU Parameter No.05 to "ON".

- **Reduce the transmission start speed.**

  Reduce the transmission speed by changing "TX START SPEED"etting in user data "SYSTEM SETTINGS".

- **Loosen the TCF judgment standard.**

  Not available for this fax.

- **Loosen the RTN transmission conditions.**

  Change service data #3 NUMERIC Param. Parameters No.02 to 04.

  No.02 Percentage of errors in all lines   : Set close to 99%.

  No.03 Number of lines of burst condition   : Set close to 99 lines.

  No.04 Lines below the burst condition   : Set close to 99 times.

- **Increase the no-sound time after CFR reception.**

  Change service data #1 SSSW SW04 bit 4 to "1".

  Bit 4:1   Time when the low-speed signal is ignored after sending a CFR signal: 1500 ms

       0   Time when the low-speed signal is ignored after sending a CFR signal: 700 ms

c) ERROR CODE LIST

The error codes that have newly been added starting with the product are identified by the notation "New"; those error codes for which remedies unique to the product are offered are identified by the notation "UHQ (UNIQUE)."

• User error code

	No.	Tx or Rx	Definition
UNQ	#001	[TX]	Paper Jam
UNQ	#003	[TX/RX]	Copy Page, Communication Time Over
UNQ	#005	[TX/RX]	Initial ID (T1) Time Over
UNQ	#009	[RX]	Recording Paper Jam or Out of Paper
	#011	[RX]	Polling Error
	#012	[TX]	Other party Out of Paper
	#018	[TX/RX]	Automatic Dialing Error
UNQ	#021	[RX]	DCN during Polling Rx
	#022	[TX]	Call Failure
	#037	[RX]	Image Memory Full
UNQ	#080	[TX]	Other party doses not have ITU-T recommended subaddress reception function
UNQ	#081	[TX]	Other party doses not have ITU-T recommended password reception function
UNQ	#082	[RX]	Other party doses not have ITU-T recommended selective polling transmission function
UNQ	#083	[RX]	DCN received during polling reception
UNQ	#084	[RX]	In polling reception, other party does not have ITU-T recommended password reception
UNQ	#102	[TX]	In transmission, DCN received in response to password/subaddress
	#995	[TX/RX]	Memory Communication reservation cancellation

• Service error code

No.	Tx or Rx	Definition
##100	[TX]	Excessive Repeat Protocol during Rx
##101	[TX/RX]	Modem Speed Different from Other Party
##102	[TX]	Fall Back Failure during Tx
##103	[RX]	Fail to Detect EOL for 5 Seconds (15 seconds for CBT) during Rx
##104	[TX]	RTN or PIN Received during Tx
##106	[RX]	Fail to Receive Protocol for 6 Seconds when Waiting for Protocol during Rx
##107	[RX]	Fall Back Failure on Tx Side during Rx
##109	[TX]	Receive Signals Other than DIS, DTC, FTT, CFR or CRP after DCS Tx and Exceed the Number of Protocol re-transmissions during Tx
##111	[TX/RX]	Memory error
##114	[RX]	RTN Transmission during Reception

No.	Tx or Rx	Definition
##116	[TX/RX]	Detect Loop Current Disconnection during Communication
##200	[RX]	Fail to Detect Picture Rx Carrier for 5 Seconds during Rx
##201	[TX/RX]	DCN received Other than Normal Binary Protocol
##204	[TX]	Receive DTC without Tx Data
##220	[TX/RX]	System Error (main program runaway)
##224	[TX/RX]	Abnormal Protocol during G3 Communication
##229	[RX]	Recording Unit Locked for 1 Minute
##232	[TX]	ENCODE Control Unit Malfunction
##237	[RX]	DECODE Control Unit Malfunction
##238	[RX]	PRINT Control Unit Malfunction
##261	[TX/RX]	System Error between Modem and SCNT
##280	[TX]	Excessive Repeat Protocol Command during Tx
##281	[TX]	Excessive Repeat Protocol Command during Tx
##282	[TX]	Excessive Repeat Protocol during Tx
##283	[TX]	Excessive Repeat Protocol during Tx
##284	[TX]	DCN Reception after TCF Transmission
##285	[TX]	DCN Reception after EOP Transmission
##286	[TX]	DCN Reception after EOM Transmission
##287	[TX]	DCN Reception after MPS Transmission
##288	[TX]	Receive Signals Other than PIN, PIP, MCF, RTP or RTN after EOP Transmission
##289	[TX]	Receive Signals Other than PIN, PIP, MCF, RTP or RTN after EOM Transmission
##290	[TX]	Receive Signals Other than PIN, PIP, MCF, RTP or RTN after MPS Transmission
UHQ ##322	[RX]	Printer (LBP) Fixing Unit Trouble
UHQ ##323	[RX]	Printer (LBP) BD (Beam Detect) Trouble
UHQ ##324	[RX]	Printer (LBP) Scanner Trouble
UHQ ##670	[TX]	At V.8 late start, the called party declares the V.8 protocol in DIS signal and this unit transmits a CI signal, but the protocol does not progress and a T1 time-out occurs.
UHQ ##671	[RX]	At V.8 termination, the protocol did not advance to phase 2 and a T1 time-out occurs after the caller CM signal was detected.
UHQ ##672	[TX]	The protocol did not move from phase 2 to phase 3 and a T1 time-out occurred during V.34 transmission.
UHQ ##673	[RX]	The protocol did not move from phase 2 to phase 3 and a T1 time-out occurred during V.34 reception.
UHQ ##674	[TX]	The protocol did not move from phase 3 to phase 4 and a T1 time-out occurred during V.34 transmission.

	No.	Tx or Rx	Definition
UHQ	##675	[RX]	The protocol did not move from phase 3 to phase 4 and a T1 time-out occurred during V.34 reception.
	##750	[TX]	Exceed Repeat Protocol Due to Failure to Receive Significant Signals after Transmitting PPS-NULL during ECM Tx
	##752	[TX]	Receive DCN after PPS-NULL Transmission during ECM Tx
	##753	[TX]	Exceed Protocol Retransmission Limit or T5 Time (60 seconds) after PPS-NULL Transmission during ECM Tx
	##754	[TX]	Exceed Retransmit Protocol after PPS-NULL Transmission during ECM Tx
	##755	[TX]	Exceed Protocol Retransmission Limit Due to Failure to Receive Significant Signals after PPS-MPS Transmission during ECM Tx
	##757	[TX]	Receive DCN after PPS-MPS Transmission during ECM Tx
	##758	[TX]	Exceed Protocol Retransmission Limit or T5 Time (60 seconds) after PPS-MPS Transmission during ECM Tx
	##759	[TX]	Exceed Retransmit Protocol after PPS-MPS Transmission during ECM Tx
	##760	[TX]	Exceed Protocol Retransmission Limit Due to Failure to Receive Significant Signals after PPS-EOM Transmission during ECM Tx
	##762	[TX]	Receive DCN after PPS-EOM Transmission during ECM Tx
	##763	[TX]	Exceed Protocol Retransmission Limit or T5 Time (60 seconds) after PPS-MPS Transmission during ECM Tx
	##764	[TX]	Exceed Retransmit Protocol after PPS-EOP Transmission during ECM Tx
	##765	[TX]	Exceed Protocol Retransmission Limit Due to Failure to Receive Significant Signals after PPS-EOP Transmission during ECM Tx
	##767	[TX]	Receive DCN after PPS-EOP Transmission during ECM Tx
	##768	[TX]	Exceed Protocol Retransmission Limit or T5 Time (60 seconds) after PPS-EOP Transmission during ECM Tx
	##769	[TX]	Exceed Retransmit Protocol after PPS-EOP Transmission during ECM Tx
	##770	[TX]	Exceed Repeat Protocol Limit Due to Failure to Receive Significant Signals after Transmitting EOR-NULL during ECM Tx
	##772	[TX]	Receive DCN after EOR-NULL Transmission during ECM Tx

No.	Tx or Rx	Definition
##773	[TX]	Exceed Protocol Retransmission Limit or T5 Time (60 seconds) after EOR-NULL Transmission during ECM Tx
##774	[TX]	Receive ERR after EOR-NULL Transmission during ECM Tx
##775	[TX]	Exceed Protocol Retransmission Limit Due to Failure to Receive Significant Signals after EOR-MPS Transmission during ECM Tx
##777	[TX]	Receive DCN after EOR-MPS Transmission during ECM Tx
##778	[TX]	Exceed Protocol Retransmission Limit or T5 Time (60 seconds) after EOR-MPS Transmission during ECM Tx
##779	[TX]	Receive ERR after EOR-MPS Transmission during ECM Tx
##780	[TX]	Exceed Protocol Retransmission Limit Due to Failure to Receive Significant Signals after EOR-EOM Transmission during ECM Tx.
##782	[TX]	Receive DCN after EOR-EOM Transmission during ECM Tx
##783	[TX]	Exceed Protocol Retransmission Limit or T5 Time (60 seconds) after EOR-EOM Transmission during ECM Tx
##784	[TX]	Receive ERR after EOR-EOM Transmission during ECM Tx
##785	[TX]	Exceed Protocol Retransmission Limit Due to Failure to Receive Significant Signals after EOR-EOP Transmission during ECM Tx.
##787	[TX]	Receive DCN after EOR-EOP Transmission during ECM Tx
##788	[TX]	Exceed Protocol Retransmission Limit or T5 Time (60 seconds) after EOR-EOP Transmission during ECM Tx
##789	[TX]	Receive ERR after EOR-EOP Transmission during ECM Tx
##790	[RX]	Transmit ERR after EOR-Q Reception during ECM Rx
##791	[TX/RX]	Receive Non-Significant Signals during ECM Mode Procedures
##792	[RX]	Fail to Detect PPS-NULL between Partial Pages during ECM Rx
##793	[RX]	Time Over Due to Failure to Receive Valid Frame during High Speed Signal Rx upon ECM Rx
##794	[TX]	Receive All 0 PPR during ECM Tx
##795	[TX/RX]	Trouble in the decoding processing during communication

d) New error codes and recovery methods

Those error codes that have been added starting with the product and those error codes for which remedies unique to the product are offered are shown together with causes and remedies, where applicable.

#001 [TX] Paper jam

Cause:	The document jammed in the fax machine.
Solutions:	Remove the document and transmit/copy again.
Cause:	The document width size or thickness does not meet the standards.
Solutions:	Use a copy machine to copy the document to LTR or other standard size
Cause:	Internal structure defect.

Solutions:

(1) Check if the document sensor (DS) and document edge sensor (DES) are operating correctly using the methods given in this chapter,5.1.6 Faculty tests, Test mode [6] Faculty test, [3] Sensor tests.

(2) Check the actuators of the original sensor (DS) and the original edge sensor (DES) for disconnection.

(3) Check the document sensor (DS) and OPCNT board (J3) connections.

(4) Check the document edge sensor (DES) and OPCNT board (J4) connections.

(5) Check the SCNT board (J3) and OPCNT board (J2) connections.

(6) Make a copy,and make sure that the document read motor is operating corrctly.

(7) Check the document read motor and PCNT board (J402) connections.

(8) Check the SCNT board (J4) and PCNT board connections.

(9) Replace the document sensor (DS).

(10) Replace the document edge sensor (DES).

(11) Replace the OPCNT board.

(12) Replace the document read motor.

(13) Replace the SCNT board.

(14) Replace the PCNT board.

#003 [TX/RX] Copy page transmission time over

Cause:	One page of the document was longer than 39.4 inches (1 meter) or transmission/copying took longer than the regulated time (32 minutes).
Solutions:	(1) Use a copy machine to copy the document onto serveral shorter page, then transmit/copy.
	(2) Raise the page timer value with Service Data #1 SSSW SW12.
Cause:	Reception took longer than the regulated time (32 minutes).
Solutions:	(1) Have the other party split the document over multiple pages and receive it that way.
	(2) Contact the other party and check the cause.
	(3) Raise the page timer value with Service Data #1 SSSW SW12.
Cause:	Internal structure defect.
Solutions:	(1) Check if the document sensor (DS) and document edge sensor (DES) are operating correctly using the methods given in this chapter,5.1.6 Faculty tests, Test mode [6] Faculty test, [3] Sensor tests.
	(2) Check the document sensor (DS) and OPCNT board (J3) connections.
	(3) Check the document edge sensor (DES) and OPCNT board (J4) connections.
	(4) Check the SCNT board (J3) and OPCNT board (J2) connections.
	(5) Make a copy,and make sure that the document read motor is operating corrctly.
	(6) Check the document read motor and PCNT board (J402) connections.
	(7) Check the SCNT board (J4) and PCNT board connections.
	(8) Replace the document sensor (DS).
	(9) Replace the document edge sensor (DES).
	(10) Replace the OPCNT board.
	(11) Replace the document read motor.
	(12) Replace the SCNT board.
	(13) Replace the PCNT board.

#005 [TX/RX] Initial identification time (T0/T1) over

Cause:	Tone/pulse parameter set incorrectly.
Solutions:	Set the user data "TEL LINE TYPE" tone/pulse parameter correctly.
Cause:	The time until connection with the other fax is too long.
Solutions:	(1) When registering for auto dialing, add a long pause to delay the start of the timer.
	(2) Lengthen the T0 timer with Service Data #3 Numeric param.10 so that the timer does not time out.
Cause:	The other fax does not answer.
Solutions:	Contact the other party and have them check for the cause.
Cause:	The communications mode (G2,G3,etc) of the other fax does not match that of this fax.
Solutions:	The communications mode is a part of specification for the fax, so there is no countermeasure.
Cause:	(1) The other fax malfunctioned during transmission due to echoes.
	(2) Malfunction due to echoes during reception.
Solutions:	Provide measures against echoing using SW03 of service data #1 SSSW.

#009 [RX] Recording paper jam or out of paper

Cause:	The recording paper jammed.
Solutions:	Clear the recording paper jam.
Cause:	There is no recording paper.
Solutions:	Load recording paper.
Cause:	Internal structure defect.
Solutions:	(1) Check the actuators of the recording paper edge sensor and the recording paper delivery sensor for damage and deformation.
	(2) Check the connection of the main motor and the PCNT board (J401).
	(3) Check the connection of the power unit (J205) and the recording paper sensor.
	(4) Check the connection of the PCNT board and the SCNT board (J4); check the connection of the power unit (J202) and the PCNT board (J101); then, check the connection of the power supply unit (J201) and the SCNT board (J1).
	(5) Replace the sensor.
	(6) Replace the main motor.
	(7) Replace the PCNT board.
	(8) Replace the SCNT board.
	(9) Replace the power supply unit.

#021 [RX] DCN received during polling reception

Cause:	No subaddress/password set in other machine.
Solutions:	Contact the other party and check subaddress/password of the other party.

#080 [TX] Other party does not have ITU-T recommended subaddress reception

Cause:	The other party's DIS bit 49 is 0.
Solutions:	Contact the other party and confirm whether or not their fax supports subaddress receiving. Try sending again without a subaddress.

#081 [TX] Other party does not have ITU-T recommended password reception

Cause:	The other party's DIS bit 50 is 0.
Solutions:	Contact the other party and confirm whether or not their fax supports ITU-T password receiving. Try sending again without a password.

#082 [RX] Other party does not have ITU-T recommended selective polling transmission function

Cause:	The other party's DIS bit 47 is 0.
Solutions:	Contact the other party and confirm that whether or not their fax can accept a polling request with a subaddress. Try again without a subaddress.

#083 [RX] DCN received during polling reception

Cause:	Subaddress/password does not match.
Solutions:	Contact the other party and confirm that the subaddress/password that you are using are correct.

#084 [RX] In polling reception, other party does not have ITU-T recommended password reception

Cause:	The other party's DIS bit 50 is 0.
Solutions:	Contact the other party and confirm whether or not their fax supports receiving a polling request with an ITU-T password. Try again without a password.

#102 [TX] In transmission, DCN received in response to password/subaddress

Cause:	Password/subaddress does not match.
Solutions:	Contact the other party and have them set a password/subaddress.
Cause:	Other party's memory is full.
Solutions:	Contact the other party and have them make sufficient memory available.

##322 [RX] Fixing heater temperature abnormality

Cause:	Internal unit defect.
Solutions:	(1) Check the connections between the fixing ass'y and the PCNT board (J206) and between the fixing ass'y and the power supply unit (J102).
	(2) Check the connection between the PCNT board (J101) and the power supply unit (J202).
	(3) Check the resistance between connector pins of the fixing ass'y.
	J206-12 and J206-13: 436 to 301 kΩ (at 25°C)
	J102-1 and J102-2: 120.9 to 139.1 Ω (at 25°C)
	If either resistance is incorrect, replace the fixing ass'y.
	(4) Replace the PCNT board.
	(5) Replace the power supply unit.
	(6) Replace the SCNT board.

##323 [RX] LASER/scanner section BD signal output abnormal

Cause:	Internal unit defect (Low LASER intensity)
Solutions:	(1) Check the connection between the LASER/scanner section (J801) and the SCNT board (J5).
	(2) Replace the LASER/scanner section.
	(3) Replace the SCNT board.
Cause:	Internal unit defect (BD signal timing error)
Solutions:	(1) Check the connection between the LASER/scanner section (J801) and the SCNT board (J5).
	(2) Replace the LASER/scanner section.
	(3) Replace the SCNT board.

##324 [RX] Printer section scanner motor rotation rate abnormal

Cause:	Internal unit defect (Incorrect scanner motor speed)
Solutions:	(1) Check the connection between the LASER/scanner section (J802) and the PCNT board (J208).
	(2) Replace the LASER/scanner section.
	(3) Replace the PCNT board.
	(4) Replace the SCNT board.

3.3 Errors not Shown on the Display
3.3.1 General errors
- **The unit does not turn on. (Evaluation criteria: Look at the actual unit.)**
    (1) Check the power cord connection.
    (2) Check the connection between the PCNT board (J101) and power supply unit (J202).
    (3) Check the connection between the SCNT board (J1) and power supply unit (J202).
    (4) Check the connection between the SCNT board (J4) and PCNT board.
    (5) Check the power supply unit's fuse (FU102).
    (6) Replace the power supply unit.

- **Abnormal display. (Applicable test mode: Operation panel test)**
  Nothing is displayed.
    (1) Check the connection between the OPCNT board (J2) and SCNT board (J3).
    (2) Check the connection between the LCD unit and OPCNT board (J5).
    (3) Replace the LCD unit.
    (4) Replace the OPCNT board.
    (5) Replace the SCNT board.

  Part of the LCD panel does not display anything.
    (1) Check for LCD problems with the test mode.
    (2) Check the connection between the OPCNT board (J2) and SCNT board (J3).
    (3) Check the connection between the LCD unit and OPCNT board (J5).
    (4) Replace the LCD unit.
    (5) Replace the OPCNT board.
    (6) Replace the SCNT board.

- **The buttons do not work. (Applicable test mode: Operation panel test)**
    (1) If the test mode can be used, check for faulty buttons.
    (2) Check the connection between the OPCNT board (J2) and SCNT board (J3).
    (3) Check the connection between the Membren sheet and OPCNT board (J1).
    (4) Replace the Membren sheet.
    (5) Replace the OPCNT board.
    (6) Replace the SCNT board.

- **No sound from the speaker**
    (1) Check the connection of the speaker and SCNT board (J301).
    (2) Replace the speaker.
    (3) Replace the SCNT board.

3.3.2 Printing problems
- **Faulty printing (Evaluation criteria: Test print is faulty.)**
  - **The paper is not fed correctly. (Evaluation criteria: Look at the actual unit.)**

    The main motor does not run.
    (1) Check the connection between the main motor and the PCNT board (J401).
    (2) Check the main motor's resistance. 8.1 ~ 12.54 Ω/1 phase is normal. (*Fig. 4-4*)
    (3) Replace the main motor.
    (4) Replace the PCNT board.
    (5) Replace the SCNT board.

    The paper is not picked up from the auto sheet feeder.
    (1) Check whether the recommended paper is used.
    (2) Check whether more than 100 sheets of paper have been loaded in the auto sheet feeder.
    (3) Check whether the paper has been loaded into the sheet feeder correctly.
    (4) Check the connection between the paper pickup solenoid and the power supply unit (J204).
    (5) Replace the paper pickup solenoid.
    (6) Clean the separation pad.
    (7) Replace the separation pad.
    (8) Replace the separation pad spring or the lifting spring.
    (9) Replace the SCNT board.

    The paper skews.
    (1) Check whether the recommended paper is used.
    (2) Check whether more than 100 sheets of paper have been loaded in the sheet feeder.
    (3) Check whether the paper has been loaded into the sheet feeder correctly.
    (4) Check whether dust or paper debris have built up inside the auto sheet feeder.
    (5) Check whether the paper pickup roller, or any other rollers, are damaged or scratched.

• **The printing operation is abnormal.**
  The unit indicates there is a paper jam when there is no paper jam.
  (1) Check the connection from the paper edge sensor to the Power supply unit (J205).
  (2) Check whether the paper edge sensor and actuator and the paper eject sensor actuator are in their correct positions.
  (3) In test mode check whether the paper edge sensor and the paper eject sensor are operating correctly.
  (4) Replace the SCNT board.

Main motor

Main motor connector

1-2 : 8.1~12.54Ω
3-4 : 8.1~12.54Ω

To document feed motor

Document feed motor connector

1-2 : 13.95~25.68Ω
3-4 : 13.95~25.68Ω
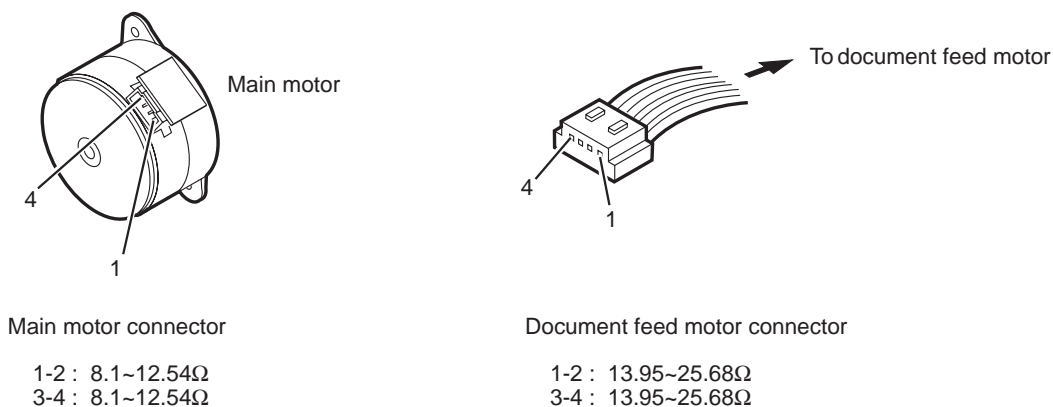
Figure 4-4 Main Motor/Document Feed Motor Connector

- **Poor printing quality (Evaluation criteria: Check the test print image's faults.)**
  Before checking for the cause of print defects, check whether the user uses Canon-recommended paper and stores it correctly. If the problem is solved by using the recommended paper, the customer should be advised to use the recommended paper and store it correctly.

Light	Dark	Completely blank	All black
Dots	Marks on back of paper	Black vertical lines	Irregular and smudged black vertical lines
Irregular and smudged black horizontal lines	Marks		Blank spots
White vertical lines	White horizontal lines	Faulty registration	Poor fixing
Distortion nBD failure	Partially compressed/stretched image		
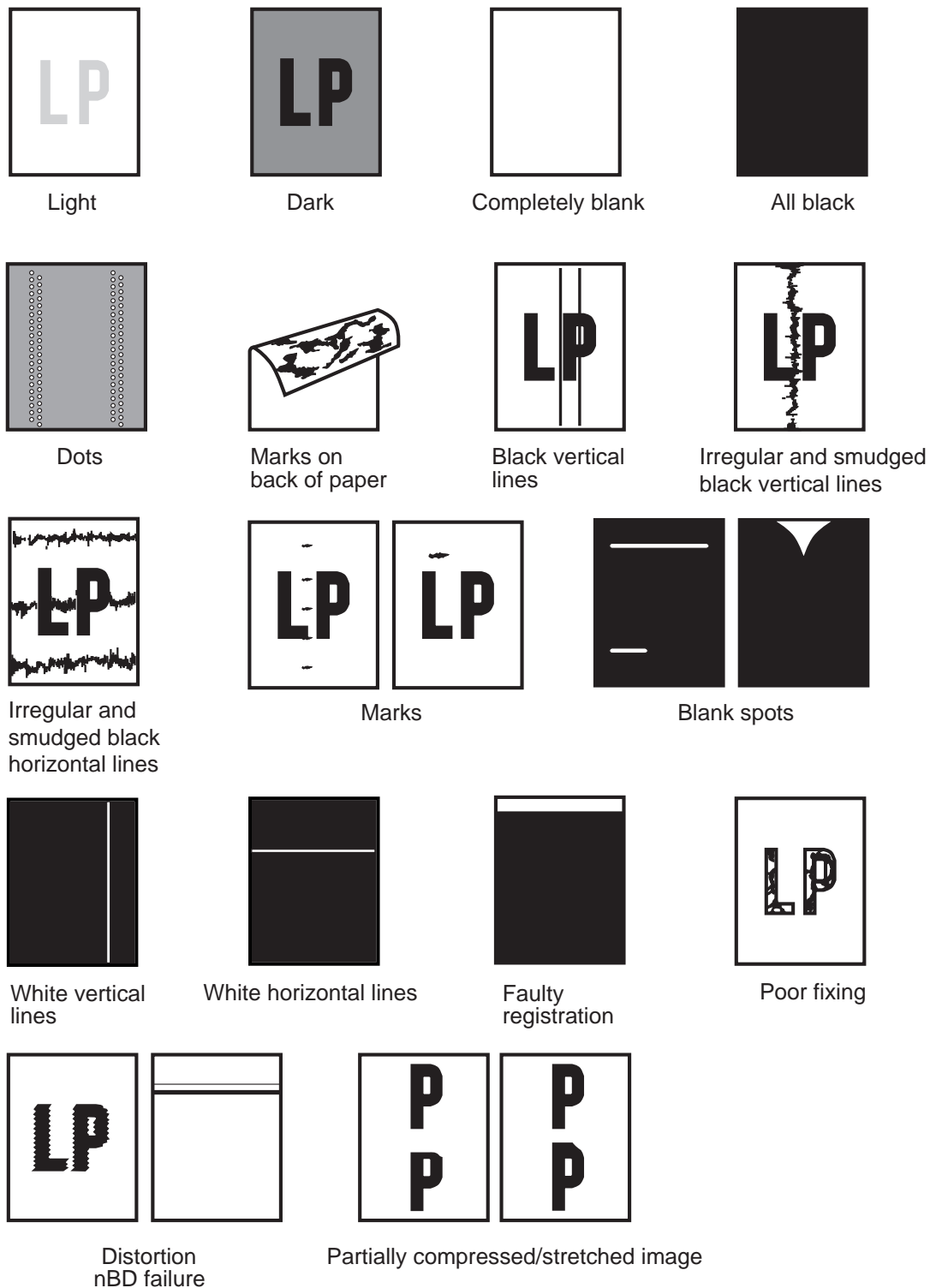
Figure 4-5 Faulty Print Samples

• Light
   Solutions:
      (1) Remove the toner cartridge and shake it lightly five or six times.
      (2) Verify that user data "PRINTER SETTING" "ECONOMY PRT" is not "ON".
      (3) Replace the toner cartridge.
      (4) Open the front cover during printing, and remove the toner cartridge. Open the cartridge drum cover shutter manually, and check whether the toner image on the photosensitive drum is transferred onto the paper. If it is transferred, go to item (7). If not, go the following step.
      (5) Clean the transfer bias contact and the transfer charging roller shaft contact.
      (6) Replace the transfer charging roller.
      (7) Clean the developing bias contact and the toner cartridge contact.
      (8) Replace the PCNT board.
      (9) Replace the LASER/scanner section.
     (10) Replace the SCNT board.
     (11) Replace the power supply unit.

• Dark
   Solutions:
      (1) Verify that user data "PRINTER SETTING" "ECONOMY PRT" is not "OFF".
      (2) Clean the drum ground contact and the toner cartridge contact
      (3) Clean the primary charging contact and the toner cartridge contact.
      (4) Replace the LASER/scanner section.
      (5) Replace the SCNT board.

• Completely blank
   Solutions:
      (1) Clean the developing bias contact and the toner cartridge contact.
      (2) Check whether the projection for opening and closing the LASER shutter on the toner cartridge is damaged.
      (3) Replace the LASER shutter lever or the LASER shutter.
      (4) Replace the PCNT board.
      (5) Replace the LASER/scanner section.
      (6) Replace the SCNT board.
      (7) Replace the power supply unit.

• All black
   Solutions:
      (1) Replace the toner cartridge.
      (2) Clean the primary charging contact and the toner cartridge contact.
      (3) Replace the PCNT board.
      (4) Replace the LASER/scanner section.
      (5) Replace the SCNT board.
      (6) Replace the power supply unit

• Dots
   Solutions: (1) Clean the static charge eliminator in the toner transfer section.
                      (2) Check the static charge eliminator contact.
                      (3) Clean the transfer charging roller.
                      (4) Replace the transfer charging roller.

• Marks on back of papers
   Solutions: (1) Copy a few white paper documents.
                      (2) If the marks are at intervals of approx. 50mm (1.96"), clean the transfer charging roller, but if they are at intervals of approx. 63mm (2.48"), clean the pressure roller.
                      (3) Clean the paper feed guide and fixing entrance guide.
                      (4) Replace the transfer charging roller.
                      (5) Replace the pressure roller.

• Black vertical lines
   Solutions: (1) Open the front cover during printing, and remove the toner cartridge. Open the cartridge drum cover shutter manually, and check whether there are black vertical lines on the photosensitive drum. If there are black lines, replace the toner cartridge. If not, go the following step.
                      (2) Clean the face-down eject roller.
                      (3) Clean the fixing entrance guide.
                      (4) Replace the fixing ass'y.

• Irregular and smudged black vertical lines
   Solutions: (1) Clean the fixing entrance guide.
                      (2) Replace the toner cartridge.

• Irregular and smudged black horizontal lines
   Solutions: If the irregular smudged black lines occur cyclically, replace the toner cartridge. If they are non-cyclical, replace the fixing ass'y.

• Marks
   Solutions: (1) If the marks are at intervals of approx. 50mm (1.96"), clean the transfer charging roller; if they are at intervals of approx. 75mm (2.95"), clean the fixing ass'y; and if they are at intervals of approx. 75mm (2.95"),or 38mm (1.5"), replace the toner cartridge.
                      (2) Clean the paper feed guide.
                      (3) Clean the fixing entrance guide.

• Blank spots
Solutions:
(1) Clean the transfer charging roller.
(2) Replace the transfer charging roller.
(3) Replace the toner cartridge.
(4) Check for foreign matter button the transfer charging roller gear and the drive gear.
(5) Clean the developing bias contact and the toner cartridge contact.
(6) Replace the PCNT board.
(7) Replace the power supply unit.
(8) Replace the SCNT board.

• White vertical lines
Solutions:
(1) Remove the toner cartridge and shake it lightly five or six times.
(2) Open the toner cartridge drum shutter and if there are vertical white lines on the photosensitive drum, replace the toner cartridge.
(3) Check for foreign matter stuck in the LASER output hole on the LASER/scanner section or the LASER input hole on the toner cartridge.
(4) Clean the face-up eject roller.
(5) Clean the fixing entrance guide.
(6) Replace the fixing ass'y.
(7) Replace the LASER/scanner section.

• White horizontal lines
Solutions:
(1) Replace the toner cartridge.
(2) Replace the fixing ass'y.

• Faulty registration
Solutions:
(1) Check if more than the regulation amount of paper is loaded in the sheet feeder.
(2) Clean the paper pickup roller.
(3) Replace the paper pickup roller.
(4) Check whether the paper edge sensor actuator is damaged or deformed.
(5) Replace the pickup solenoid.
(6) Replace the paper edge sensor.
(7) Replace the SCNT board.

• Distortion/BD signal failure
Solutions:
(1) Check the connection between the LASER/scanner section and SCNT board (J5) connector connections.
(2) Replace the LASER/scanner section.
(3) Replace the SCNT board.

• Partially compressed/stretched image

Solutions: (1) Check for foreign matter between the toner cartridge gear and the drive gear.

(2) Check if the toner cartridge gear is broken.

(3) Replace the toner cartridge.

• Poor fixing

Solutions: (1) If the marks are at intervals of approx. 75mm (2.95"), clean the fixing ass'y;if they are at intervals of approx. 63mm (2.48"), clean the pressure roller.

(2) Replace the fixing ass'y.

(3) Replace the pressure roller.

(4) See the next page, and check the nip width of the fixing section. If it is not as specified, replace the fixing pressure plate.

NOTE

Checking the fixing nip width

Improperly set fixing nip may cause a fixing ass'y problem. The fixing ass'y is not designed to allow adjustment of the nip.

Check the fixing ass'y nip by using the following procedure.

(1) Either take along one or two all-black copies of A4 or letter size made with a copier, or make one using a copier at the customer site.

(2) Set the black copy in the sheet feeder with the black side facing up.

(3) Change the paper delivery selector to the face-up delivery slot.

(4) Enter the test mode and run [3] PRINT, [6] ENDURANCE.

(5) Turn the power off when the beginning of the paper appears in the face-up delivery slot. Turn the power off, wait for 10 seconds, and remove the paper from the face-up delivery slot slowly.

(6) Measure the widths of the areas on the paper where toner luster is visible and check whether they fall within the range shown in below table.
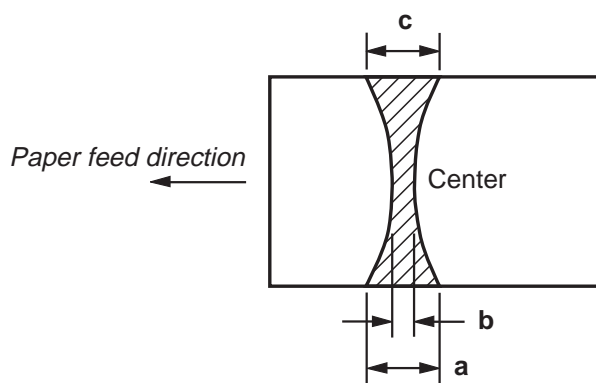
	Dimension
b	3.0 to 5.0 mm (0.12" to 0.20")
|a - c|	0.5 mm (0.02") or less
|a - b|	1.0 mm (0.04") or less
|b - c|	1.0 mm (0.04") or less

Figure 4-6 Fixing Nip Width

3.3.3 Faults in the Printer Unit

You can check the LBP status using the machine's test mode.

An LBP status is indicated by means of a 16-bit signal that represents the condition of the inside of the printer generated by the CPU mounted on the SCNT board.

If the display indicates "CHECK PRINTER," check the LBP status as follows to find out the cause of the fault:

a) LBP Status Display Procedure

To display the status, bring out the FACULTY TEST menu in test mode, and press key "3" on the keypad to select the sensor test function. (The display will be as follows.)

```
6-3 : SENSOR
[1] - - -   [6]
```

When the 4, 5, or 6 key is pressed, the status is displayed.

If the printer unit fails, LBP status number 16 used.

Pressing the 4 key.   Alternately displayed

```
0:4041    1:0001        9:0001    11:0001
```

Pressing the 5 key.   Alternately displayed

```
16:4000  27:6100        51:0025  53:0004
```

LBP status is displayed.

Pressing the 6 key.

```
73:1003
```

Status number
Status data
Status data
Status data
Status data

```
16:4000   27:6100
```
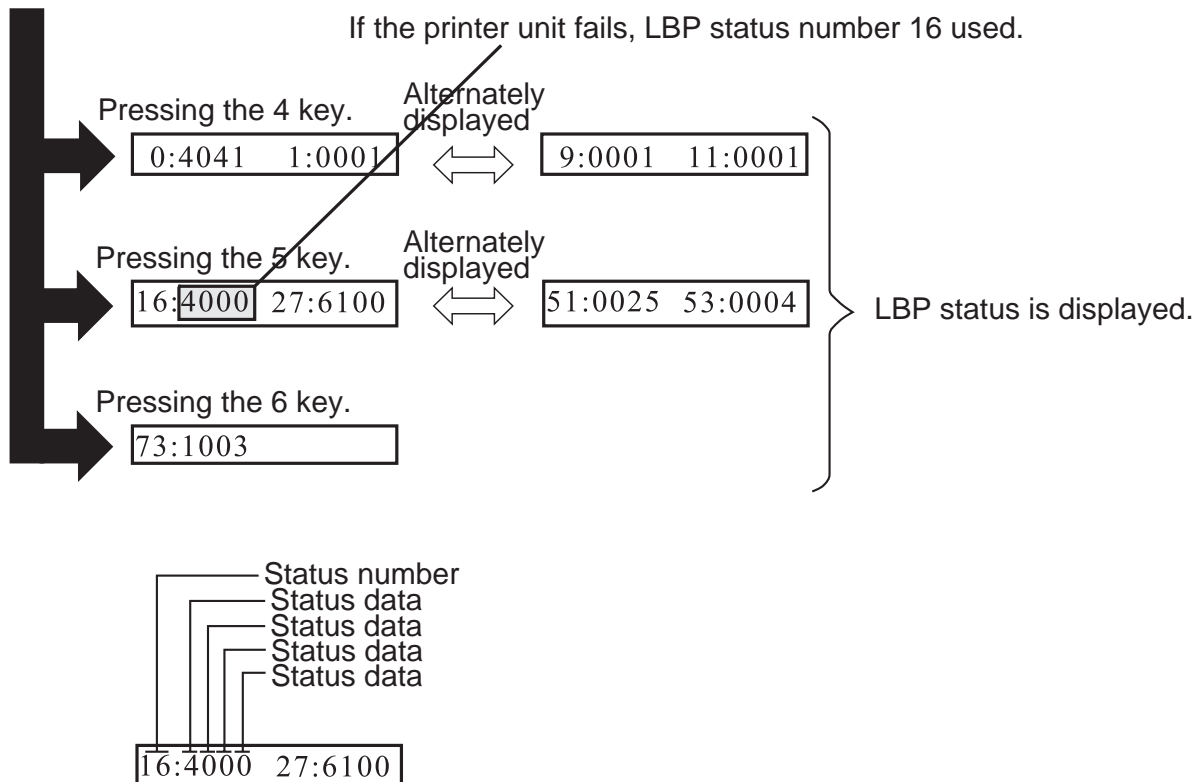
Figure 4-7 LBP Status Diaplay

b) LBP Status Check

The LBP status is indicated in 4-digit hexadecimal notation (instead of 16-digit binary notation).

Bit 16 is a parity bit (odd).

Parity bid (odd)

NOTE
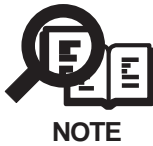
The parity bit is one of the 16 bits transmitted from the PCNT board to the SCNT board and added by the transmitter so that the total number of bits of "1" becomes an odd number. The receiver checks the number of bits of "1" is an odd number to detect a transmission error.

Status number
 In this case, status 16
Status data (1st 4-bit section)
 In this case, 1st 4-bit section is interpreted as "0100"
Status data (2nd 4-bit section)
 In this case, 2nd 4-bit section is interpreted as "0000"
Status data (3rd 4-bit section)
 In this case, 3rd 4-bit section is interpreted as "0000"
Status data (4th 4-bit section)
 In this case, 4th 4-bit section is interpreted as "0000"

    16:4000   27:6100

If this information on status 16 is as indicated above,i.e., 1st 4-bit section is "4", 2nd 4-bit section is "0", 3rd 4-bit section is "0", and 4th 4-bit section is "0", we will learn that bit 6 is "1" from the following conversion table.
Bit 6 of status 16 indicates a fixing unit error, so the cause of the printer unit failure is the fixing unit.

Display	(1st 4bit section) Bit1 Bit2 Bit3 Bit4	(2nd 4bit section) Bit5 Bit6 Bit7 Bit8	(3rd 4bit section) Bit9 Bit10 Bit11 Bit12	(4th 4bit section) Bit13 Bit14 Bit15 Bit16	Display
0 =	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	= 0
1 =	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	= 1
2 =	0 0 1 0	0 0 1 0	0 0 1 0	0 0 1 0	= 2
3 =	0 0 1 1	0 0 1 1	0 0 1 1	0 0 1 1	= 3
4 =	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0	= 4
5 =	0 1 0 1	0 1 0 1	0 1 0 1	0 1 0 1	= 5
6 =	0 1 1 0	0 1 1 0	0 1 1 0	0 1 1 0	= 6
7 =	0 1 1 1	0 1 1 1	0 1 1 1	0 1 1 1	= 7
		1 0 0 0	1 0 0 0	1 0 0 0	= 8
		1 0 0 1	1 0 0 1	1 0 0 1	= 9
		1 0 1 0	1 0 1 0	1 0 1 0	= A
		1 0 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 0 1 1	= B
		1 1 0 0	1 1 0 0	1 1 0 0	= C
		1 1 0 1	1 1 0 1	1 1 0 1	= D
		1 1 1 0	1 1 1 0	1 1 1 0	= E
		1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	= F

Figure 4-8 Status Data Check

c) LBP Status Explanation

LBP status is an 16-bit binary number as described in the previous page. An example of status data is given below.

Indicates the status if each bit of the status is "1".

Indicates the status if each bit of the status is "0".

Bit	Meaning	1	0
1	Unused		
2	Unused		
3	Unused		
4	Scanner motor failure	Failure	Normal
5	nBD signal error	Failure	Normal
6	Fixing unit failure	Failure	Normal
7	Unused		
8	Unused		
9	Unused		
10	Unused		
11	Unused		
12	Unused		
13	Unused		
14	Unused		
15	Unused		
16	Parity bit (odd)		

Figure 4-9 Table Description

Status 16 (Sarvice call status)

Bit	Meaning	1	0
1	Unused		
2	Unused		
3	Unused		
4	Scanner motor failure	Failure	Normal
5	nBD signal error	Failure	Normal
6	Fixing unit failure	Failure	Normal
7	Unused		
8	Unused		
9	Unused		
10	Unused		
11	Unused		
12	Unused		
13	Unused		
14	Unused		
15	Unused		
16	Parity bit (odd)		

[Bit 4]

"1" when the scanner motor does not reach the prescribed speed within 63.4 seconds after the motor starts in the laser scanner unit.

[Bit 5]

"1" when the output from the laser diode in the laser scanner unit is abnormal or the scanner unit fails, and the nBD signal is not output normally.

[Bit 6]

"1" when failure of the fixing heater in the fixing unit or temperature control thermistor is detected.

NOTE

Status 16 is used to indicate the printer unit failure.

3.3.4 Scanning problems

- **Faulty scanning (Evaluation criteria: Test print is good, but the copied image is poor.)**
  - **The document is not fed.**

    The document feed motor does not run. (Evaluation criteria: Check it visually.)

    (1) Check the connection between the document feed motor and the PCNT board (J402).

    (2) Check the document feed motor's resistance. $13.95 \sim 25.68\ \Omega/1$ phase is normal. (Fig. 4-4)

    (3) Replace the document feed motor.

    (4) Replace the PCNT board.

    (5) Replace the SCNT board.

    The document slips against the rollers. (Evaluation criteria: Check it visually. Stretched copy image.)

    (1) See page 4-4 and clean the document reading section.

    (2) Replace the reading section's rollers.

    The document does not separate. (Evaluation criteria: Check it visually.)

    (1) Check whether the document feed motor is driving all the rollers. (Check for any damaged gears or foreign matter stuck inside.)

    (2) Check whether the document feed lever is set to manual document feed.

    (3) See page 4-4 and clean the separation roller and separation guide.

    (4) Replace the separation roller and separation guide.

    The scanner unit's sensors are defective (Evaluation criteria: The placed document or transported document is not detected.)

    (1) Check for any faulty sensors while executing the copying operation and test mode.

    (2) Check the connection between the OPCNT board (J2) and the SCNT board (J3).

    (3) Replace OPCNT board.

    (4) Replace the SCNT board.

• **The scanning image is abnormal. (Evaluation criteria: Check the copy image's faults.)**

Nothing is printed.

(1) Check the connection between the contact sensor and SCNT board (J2).

(2) Replace the contact sensor unit.

(3) Replace the SCNT board.

The image has vertical stripes.

(1) Clean the contact sensor's scanning glass.

(2) Check the connection between the contact sensor and SCNT board (J2).

(3) Replace the contact sensor unit.

The image has thick vertical stripes.

(1) Clean the contact sensor's scanning glass.

(2) Check the connection between the contact sensor and SCNT board (J2).

(3) Replace the contact sensor unit.

3.4 Processing Communication Problems
3.4.1 Intial identification of problems

Since the facsimile must transmit picture information, a transmitter, a receiver and telephone lines are required for this purpose. Transmissions may cause problems if one or more of the there is poor.

Communication trouble

FAX

Your customer's machine

FAX

Communication companion machine
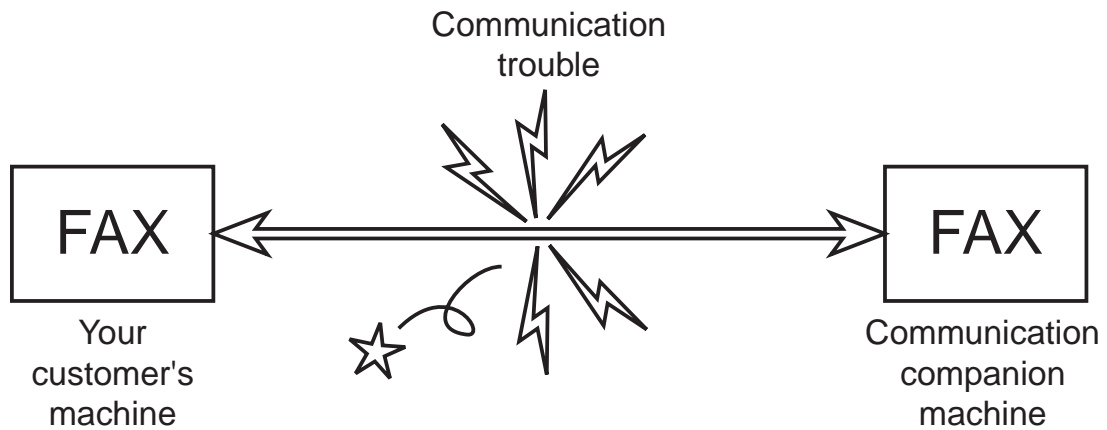
Figure 4-10 Communication Trouble

To process communication ploblrems, first of all, it is necessary to narrow down the cause of the problem. Thus, the procedures appearing below must be checked accordingly.

Start

Does an error appear on the display? — YES → Errors show on the display.
error massage page 4-10
error code page 4-13

NO

Is copying being done? — NG → General error Page 4-24

OK

Do copying Is copy picture OK? — NG → Test print — NG → Printing problem Page 4-25

OK

Communication problems exist. Carry out the procedure on the next page.

OK → Scanning problem Page 4-37
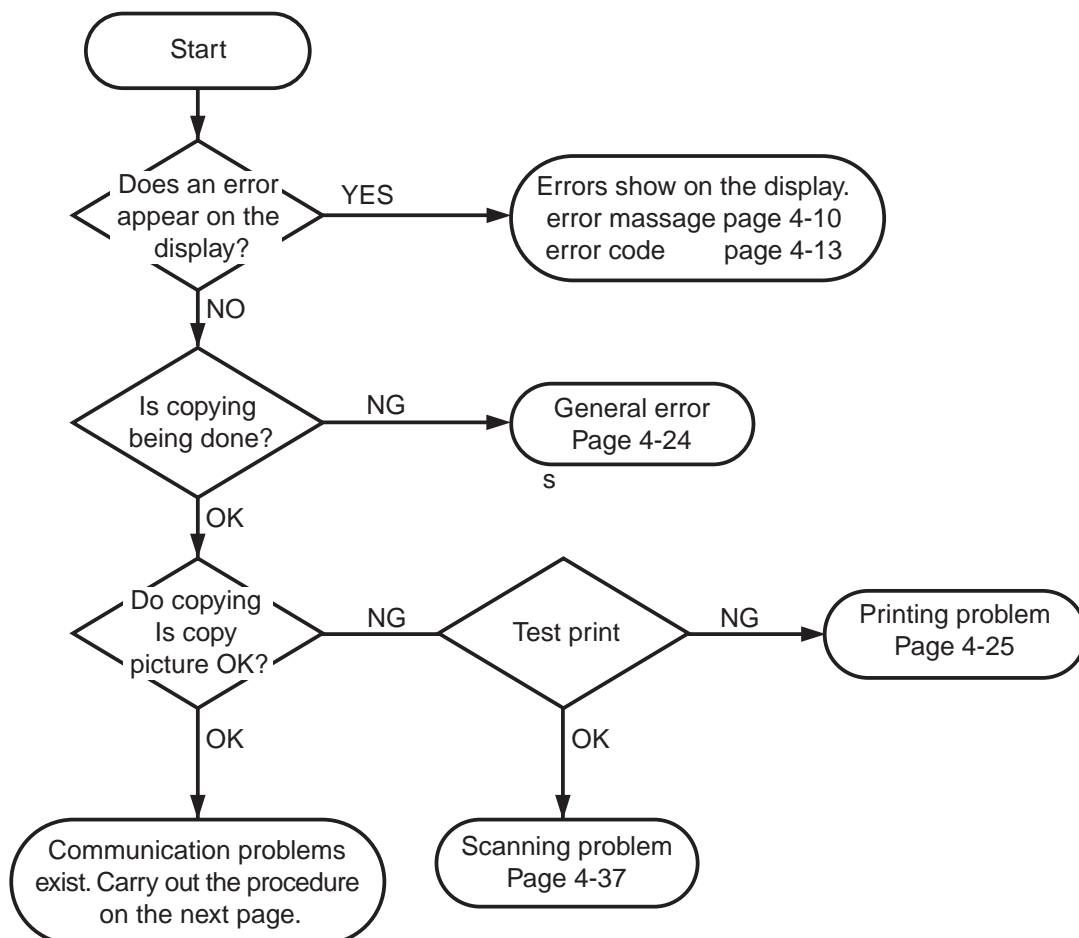
Figure 4-11 Procedures for Initial Identification of Trouble

3.4.2 Procedures for processing communication problems

If the problem proves to be communication trouble, deal with it according to the following procedures.

(1) Study the conditions at the time of trouble as closely as possible.

Record or keep the items listed below.

   a) Operations at the time of trouble.

      ⌐ Document number, transmission mode, error occurrence timing call set-up method
      ∟ (auto dialing etc.)

   b) Sample of defective picture (When receiving)

   c) LCD display at the time of trouble.

   d) Communication management report at the time of trouble.

   e) User's name, telephone number (to contact), Fax number, model name.

   f) User's name, of the other party, telephone number (to contact), Fax number, model name, name of servicemen in charge.

   g) Frequency of trouble and error code (##100 etc.).

   h) Condition of the other party's facsimile:

      ⌐ Transmitted/received page number? Automatic or manual?
      ∟ Error occourred? The receive condition? etc.

NOTE

> When visiting a user with a trouble report, a) can be known by outputting the error protcol data (or error dump), and g) can be known by outputting the total transacation report (or the system error data list).

(2) Test communication according to flowchart procedures appearing on the next page.

  • Carry out the tests with the actual lines on each item, verify the symptoms and record it.

  • In the case of trouble with another manufacturer's facsimile, refer to the flowchart for troubles with other manufacture's.

(3) Finally, process over by judging systematically all the data.

NOTE

> If the other party's facsimile is that of another manufacturer and there is nothing wrong with your customer's machine, it is recommended that you ask your customer to contact the facsimile user of the other party, so that the other party's facsimile is checked by the dealer.
>
> "**Call the service station**" in the flowchart *(Fig.4-13)* means that problems may occur with regard to the communication compatibility of facsimile, consult the matter with the staff in charge at the service station. To quicken the resolving of the problem, report the information listed in (1) above.

• Procedures for processing communication problems with Canon facsimile.
  The process for carrying out communications at three points as shown in the figure.
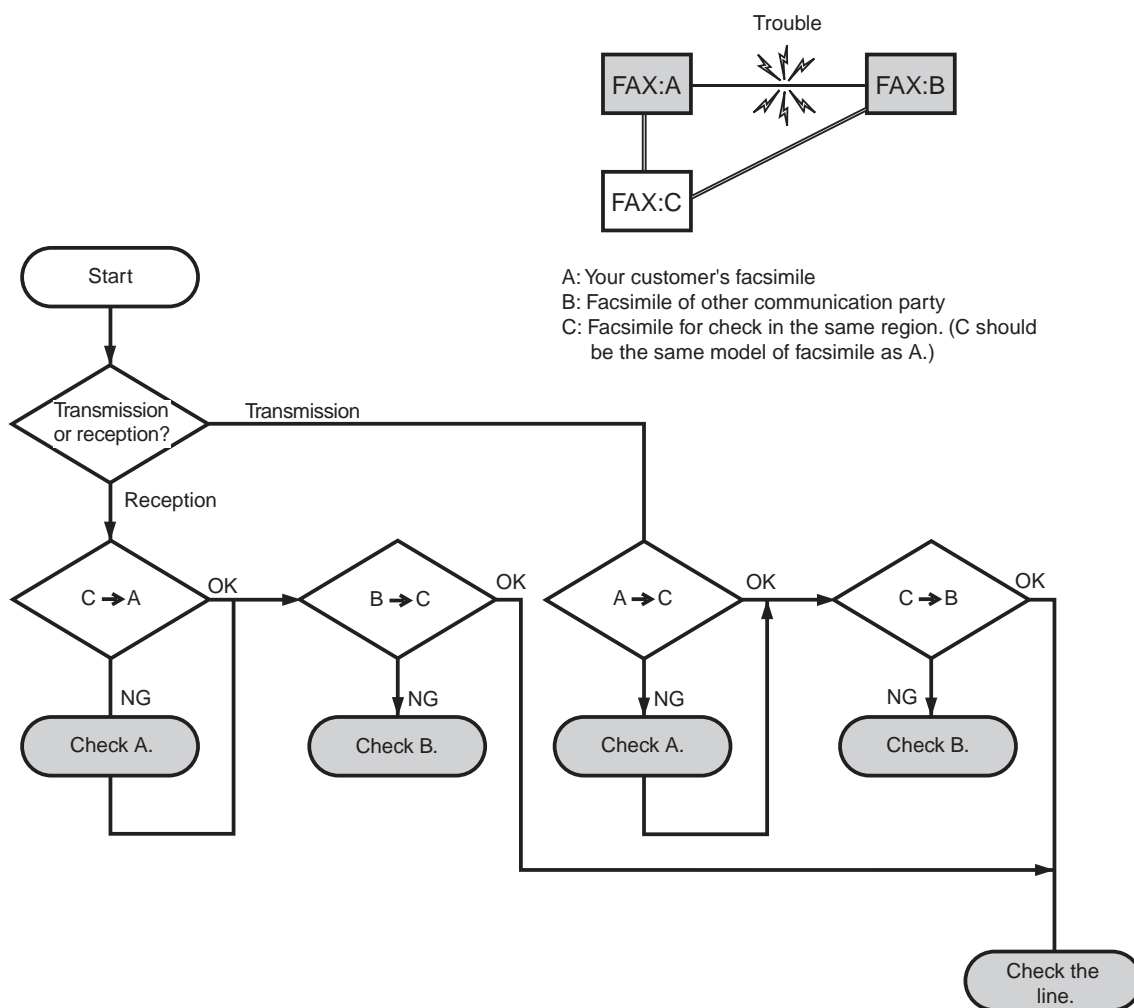
Figure 4-12 Flowchart for Processing Communication Troubles with Canon Facsimile

• Procedures for processing communication problems with other manufacturer's facsimiles.

When problems occur with other manufacturer's facsimiles, make the user of the other party's facsimile call the serviceman in charge. Perform communication at the four points listed in the figure.

A: Your customer's facsimile
B: Facsimile of other communication party
C: Facsimile for check in the same region. (C should be the same mode of facsimile as A.)
D: Other manufacturer's facsimile for check that is in the same region.
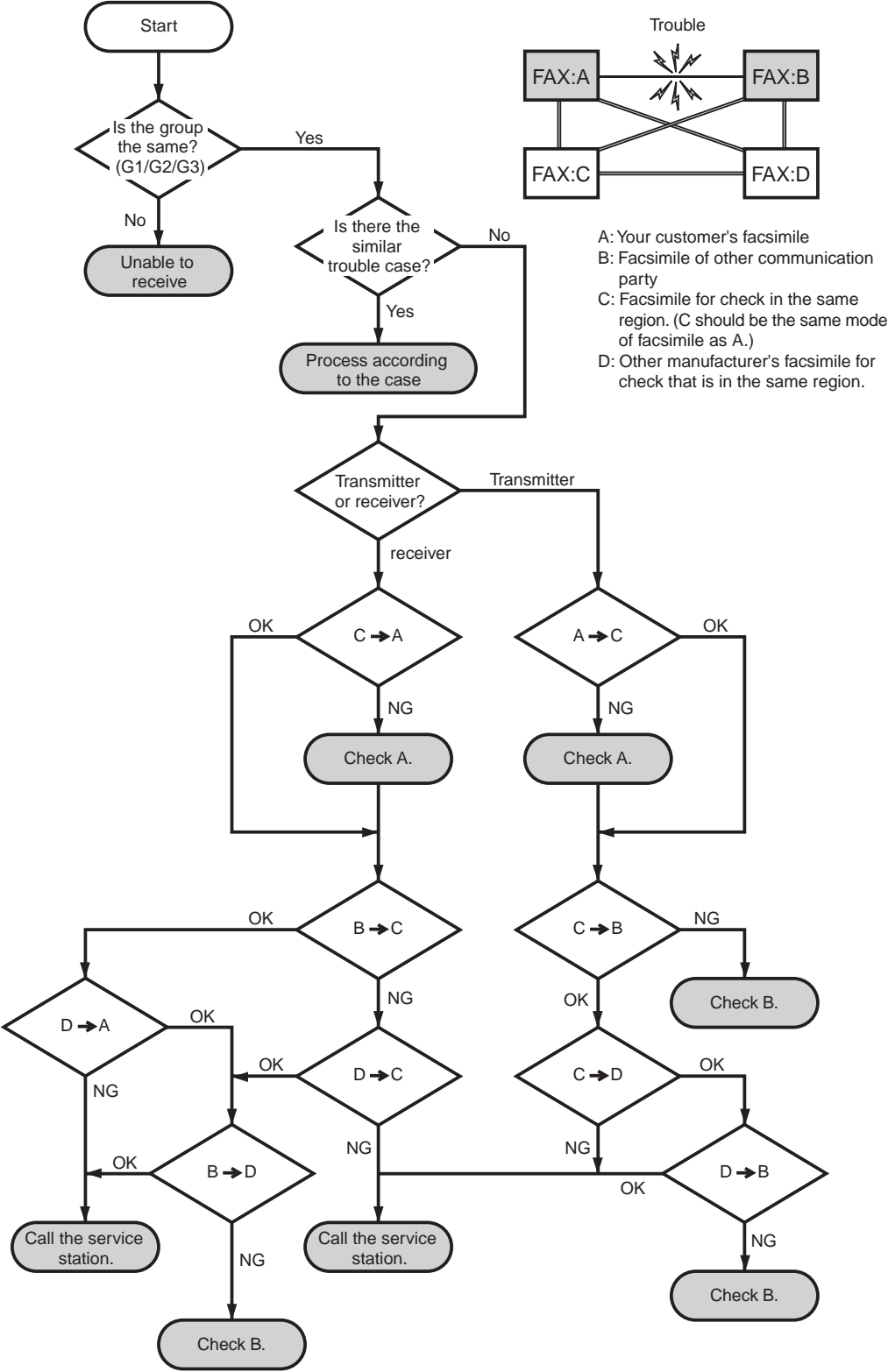
Figure 4-13 Flowchart for Processing Communication Troubles with other manufacturer's facsimile

4-42

4. SERVICE SWITCHES

4.1 Hardware Switches

There is a slide switch on the NCU board that must be set for each country.

SW No. Nation	1	3
OTHERS (in CENV territory)	A	A
U.K., FRN	B	B
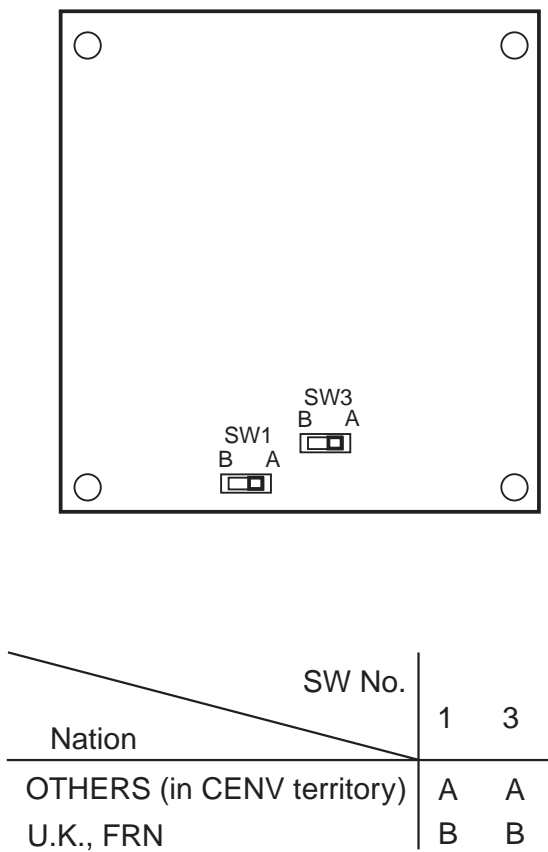
Figure 4-14 Slide Switch Location on NCU and Switch Settings

4.2 Service Data Settings

Service data can be checked and changed with items on display menus. The default values of the SSSW/parameters available in this fax machine are shown in *this Chapter, 4.2.3 Service data settings* in this manual. The SSSW/parameters given in the previous product-specific manual are explained in the *G3 Facsimile Service Data Handbook*. The new switches for this model are described in *this Chapter, 4.2.3 Service data settings*.

4.2.1 Service data overview

The service data menu items are divided into the following 9 blocks.

#1 SSSW (Service Soft Switch settings)

These setting items are for basic fax service functions such as error management, echo countermeasures, and communication trouble countermeasures.

#2 MENU (MENU switch settings)

These setting items are for functions required during installation, such as NL equalizer and transmission levels.

#3 NUMERIC Param. (NUMERIC parameter settings)

These setting items are for inputting numeric parameters such as the various conditions for the FAX/TEL switching function.

#4 NCU (NCU settings)

These setting items are for telephone network control functions such as the selection signal transmission conditions and the detection conditions, for the control signals sent from the exchange.

#5 TYPE (TYPE setting)

The type setting makes the service data conform to a specific nation's communications standards.

#6 GENESIS (UHQ function setting)

These setting items are for scanned image processing functions such as edge enhancement and error diffusion processing.

#7 PRINTER (PRINTER function settings)

These setting items are for basic printer service functions such as the reception picture reduction conditions. Also there is an item for resetting the printer section without switching the power off-on.

#8 CLEAR (data initialization mode)

Various data are initialized by selecting one of these setting items. There is a setting item for checking/inputting the total number of pages printed and total number of pages scanned by this fax.

#9 ROM (ROM management)

ROM data such as the version number and checksum are displayed.

4.2.2 Service data registration/setting method

Service data can be registered and set by the following operations:

```
  ┌─────────────────────────┐
  │  10:06  Fax Only         │   Standby (Time and Receive mode display)
  └─────────────────────────┘
         │
         │   (1) User data mode selection
         │       Press the Data registration button.
         ▼
  ┌─────────────────────────┐
  │  USER SETTINGS           │
  └─────────────────────────┘
         │
         │   (2) Service data mode selection
         │       Press the ▭#▭ button.
         ▼
  ┌─────────────────────────┐
  │  #1 SSSW                 │
  └─────────────────────────┘
         │
         │   (3) Menu item selection
         │       Select the menu item by pressing the < or > button.
         ▼
  ┌─────────────────────────┐
  │  #3 NUMERIC Param        │
  └─────────────────────────┘
         │
         │       Press the Set button.
         ▼
  ┌─────────────────────────┐
  │  01:                  0  │
  └─────────────────────────┘
         │
         │   (4) Data registration
         │       Input the data and press the Set button.
         │
         │   Press the STOP button to return to standby.
```

Figure 4-15 Service Data Setting Method

4.2.3 Service data settings

Service data

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
SW01	0	–	–	1	0	–	0	0	Error management
SW02	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	0	Memory clear list output setting
SW03	0	0	0	0	–	–	0	–	Echo solution setting
SW04	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Communication trouble solution settings
SW05	–	–	–	0	0	–	–	–	Standard function (DIS signal) setting
SW06	–	–	0	0	–	–	0	0	Scan condition settings
SW07	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW08	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW09	–	–	–	–	–	–	0	0	Communications result display function settings
SW10	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW11	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW12	0	–	0	0	0	0	1	0	Page timer settings
SW13	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW14	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW15	–	0	–	–	–	–	–	–	Dial inn FAX/TEL switching function setting
SW16	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW17	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW18	–	–	–	–	–	–	0	0	Communication trouble solutions settings
SW19	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW20	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW21	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW22	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW23	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW24	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW25	–	–	–	–	–	0	0	0	Report display function settings
SW26	0	0	–	–	–	–	–	0	Transmission function settings
SW27	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW28	–	–	0	0	0	0	0	0	V.8/V.34 protocol settings
SW29	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW30	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used

#1 SSSW (Service soft switch setting)

Figure 4-16 Service Data (page 1)

The switches marked "-" are not used. Do not change their settings.

#2 MENU		01:	Not used
(Menu switch settings)		02:	Not used
		03:	Not used
		04:	Not used
		05:	ON	NL equalizer setting
			OFF	
		06:	**DIAL**	Line monitor setting
			SERVICEMAN	
			OFF	
		07:	**10** (0~15)	Transmission level setting
		08:	**3429 baud**	V.34 Baud rate
			3200 baud	
			3000 baud	
			2800 baud	
			2743 baud	
			2400 baud	
		09:	33.6 bps	V.34 Transmission speed
			(2400 x n: $1 \leq n \leq 14$)	
		10:	50 Hz	Frequency of pseudo ring signal
			25 Hz	
			17 Hz	
		11 :	Items 11 to 20:	Not used
		20:	

Figures in boldface indicate the default setting.

Figure 4-17 Service Data (page 2)

No. 01 to 04, 11 to 20 are not used. Do not change their settings.

#3 NUMERIC Param.
(Numeric parameter settings)

	Default	Range	
01:	0		Not used
02:	10 (10%)	(1~99)	RTN signal transmission condition (1)
03:	15 (15 lines)	(2~99)	RTN signal transmission condition (2)
04:	12 (12 times)	(1~99)	RTN signal transmission condition (3)
05:	4		Pause time for NCC (before the ID code)
06:	4		Pause time for NCC (after the ID code)
07:	350		Not used
08:	0		Not used
09:	6 (6 digits)	(1~20)	The number of digits in telephone number compared against TSI signal to be matched for restricted receiving function
10:	5500 (55 seconds)	(0~9999)	Line connection detection time (T0 timer)
11:	3500 (35 seconds)	(0~9999)	T1 timer (Rx)
12:	0		Not used
13:	1310 (13 seconds)	(0~9999)	Maximum time to receive oneline of image data
14:	0		Not used
15:	120 (1200 ms)	(0~999)	Hooking detection time
16:	2 (2 seconds)	(0~9)	Pseudo RBT transmission from CML on time until start
17:	100 (1000 ms)	(0~999)	Pseudo RBT signal pattern: On time
18:	0 (0 ms)	(0~999)	Pseudo RBT signal pattern: Off time (short)
19:	400 (4000 ms)	(0~999)	Pseudo RBT signal pattern: Off time (long)
20:	100 (1000 ms)	(0~999)	Pseudo ring pattern: On time setting
21:	0 (0ms)	(0~999)	Pseudo ring pattern: Off time (short)
22:	400 (4000 ms)	(0~999)	Pseudo ring pattern: Off time (long)
23:	5	(0~9)	FAX/TEL switching function signal detection level
24:	10		Not used
25:	60 (600 s)	(0~999)	Answering machine connection function signal detection time
26:	4	(0~9)	Answering machine connection function no sound detection level
27:	0		Not used
28:	0		Not used
29:	0		Not used
30:	0		Not used

Figure 4-18 Service Data (page 3)

No. 01, 07, 08, 12, 14, 24 and 27 to 30 are not used. Do not change their settings.

NOTE

#3 NUMERIC PARAM. (Numeric parameter settings)

The relationship between the settings and the detection levels is as follows:

Parameter 23

0:-25 dBm	1:-30 dBm	2:-32 dBm	3:-35 dBm	4:-38 dBm
5:-41 dBm	6:-43 dBm	7:-45 dBm	8:-47 dBm	9:-50 dBm

Parameter 26

0:-25 dBm	1:-30 dBm	2:-32 dBm	3:-35 dBm	4:-38 dBm
5:-41 dBm	6:-43 dBm	7:-45 dBm	8:-47 dBm	9:-50 dBm

#4 NCU — TONE/PULSE
(NCU settings)
— DIAL TONE
— 2nd DIAL TONE
— BUSY TONE 0
— BUSY TONE 1
— REORDER TONE
— MULTI
— AUTO RX
— CNG DETECT
— SPECIAL
— RKEY
— PBX DIAL TONE
— PBX BUSY TONE

#5 TYPE — EUROPE
(Type setting)
— U.K
— SWEDEN
— SWISS
— AUSTRIA
— DENMARK
— NORWAY
— HOLLAND
— BELGIUM
— AUSTRALIA
— FINLAND
— N.Z.
— ITARY
— SPAIN
— PORTUGAL
— IRELAND
— HONG KONG
— MALAYSIA
— HUNGARY
— SAF
— CHINA
— GERMAN
— FRANCE
— SINGAPORE
— CZECH
— SLOVENIA
— ASIA
— POLAND
— EUROPE2

#6 GENESIS (UHQ) — Bit SW
(Genesis function settings)
— SLICE
— GAMMA

Figure 4-19 Service Data (page 4)

4-51

#4 NCU (NCU settings)

The values of these items are all set to match a specific nation's communications standards by the #5 TYPE setting.

#6 GENESIS (UHQ function settings)

Tampering with this setting may cause the scanned image quality to deteriorate.

Do not change these settings.

#7 PRINTER
(Printer function settings)

1. SSSW

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
SW01	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW02	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW03	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW04	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW05	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not used
SW06	–	–	–	–	–	1	0	0	Reduction settings

SW07~20:   Not used

SW20

2. Numeric Param

01:	14	Maximum drop-out range
02:	0	Not used
03:	0	Not used
04:	2	Leading edge margin
05:	6	Trailing edge margin
06:	0	
07:	0	
08:	0	
09:	0	

Item 10~30:   Not used

30:

3. PRINTER COUNT

4. PRINTER RESET   Yes = (＊)   Printer section reset function
No = (#)

Figure 4-20 Service Data (page 5)

#8 CLEAR	TEL	Dialling data initialization
(Data initialization mode	USER SW	User data and service data #1 to #3
settings)		initialization
	SERVICE SW	User data and service data #1 to #3 and
		#6 to #7 initialization
▲	NCU	#4 NCU setting data initialization
	SERVICE DATA	Data on system dump list initialization
	REPORT	Data on activity report initialization
▼	COUNTER	Total number of pages printed/scanned
	ALL	All user data, service data, activity
		management data, and image data
		initialization (except COUNTER)
#9 ROM	EC-XX-XX	Version No. and Checksum display
(ROM management)	○○○○○○ △△△△ □□□□	
TEST MODE	(See page 4-71)	

Figure 4-21 Service Data (page 6)
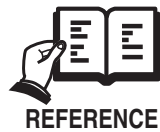
For details on test mode, see *5.1 Service Test Functions on page 4-71*.

REFERENCE

TONER
www.tonerplus.com.ua

4.2.4 Explanation of service data
a) SSSW (Service Soft Switch settings)

The items registered and set by each of these switches comprise 8-bit switches. The figure below shows which numbers are assigned to which bits. Each bit has a value of either 0 or 1.
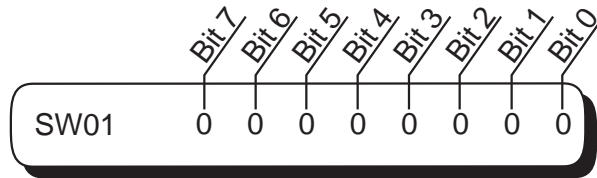
Figure 4-22 Bit Switch Display

See the chart in the service data shown in *this Chapter, 4.2.3 Service data settings* to see effective bits and their default values. With the exception of new switches added to this model the meanings (functions) of the bits are not described in this manual except the new switches added to this model. See the *G3 Facsimile Service Data Handbook* (supplied separately) for details of the switches.

Below are examples showing how to read bit switch tables.

Bit	Function	1	0
0	Service error code	Output	**Not Output**
1	Error dump list	Output	**Not Output**
2	Not used		
3	Copy function	No	**Yes**
4	##300 series service error code	**Output**	Not Output
5	Not used		
6	Not used		
7	User setting restriction	Setting possible	**Setting restricted**

Figure 4-23 How to Read Bit Switch Tables

4.2.5 New SSSWs/parameters added to this model
#1 SSSW (service soft switch setting)
SW01 (service soft switch 01: error management)

Bit	Function	1	0
0	Service error code	Output	**Not output**
1	Error dump list	Output	**Not output**
2	Enter password at confidential Rx image data transfer	No	**Yes**
3	Copy function	No	**Yes**
4 (New)	##300 series service error code	**Output**	Not output
5	Not used		
6	Not used		
7	User setting restriction	Setting possible	**Setting restricted**

[Bit 4]

Even when Bit0 is set to "Not output", you can select whether or not to output ##300 series Service Error Codes, caused by hardware malfunction.

When "Output" is selected, ##300 series Service Error Codes are displayed and included in reports.

When "Not Output" is selected, no Service Error Codes are displayed.

SW15 (service soft switch 15: Dial inn FAX/TEL switching function setting)

Bit	Function	1	0
0	Not used		
1	Not used		
2	Not used		
3	Not used		
4	Not used		
5	Not used		
6 (New)	Delect continuous signal at FAX/TEL switching	Yes	**No**
7	Not used		

[Bit 6]

You may enable or disable detection of ROT continuous signal for FAX/TEL switching.

Normally, only ROT intermittent signals are detected for FAX/TEL switching. If you need to detect both in view of exchange specifications, select "1" to enable detection.

SW18 (service soft switch 18: communication trouble solutions settings (2))

Bit	Function	1	0
0 (New)	Detection of carrier disconnection between the DCS signal and the TCF signal	Detect	**Do not detect**
1 (New)	Waiting time for carrier disconnection between the DCS signal and the TCF signal	600 ms	**300 ms**
2	Not used		
3	Not used		
4	Not used		
5	Not used		
6	Not used		
7	Not used		

[Bit 0]

It is possible to select whether or not to detect carrier disconnection between the DCS signal and the TCF signal during reception.

If the receiving machine returns an FTT signal while the other machine (PC-FAX) is transmitting a TCF signal and a reception error occours, set this bit to "1".

[Bit 1]

It is possible to select the detection time for carrier disconnection between the DCS signal and TCF signal during reception.

This bit is available for use when #1 SSSW SW 18 Bit 0 is set to"1".

#1 SSSW (service soft switch setting)
SW28 (service soft switch 28: V.8/V.34 protocol settings)

Bit	Function	1	0
0 (New)	Caller V.8 protocol	No	Yes
1 (New)	Called party V.8 protocol	No	Yes
2 (New)	Caller V.8 protocol late start	No	Yes
3 (New)	Called party V.8 protocol late start	No	Yes
4 (New)	V.34 reception fallback	Prohibited	Not prohibited
5 (New)	V.34 transmission fallback	Prohibited	Not prohibited
6	Not used		
7	Not used		

[Bit 0]

Select whether to use the V.8 protocol when calling. If No is selected, the V.8 protocol is inhibited at calling and the V.21 protocol is used.

[Bit 1]

Select whether to use the V.8 protocol when calling. If No is selected, the V.8 protocol is inhibited when called and the V.21 protocol is used.

[Bit 2]

If ANSam signal is not received during transmission, select whether to use the V.8 protocol when the other fax machine declares the V.8 protocol in DIS signal. If No is selected, the CI signal is not transmitted and the V.8 protocol is not used even if the DIS that specifies the V.8 protocol is received.
The V.8 late start is not executed during manual transmission regardless of this setting.

[Bit 3]

Select whether to declare the V.8 protocol in DIS signal for reception. If No is selected, the V.8 protocol cannot be used because it is not declared in DIS signal.
The V.8 late start is not executed during manual reception regardless of this setting.

[Bit 4]

Select whether the receiver falls back V.34 reception. If Prohibited is selected, the receiver does not fall back.

[Bit 5]

Select whether the transmitter falls back V.34 transmission. If Prohibited is selected, the transmitter does not fallback.

#2 MENU

Bit	Function	Selecting range	Default setting
08	V.34 max. baud rate	2400 ~ 3429	3429 (3429 baud)
09	V.34 max. transmission speed	24 ~ 33.6	33.6 (33600 bps)

[No. 08]

Select the maximum baud rate for V.34 transmission: 3429, 3200, 3000, 2800, 2743, and 2400.

[No. 09]

Select the maximum transmission speed for V.34 transmission: 2400 to 33600 bps. $(2400 \times n: 1 \leq n \leq 14)$.

This model cannot use 2800 baud due to its modem specification. If it is set to 2800 baud, the maximum baud rate is 2743 baud.

#3 NUMERIC PARAM. (numeric parameter settings)

No.	Function	Selecting range	Default setting
10	T0 Timer	0-9999	5500 (55 second)
11	T1 Timer (Rx)	0-9999	3500 (35 second)
13	Maximum time to receive one line of image data	500-3000	1300 (13 second)

[No. 10]

The "wait time after transmission of a dialing signal ends until a significant signal is detected in transmission" was formerly designated as T1 timer with parameter 10. However, ITU-T recommends that it should be designated as T0 timer, so parameter 10 has been renamed to T0 timer and the default time-out time has been changed from 35 to 55 seconds.

NOTE

The T1 timer for the transmitter (wait time after a significant CED or V21 flag significant signal is detected until the next significant signal is detected) is fixed at 35 seconds.

[No. 11]

Set the T1 timer for the receiver (wait time after DIS transmission starts until a significant signal is received.)

If frequent errors occur during reception (2 instances) because of line connection conditions, raise the value of this parameter.

[No. 13]

Set the maximum time to receive one line of image data when image data is received.

If the other party is a computer fax and the time to receive one line of image data is long, raise the value of this parameter to increase the maximum reception time.

SSSW Default Setting

TYPE	EUROPE	U.K.	SWEDEN	SWISS	AUSTRIA	DENMARK
#1 SSSW						
SW01	00010000	00010000	00010000	00010000	00010000	00010000
SW02	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW03	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW04	10000000	10000000	10000010	10000010	10000010	10000000
SW05	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW06	10000000	10000000	10000000	10000000	10000000	10000000
SW07	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW08	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW09	00000100	00000100	00000100	00000100	00000100	00000100
SW10	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW11	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW12	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010
SW13	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW14	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW15	00000000	01000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW16	00000011	00000011	00000011	00000011	00000011	00000011
SW17	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010
SW18	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW19	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW20	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW21	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW22	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW23	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW24	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW25	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000001	00000000
SW26	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW27	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW28	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW29	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW30	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
#2 MENU						
05:	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
06:	DIAL	DIAL	DIAL	DIAL	DIAL	DIAL
07:	10	10	10	10	10	10
10:	25Hz	25Hz	25Hz	25Hz	25Hz	25Hz

SSSW Default Setting

TYPE	NORWAY	HOLLAND	BELGIUM	AUSTRALIA	FINLAND	N.Z.
#1 SSSW						
SW01	00010000	00010000	00010000	00010000	00010001	00010000
SW02	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW03	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW04	10000010	10000010	10000000	10000000	10000000	10000000
SW05	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW06	10000000	10000000	10000000	10000000	10000000	10000000
SW07	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW08	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW09	00000100	00000100	00000100	00000100	00000100	00000100
SW10	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW11	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW12	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010
SW13	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW14	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW15	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW16	00000011	00000011	00000011	00000011	00000011	00000011
SW17	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010
SW18	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW19	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW20	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW21	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW22	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW23	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW24	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW25	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW26	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW27	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW28	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW29	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW30	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
#2 MENU						
05:	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
06:	DIAL	DIAL	DIAL	DIAL	DIAL	DIAL
07:	10	10	6	10	10	10
10:	25Hz	25Hz	25Hz	25Hz	25Hz	25Hz

SSSW Default Setting

TYPE	ITALY	SPAIN	PORTUGAL	IRELAND	HONG KONG	MALAYSIA
#1 SSSW						
SW01	00010000	00010000	00010000	00010000	00010000	00010000
SW02	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW03	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW04	10000010	10000010	10000010	10000000	10000000	10000000
SW05	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW06	10000000	10000000	10000000	10000000	10000000	10000000
SW07	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW08	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW09	00000100	00000100	00000100	00000100	00000100	00000100
SW10	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW11	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW12	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010
SW13	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW14	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW15	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW16	00000011	00000011	00000011	00000011	00000011	00000011
SW17	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010
SW18	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW19	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW20	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW21	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW22	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW23	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW24	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW25	00000000	00000001	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW26	10000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW27	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW28	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW29	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW30	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
#2 MENU						
05:	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
06:	DIAL	DIAL	DIAL	DIAL	DIAL	DIAL
07:	10	10	6	10	10	10
10:	25Hz	25Hz	25Hz	25Hz	25Hz	25Hz

SSSW Default Setting

TYPE	HUNGARY	SAF	CHINA	GERMAN	SINGAPORE	CZECH
#1 SSSW						
SW01	00010000	00010000	00010000	00010000	00010000	00010000
SW02	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW03	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW04	10000000	10000000	10000000	00000010	10000000	10000000
SW05	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW06	10000000	10000000	10000000	10000000	10000000	10000000
SW07	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW08	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW09	00000100	00000100	00000100	00000100	00000100	00000100
SW10	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW11	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW12	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010
SW13	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW14	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW15	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW16	00000011	00000011	00000011	00000011	00000011	00000011
SW17	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010
SW18	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW19	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW20	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW21	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW22	00000000	00000000	00000000	00001000	00000000	00000000
SW23	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW24	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW25	00000001	00000000	00000000	00000101	00000000	00000000
SW26	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW27	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW28	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW29	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW30	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
#2 MENU						
05:	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
06:	DIAL	DIAL	DIAL	DIAL	DIAL	DIAL
07:	10	10	13	10	10	10
10:	25Hz	25Hz	25Hz	25Hz	25Hz	25Hz

SSSW Default Setting

TYPE	SLOVENIA	FRANCE	ASIA	POLAND	EUROPE 2
#1 SSSW					
SW01	00010000	00010000	00010000	00010000	00010000
SW02	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW03	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW04	10000000	00000010	10000000	10000000	10000000
SW05	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW06	10000000	10000000	10000000	10000000	10000000
SW07	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW08	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW09	00000100	00000100	00000100	00000100	00000100
SW10	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW11	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW12	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010
SW13	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW14	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW15	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW16	00000011	00000011	00000011	00000011	00000011
SW17	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010	00000010
SW18	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW19	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW20	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW21	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW22	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW23	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW24	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW25	00000000	00000001	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW26	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW27	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW28	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW29	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
SW30	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
#2 MENU					
05:	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
06:	DIAL	DIAL	DIAL	DIAL	DIAL
07:	10	10	10	10	10
10:	25Hz	25Hz	25Hz	25Hz	25Hz

SSSW Default Setting

TYPE	EUROPE	U.K.	SWEDEN	SWISS	AUSTRIA	DENMARK
#3 NUMERIC Param						
02:	10	10	10	10	10	10
03:	15	15	15	15	15	15
04:	12	12	12	12	12	12
05:	4	4	4	4	4	4
06:	4	1	4	4	4	4
09:	6	6	6	6	6	6
10:	5500	5500	5500	5500	5500	5500
11:	3500	3500	3500	3500	3500	3500
13:	1310	1310	1310	1310	1310	1310
15:	120	120	120	120	120	120
16:	2	2	2	2	2	2
17:	100	100	100	40	100	75
18:	0	0	0	20	0	0
19:	400	400	400	200	400	250
20:	100	100	100	100	100	100
21:	0	0	0	0	0	0
22:	400	400	400	400	400	400
23:	5	5	5	5	5	5
25:	60	60	60	60	60	60
26:	4	4	4	4	4	4
#5 TYPE	EUROPE	U.K.	SWEDEN	SWISS	AUSTRIA	DENMARK

SSSW Default Setting

TYPE	NORWAY	HOLLAND	BELGIUM	AUSTRALIA	FINLAND	N.Z.
#3 NUMERIC						
Param						
02:	10	10	10	10	10	10
03:	15	15	15	15	15	15
04:	12	12	12	12	12	12
05:	4	4	4	4	4	4
06:	4	4	4	4	4	4
09:	6	6	6	6	6	6
10:	5500	5500	5500	5500	5500	5500
11:	3500	3500	3500	3500	3500	3500
13:	1310	1310	1310	1310	1310	1310
15:	120	120	120	120	120	120
16:	2	2	2	2	2	2
17:	30	100	100	100	100	100
18:	30	0	0	0	0	0
19:	400	400	300	400	400	400
20:	30	100	100	100	100	100
21:	30	0	0	0	0	0
22:	400	400	300	400	400	400
23:	5	5	5	5	5	5
25:	60	60	60	60	60	60
26:	4	4	4	4	4	4
#5 TYPE	NORWAY	HOLLAND	BELGIUM	AUSTRALIA	FINLAND	N.Z.

SSSW Default Setting

TYPE	ITALY	SPAIN	PORTUGAL	IRELAND	HONG KONG	MALAYSIA
#3 NUMERIC						
Param						
02:	10	10	10	10	10	10
03:	15	15	15	15	15	15
04:	12	12	12	12	12	12
05:	4	15	4	4	4	4
06:	4	3	4	4	1	4
09:	6	6	6	6	6	6
10:	5500	5500	5500	5500	5500	5500
11:	3500	3500	3500	3500	3500	3500
13:	1310	1310	1310	1310	1310	1310
15:	120	120	120	120	120	120
16:	2	2	2	2	2	2
17:	100	100	100	100	100	100
18:	0	0	0	0	0	0
19:	400	400	400	400	400	400
20:	100	100	100	100	100	100
21:	0	0	0	0	0	0
22:	400	400	400	400	400	400
23:	5	5	5	5	5	5
25:	60	60	60	60	60	60
26:	4	4	4	4	4	4
#5 TYPE	ITALY	SPAIN	PORTUGAL	IRELAND	HONG KONG	MALAYSIA

SSSW Default Setting

TYPE	HUNGARY	SAF	CHINA	GERMAN	SINGAPORE	CZECH
#3 NUMERIC						
Param						
02:	10	10	10	8	10	10
03:	15	15	15	15	15	15
04:	12	12	12	6	12	12
05:	4	4	4	4	4	4
06:	4	4	4	4	4	4
09:	6	6	6	6	6	6
10:	5500	3500	4300	9000	5500	5500
11:	3500	3500	3500	3500	3500	3500
13:	1310	1310	1200	1310	1310	1310
15:	120	120	120	120	120	120
16:	2	2	2	2	2	2
17:	100	100	100	100	100	100
18:	0	0	0	0	0	0
19:	400	400	400	400	400	400
20:	100	100	100	100	100	100
21:	0	0	0	0	0	0
22:	400	400	400	400	400	400
23:	5	5	5	5	5	5
25:	60	60	60	60	60	60
26:	4	4	4	4	4	4
#5 TYPE	HUNGARY	SAF	CHINA	GERMAN	SINGAPORE	CZECH

SSSW Default Setting

TYPE	SLOVENIA	FRANCE	ASIA	POALAND	EUPOPE 2
#3 NUMERIC					
Param					
02:	10	8	10	10	10
03:	15	15	15	15	15
04:	12	12	12	12	12
05:	4	4	4	4	4
06:	4	4	4	4	4
09:	6	6	6	6	6
10:	5500	5500	5500	5500	5500
11:	3500	3800	3500	3500	3500
13:	1310	1310	1310	1310	1310
15:	120	120	120	120	120
16:	2	2	2	2	2
17:	100	30	100	100	100
18:	0	30	0	0	0
19:	400	400	400	400	400
20:	100	150	100	100	100
21:	0	0	0	0	0
22:	400	300	400	400	400
23:	5	5	5	5	5
25:	60	60	60	60	60
26:	4	4	4	4	4
#5 TYPE	SLOVENIA	FRANCE	ASIA	POALAND	EUPOPE 2

5. TEST FUNCTIONS

5.1 Service Test Functions

The fax functions for testing individual operations, such as below.

See *Page 4-46* for details of entering the test mode. To leave the test mode, press the *Data Registration* button, and then # button.

5.1.1 Test mode overview

Test mode can be executed by following the menu items from the display.

a) DRAM tests

Writes data to DRAM image storage areas and reads that data to check operations.

b) Print test

Prints nine different patterns within the print area.

c) Modem, NCU tests

These tests comprise the frequency test ,the G3 signal transmission test, and the CNG and DTMF signals reception test.

d) Faculty tests

These test check the operation of operation panel and sensor functions.

5.1.2 Test mode flowchart

TEST MODE

'∗' indicates that these items are not used in the field.

```
├─ [1] D-RAM                                    See Page 4-73
├─ [2] CS

├─ [3] PRINT ──────────┬─ *[0] CG
│                      ├─ *[1] WHITE
│                      ├─ [2] BLACK          See Page 4-74
│                      ├─ *[3] STRIPES
│                      ├─ *[4] CHECKERS
│                      ├─ *[5] GRID
│                      ├─ [6] ENDURANCE      See Page 4-74
│                      ├─ *[7] BLACK/WHITE
│                      ├─ *[8] BIAS
│                      ├─ *[9] FIXING PATT
│                      ├─ *[∗] PRINTING AR
│                      └─ *[#] CRG TEST

├─ [4]  MODEM NCU ─────┬─ *[1] RELAY
│                      ├─ [2] FREQ           See Page 4-75
│                      ├─ *[3] Not used
│                      ├─ [4] G3 Tx          See Page 4-76
│                      ├─ *[5] DTMF Tx TEST
│                      └─ [6] TONE Rx        See Page 4-77

├─ *[5] AGING TEST

├─ [6] FACULTY TEST ───┬─ *[1] G3 4800bps Tx
│                      ├─ *[2] REGISTRATION
│                      ├─ [3] SENSOR         See Page 4-78
│                      ├─ *[4] ADF
│                      ├─ *[5] Not used
│                      ├─ *[6] SPEAKER
│                      ├─ [7] PANEL          See Page 4-80
│                      ├─ *[8] Not used
│                      └─ [9] LINE           See Page 4-82

└─ *[7] DATA SET
```

Figure 4-24 Test Mode

5.1.3 D-RAM tests

Pressing the 1 button from the test mode menu selects the D-RAM tests. D-RAM Test 1 writes data to the entire D-RAM region and reads it out to check that operations are correct. D-RAM Test 2 just reads data at high speed.

Operating

1:D-RAM   1408K

✳✳✳ . . . . . ✳✳✳
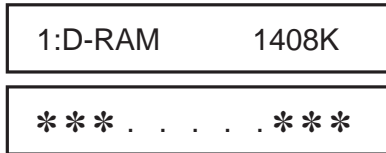
1408K: D-RAM total memory capacity (bytes)/FAX-L200
7552K: D-RAM total memory capacity (bytes)/FAX-L280
✳ : Indicates an address for which write testing is complete.
 . : Indicates an address for which read testing is complete.

Error

Normal end

Complete (no err)

Error display

WRT= 33CC RD= 3333

ADR= 2800

Restart by pressing START/COPY button.

WRT : data written
RD :   data read
ADR : address

(Normal end)

Complete (no err)
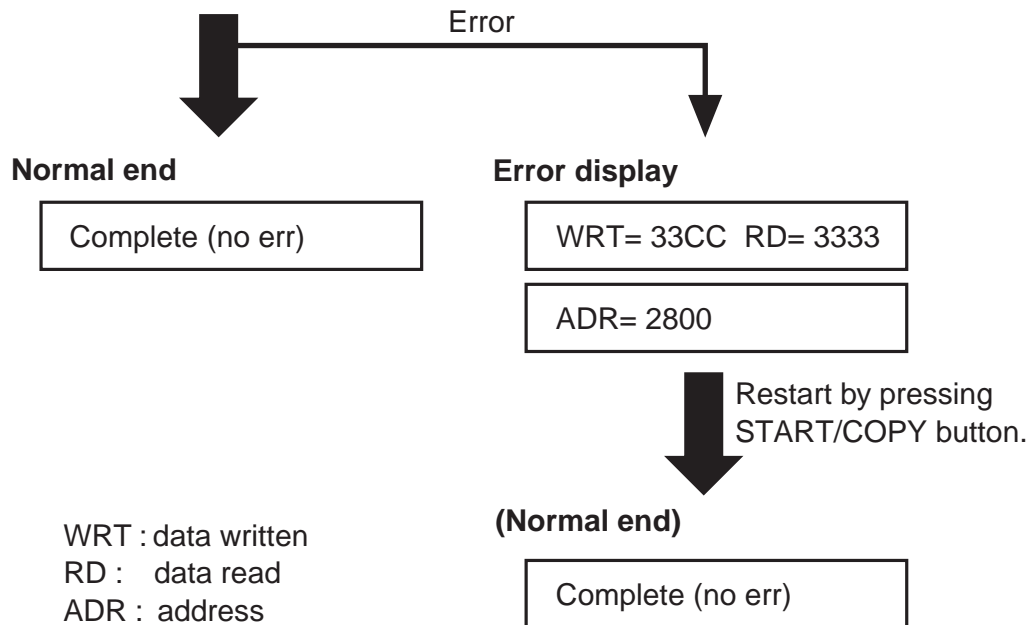
Figure 4-25 D-RAM Test

5.1.4 Print

The Print Test menu is selected by pressing the 3 key from the test mode menu. In this test, various print patterns are output from the printer. As service print patterns, press numeric button 2 from the Print Test menu to select "3-2: Black" or press numeric button 6 to select "3-6: Endurance" Do not use the other patterns. They are for development and factory use. Check the following for the print pattern.

Figure 4-26 Print Pattern Check

NOTE

After completion of the print test, if the printing was normal, copy a document. If there is any defect in the copied image, there is a defect in the scan section.

5.1.5 Modem and NCU tests

These tests test modem and NCU transmission and reception. The modem tests check whether signals are sent correctly from the modem by comparing the sound of the signals from the speaker with the sounds from a normal modem. Also, on the display indicates whether or not the modem correctly detected received tone signals and DTMF signals.

End this test by pressing the *STOP* button.

Modem test type	Overview
Frequency test	The modem sends tone signals from the modular jack and the speaker.
G3 signal transmission test	The modem sends G3 signals from the modular jack and the speaker.
CNG signal reception tests	The modem detects specific frequencies and DTMF signals received from the modular jack.

a) Frequency test

The frequency test menu is selected by pressing numeric button 2 from the MODEM NCU test menu. Signals of the frequencies below are sent from the modem using the modular jack and the speaker. The frequency can be changed with the numeric buttons.

Numeric button	Frequency
1	462 Hz
2	1100 Hz
3	1300 Hz
4	1500 Hz
5	1650 Hz
6	1850 Hz
7	2100 Hz

NOTE

The pseudo-ringback tone transmission pattern and frequency and the output levels for each frequency follow the service data transmission level settings.

b) G3 signal transmission test

The G3 signal transmission test menu is selected by pressing numeric button 4 from the MODEM NCU test menu. The G3 signals below are sent from the modem using the modular jack and the speaker. The frequency can be changed with the numeric buttons.

Numeric button	Frequency
0	300 bps
1	2400 bps
2	4800 bps
3	7200 bps
4	9600 bps
5	TC7200 bps
6	TC9600 bps
7	12000 bps
8	14400 bps

NOTE

The transmission level can be changed with the ∧ and ∨ button.

c) CNG and DTMF signal reception test

The CNG and DTMF signal reception test is selected by pressing the 6 button from the MODEM NCU test menu. This test checks whether the CNG signals and DTMF signals received from the modular jack are detected by the modem.

Tonal signal reception test

```
┌─────────────────────────────────────┐
│  4 - 6 : TONE Rx          0 0 0      │
│                                      │
│                                      │
└─────────────────────────────────────┘
```

0 0 0
└── When 462±14 Hz signal detected, 0→1
└── When 1100±30 Hz signal detected, 0→1
└── When 2100±25 Hz signal detected, 0→1

DTMF signal reception test

```
┌─────────────────────────────────────┐
│  4 - 6 : TONE Rx          0 0 0      │
│                  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 │
└─────────────────────────────────────┘
```

The received DTMF signals are displayed in order from the right on the second line of the display.

Figure 4-27 CNG and DTMF Signal Reception Test

5.1.6 Faculty tests

The faculty tests are selected by pressing numeric button 6 from the test mode menu. These tests check the following faculties of this fax.

Test type	Overview
Sensor tests	Test whether the sensors are operating correctly.
Operation panel test	Tests whether the button switches on the control panel are operating correctly.
Line signal reception test	Tests whether the NCU board signal sensor and frequency counter are operating correctly.

a) Sensor tests

The sensor test is selected by pressing numeric button 3 from the faculty test menu. This test checks the status of each sensor of this fax in item 1 on the display.

Sensors that use actuators and microswitches can be checked by moving the actuator or microswitch.

Pressing the 1 key.   Alternately displayed

| DS of   DES of | ⟺ | DCVS on |

DS: Document sensor   DES: Document edge sensor
        on/of: document/no document
    DCVS: Front cover sensor

Pressing the 2 key.

| TN on XX CRG on |

TN   on XX   CRG on

—— Cartridge sensor

—— Toner presence and decimal
displayofAD converter output
on: toner (620 or more than that)
of:no toner (less than 620)

—— Toner sensor

Pressing the 3 key.

| JAM of |

JAM: ON when the jam state exists before entering the test mode.

Pressing the 4 key.   Alternately displayed

| 0:4140   1:0001 | ⟺ | 9:0001   11:0001 |

Pressing the 5 key.   Alternately displayed

| 16:0001 27:4101 | ⟺ | 51:0015 53:0004 | } LBP status is displayed.

Pressing the 6 key.

| 73:1003 |

Figure 4-28 Sensor Tests

b) Operation panel tests

The operation panel test is selected by pressing numeric button 7 from the faculty test menu. This test checks that the display, LED lamps, and buttons on the control panel are operating correctly.

b-1) Display test

Pressing the *START/COPY* button from the control panel menu, "H" is displayed 16 characters by 1 line on the display. The next time the *START/COPY* button is pressed, all the LCD dots on the display are displayed. Check for any LCD dots in the display that are not displayed.

b-2) LED lamp test

The LED lamp test is selected by pressing the *START/COPY* button after the display test.

When the *START/COPY* button is pressed, all the lamps on the control panel light. Check for any LED that does not light during the test.

b-3) Operation button test

The Operation button test is selected by pressing the *START/COPY* button after the LED lamp test.

In this test, you press the button corresponding to the displayed character to put it out. The table giving the correspondence between the characters and the buttons is below.

Character	Operation button	Character	Operation button
1-#	Numeric buttons	$	Resolution button
R	Redial/Pause button	&	Receive mode button
D	Coded dial button	O	Hook button
P	R button	E	Set button

When all the characters displayed have gone out, the system next starts the one-touch speed dialing button test. The letters a-p are displayed on the display, corresponding to one-touch speed dialing buttons 01-16. Each letter displayed on the display goes out when its corresponding one-touch speed dialing button is pressed.

In this test, check for operation buttons whose corresponding character or letter does not go out when the button is pressed.

```
┌─────────────────────────────┐
│ 6-7:PANEL                   │
└─────────────────────────────┘
```

⬇ Press START button.

```
┌─────────────────────────────┐
│ HHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHH           │
└─────────────────────────────┘
```
H pattern displayed

⬇ Press START button.

```
┌─────────────────────────────┐
│ ■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■              │
└─────────────────────────────┘
```
All LCD dots displayed

⬇ Press START button.

```
┌─────────────────────────────┐
│ LED TEST                    │
└─────────────────────────────┘
```
All LED lamps light up .

⬇ Press START button.

```
┌─────────────────────────────┐
│ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 ✳ 0 #     │
└─────────────────────────────┘
```
When a button is pressed, the corresponding character goes out.

⬇ When the entire display has gone out

```
┌─────────────────────────────┐
│ R D P $ & O E               │
└─────────────────────────────┘
```
When a one-touch speed dialing button is pressed, the corresponding letter goes out.

⬇

```
┌─────────────────────────────┐
│ a b c d e f g h i j k l     │
└─────────────────────────────┘
```

⬇

```
┌─────────────────────────────┐
│            OK               │
└─────────────────────────────┘
```

Press the STOP button to end the test.

Figure 4-29 Operation Panel

c) Line signal reception test

The line detect test menu is selected by pressing numeric button 9 from the faculty test menu. This test checks the operation of the NCU signal sensor and frequency counter. In Menu 1, the CI, status can be detected and in Menu 2 the frequency can be detected at changing detection levels. In this way, you can check if the NCU board is correctly detecting signals.

c-1) Test Menu 1

Test Menu 1 is selected by pressing numeric button 1 from the Line Detect menu. When CI, is detected from the modular jack, the display changes from OFF to ON and the received frequency is displayed.

c-2) Test Menu 2

Test Menu 2 is selected by pressing numeric button 2 from the Line Detect menu. When a tonal frequency is detected from the modular jack, the display changes from OFF to ON and the received frequency is displayed.

c-3) Test Menu 3

Test Menu 3 is selected by pressing numeric button 3 from the Line Detect menu. When CNG is detected from the modular jack, the display changes from OFF to ON.

6. SERVICE REPORT

6.1 Report Output Function
6.1.1 User report output functions

The fax can output user reports manually, and some reports can be output automatically using the to user data settings.

a) Manual output of reports

Report type	Operations
Activity Report	Press the Report button, and select the type of report
User Data List	using the ∧ , ∨ button; then, press the set button.
Speed Dial Lists	
1-Touch list	
Coded dial list	
1-touch (Detail)	
Coded (Detail)	
Group dial list	
Document Memory List	

b) Reports which can be output automatically using user data settings

Each report written below can be automatically output by specifying "REPORT SET-TINGS" in user data.

Transmission report
Reception report
Activity report

ROM Version display

The ROM version is printed on the top left hand side of the User's data list. Please refer to this when troubleshooting.

example:

EC-XX-XX

└─────────── MAIN ROM version

NOTE

c) Reports output automatically
Memory clear list

The fax automatically outputs a memory clear list when the power is turned on after a power cut.

```
26/01 2001 16:09 FAX 123456789                                          ☑001

                         ********************************
                         ***   MEMORY CLEAR REPORT   ***
                         ********************************

                               MEMORY FILES DELETED
```

TX/RX NO	MODE	CONNECTION TEL/ID	PGS.	SET TIME	ST. TIME
0003	DELAYED TX	[01]Canon EUROPE	1	26/01 16:07	08:07
5002	MEMORY RX		1	26/01 16:08	-----
5003	MEMORY RX		1	26/01 16:08	-----

Figure 4-30 Memory Clear List

TX/RX NO	: Indicates four digits of the transaction number
MODE	: Indicates, TRANSMISSION, or MEMORY RX, DELAYED TX etc.
CONNECTION TEL	: Number sent from the other party or number dialled
PGS.	: Number of pages stored in memory
SET TIME	: Time when data was stored in memory
ST. TIME	: Planned transmission start time (24-hour display)

6.1.2 Service report output functions

The fax outputs current service data settings, and past communications history reports.

a) List of service reports

The fax outputs the service reports shown below.

Report type	Operations
System data & dump list System data list System dump list	Press the Report button from the service data: then, select the type of report.
Service activity report (with service error code and dump list)	If you set bits 0 and 1 of #1 SSSW SW01 in the service mode, the service error code and dump list are indicated on the activity report (sending/receiving).

a-1) System data list

This list shows the current settings service data #1~#5, #7 and #9.

Figure 4-31 System Data List (page 1 ~ page 4)

Figure 4-32 System Data List (page 5)

NOTE
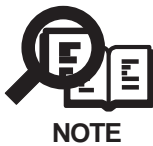
"START DATE" records the date when the fax performs its first operation, after shipment from the factory.

a-2) System dump list

```
26/01 2001 16:16 FAX 123456789                                           ☑001


   CLEAR DATE              12/12 2012

   TX    =     2
   A4    =     2    B4    =     0    A3    =     0
   RX    =     3
   A4    =     3    B4    =     0    A3    =     0    LTR   =      0    LGL   =      0
   33600 =     2    31200 =     0    28800 =     0    26400 =      0    24000 =      3
   21600 =     0    19200 =     0    16800 =     0    14400 =      0    12000 =      0
   9600  =     0    7200  =     0    4800  =     0    2400  =      0
   14400 =     0    12000 =     0    TC9600=     0    TC7200=      0
   14400 =     0    12000 =     0
   9600  =     0    7200  =     0    4800  =     0    2400  =      0
   STD   =     5    FINE  =     0    SUPER =     0    ULTRA =      0
   MH    =     0    MR    =     0    MMR   =     5
   G3    =     0    ECM   =     5
   PRINT =    16 /    16              READ  =      3 /      3



 #000            0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
                 0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
                 0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
                 0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
                 0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
                 0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
                 0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
                 0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0.
                 0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
                 0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
                 0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
                 0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
                 0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
                 0      0      0      0      0      0

 ##100           0      0      0      0      0      0      1      0
                 0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
                 0

 ##200           0      0      0      0      0      0

 ##220           0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
                 0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
                 0      0      0      0

 ##280                         0      0      0      0      0      0
                                      0      0      0
```

Figure 4-33 System Dump List (1/2)

CLEAR DATE   : Date on which data was initialized using service data #8
                      CLEAR, ALL
RX/TX   : Total number of pages received/transmitted
DOC/MEM   : Total number of pages directly/memory transmitted
A4/B4/A3/A5   : Total number of pages transmitted and received for each
                      document size
33600 bps~2400 bps : Total number of pages transmitted and received for each mo-
                      dem speed
STD/FINE   : Total number of pages transmitted and received for each mode
MH/MR/MMR   : Total number of pages transmitted and received for each cod-
                      ing method
G3/ECM   : Total number of pages transmitted and received in each mode
PRINT/READ   : Total number of pages printed/scanned

[Display example]
PRINT = 30*/100**   READ = 30*/100**
*   Indicates the value input with Service Data #8 CLEAR, COUNTER.
** Indicates the value counted since shipment from the factory.

#000~##750
[Display example]   : Total number of occurrences for each error code
##280   1   7   3   0   0
               ##280   ##281   ##282
               errors   errors   errors

```
26/01 2001 16:16 FAX 123456789                                          ☑002
#1 LATEST                        ##106

          START TIME             26/01 15:59
          OTHER PARTY
          MAKER CODE             10001000
          MACHINE CODE           10101010 00000000
          RCV V.8 FRAME          E0 81 85 D4 90 7E 00 00
          SYMBOL RATE            3429
          DATA RATE              24.0
          TX LVL REDUCTION        0
          ERR ABCODE             00
          ERR SECTXB             80
          ERR SECRXB             80


          Rx : (bit 1) 00000000 01000000 00011111 00100010 00000000 00000000 00000000 (bit56)
          Tx : (bit 1) 00000000 01110011 00010101 00100011 00000001 10000000 00000000 (bit56)
```

Rx :					NSS DCS	PIX-240 PPS-EOP	PIX-240	
Tx : NSF CSI DIS NSF CSI DIS NSF CSI DIS				CFR			PPR	DCN
Rx :								
Tx :								

```
#2                               ##765

          START TIME             26/01 15:57
          OTHER PARTY
          MAKER CODE             10001000
          MACHINE CODE           10101010 00000000
          RCV V.8 FRAME          E0 81 85 D4 90 7E 00 00
          SYMBOL RATE            3429
          DATA RATE              33.6
          TX LVL REDUCTION        0
          ERR ABCODE             92
          ERR SECTXB             8A
          ERR SECRXB             80


          Rx : (bit 1) 00000000 01110111 10010101 00100011 00000001 10101001 00000001 (bit56)
             (bit57) 00000001 00000001 00000100 00000000 00000000            (bit96)
          Tx :              00011111 00100010 00000000 00000000 00000000 (bit56)
```

Figure 4-34 System Dump List (2/2)

##nnn	: Service error code
START TIME	: Communication start date and time (on 24 hour clock)
OTHER PARTY	: Telephone number sent from other party
MAKER CODE	: Maker code

                    [1000   1000]   Indicates a Canon fax

                                    lower nibble

                                  upper nibble

MACHINE CODE	: For future use
RCV V.8 FRAME	: Received V.8 protocol signal
SYMBOL RATE	: Symbol rate used for the primary channel
TX LVL REDUCTION	: 0 (Fixed)
ERR ABCODE	: Code output by the modem when an error occurred (Not used in the field)
ERR SECTXB	: Transmit status of the modem when an error occurred (Not used in the field)
ERR SECRXB	: Received status of the modem when an error occurred (Not used in the field)
RX/TX	: Received/transmitted protocol signal bit 1 to bit 96 of received/transmitted DIS, DCS, or DTC

NOTE

If no service errors have occurred in the past, the above report will not be output.

a-3) Service activity report (sending/receiving)

```
26/01 2001 15:58 FAX 123456789                                    ☑001

                        ****************************
                        ***   ERROR TX REPORT   ***
                        ****************************


              TX FUNCTION WAS NOT COMPLETED

              TX/RX NO                0002
              CONNECTION TEL
              SUBADDRESS
              CONNECTION ID
              ST. TIME                26/01 15:57
              USAGE T                 00'41
              PGS. SENT                  0
              RESULT                  NG        ##765

        START TIME             26/01 15:57
        OTHER PARTY
        MAKER CODE             10001000
        MACHINE CODE           10101010 00000000
        RCV V.8 FRAME          E0 81 85 D4 90 7E 00 00
        SYMBOL RATE            3429
        DATA RATE              33.6
        TX LVL REDUCTION         0
        ERR ABCODE             92
        ERR SECTXB             8A
        ERR SECRXB             80

        Rx : (bit 1) 00000000 01110111 10010101 00100011 00000001 10101001 00000001 (bit56)
             (bit57) 00000001 00000001 00000100 00000000 00000000                   (bit96)
             T              00011111 00100010 00000000 00000000 00000000 (bit56)
```

Figure 4-35 Service Error Tx Report

TX/RX NO : Indicates four digits of the transaction number

CONNECTION TEL : Number sent from the other party or number dialled

(OTHER PARTY)   (lower 20 digits)

SUBADDRESS : Subaddress number sent from the other party

CONNECTION ID : ID sent from the other party, if the other party is a Canon fax

ST. TIME : Communication start date and time (on 24-hour display)

USAGE T : Communication time (in minutes and seconds)

PGS. SENT : Number of pages for which transmission was complete

  (For details, see *User's guide*)

RESULT : "**NG**" Edisplay with number of pages for which transmission

  was fault, and service error code

MAKER CODE : Maker code

  [1000   1000]   Indicates a Canon fax

             lower nibble

             upper nibble

MACHINE CODE : For future use

RCV V.8 FRAME : Received V.8 protocol signal

SYMBOL RATE : Symbol rate used for the primary channel

TX LVL REDUCTION : 0 (Fixed)

ERR ABCODE : Code output by the modem when an error occurred (Not used

  in the field)

ERR SECTXB : Transmit status of the modem when an error occurred (Not

  used in the field)

ERR SECRXB : Received status of the modem when an error occurred (Not

  used in the field)

RX/TX : Received/transmitted protocol signal

  bit 1 to bit 96 of received/transmitted DIS, DCS, or DTC

```
26/01 2001 16:00 FAX 123456789                                    001


                         ********************
                         ***   RX REPORT   ***
                         ********************


              INCOMPLETE RECEPTION

              TX/RX NO                  5001
              CONNECTION TEL
              SUBADDRESS
              CONNECTION ID
              ST. TIME                  26/01 15:59
              USAGE T                   00'46
              PGS.                       1
              RESULT                    NG         ##106

        START TIME               26/01 15:59
        OTHER PARTY
        MAKER CODE               10001000
        MACHINE CODE             10101010 00000000
        RCV V.8 FRAME            E0 81 85 D4 90 7E 00 00
        SYMBOL RATE              3429
        DATA RATE                24.0
        TX LVL REDUCTION          0
        ERR ABCODE               00
        ERR SECTXB               80
        ERR SECRXB               80

        Rx : (bit 1) 00000000 01000000 00011111 00100010 00000000 00000000 00000000 (bit56)
        Tx : (bit 1) 00000000 01110011 00010101 00100011 00000001 10000000 00000000 (bit56)

    Rx                               NSS DCS    PIX-240 PPS-EOP    PIX-240
                                                               PPR          DCN
```

Figure 4-36 Service Error Activity Report (receiving)

TX/RX NO	: Indicates four digits of the transaction number
CONNECTION TEL	: Number sent from the other party or number dialled
(OTHER PARTY)	(lower 20 digits)
SUBADDRESS	: Subaddress number sent from the other party
CONNECTION ID	: ID sent from the other party, if the other party is a Canon fax
ST. TIME	: Communication start time (on 24-hour display)
USAGE T	: Communication time (in minutes and seconds)
PGS.	: Number of pages for which receiving was complete
	(For details, see *User's guide*)
RESULT	: "**NG**" Edisplay with number of pages for which receiving was
	fault, and service error code
MAKER CODE	: Maker code

```
[1000    1000]      Indicates a Canon fax
        └────── lower nibble
   └─────────────── upper nibble
```

MACHINE CODE	: For future use
RCV V.8 FRAME	: Received V.8 protocol signal
SYMBOL RATE	: Symbol rate used for the primary channel
TX LVL REDUCTION	: 0 (Fixed)
ERR ABCODE	: Code output by the modem when an error occurred (Not used in the field)
ERR SECTXB	: Transmit status of the modem when an error occurred (Not used in the field)
ERR SECRXB	: Received status of the modem when an error occurred (Not used in the field)
RX/TX	: Received/transmitted protocol signal
	bit 1 to bit 96 of received/transmitted DIS, DCS, or DTC

Chapter 5

Appendix

1. INSTALLING THE FAX-L200/L280

REFERENCE

This machine has been designed for user installation. Therefore, this manual contains only an outline description of the procedures. For details of the installation, see the *USER'S GUIDE*.

1.1 Setting Up

• Choosing a Location for Your FAX-L200/L280

Before you set up Your FAX-L200/L280, make sure you have read cautions of setting up FAX-L200/L280.

• Unpacking Your FAX-L200/L280

Check that nothing is missing when the unit is unpacked.

• Assembling the FAX-L200/L280

• Making Connections

Connect the telephone line , the optional handset, a telephone, an answering machine or the power cord.

• Service Data Setting (#5 TYPE)

Set the country type to suit the communication standard used in your country.

• The Toner Cartridge

• Loading Recording Paper

Set paper in the auto sheet feeder, in **PAPER SIZE** under **FAX PRINTER**, set the size of paper that is to be used.

• Setting the telephone line type

Select the correct telephone line type in **TEL LINE TYPE** under **USER SETTINGS**

• Entering user information

Enter user information, such as **DATE & TIME**, **UNIT TELEPHONE #**, **UNIT NAME** etc.

1.2 Checking Operations

• Copy operation

Make a copy, and check that the operation is normal.

• Communication test

Transmit to, and receive from other facsimiles, and check that images are sent normally when transmitted, and are printed normally when received.

What to do when trouble occurs

Very rarely, during use, the display may go out, all the buttons may stop working, or some other trouble may occur because of strong electrical noise or a large amount of static. If such trouble occurs, initialize the RAM. During installation, we recommend that you perform the all clear operation after the power on. Refer to *NOTE: "ALL clear" when nothing works on Page 3-3*.

2. OPTION

2.1 HANDSET KIT

Optional Handset

An optional handset is available for connection to your FAX. Contact your local authorised Canon dealer for more information on purchasing this option.

📝 **Note** Please note that the shape of your handset may differ from the one shown in this section. However, both handsets have exactly the same functions and performance.

Package Contents

Make sure your handset package includes the following items:

HANDSET CRADLE

HANDSET

SCREWS WITH PLUGS (2)

SCREWS (Not used with your FAX.)

RINGER VOLUME SWITCH
Use a pen or other pointed object to select the ring volume of the handset (HI, LO, or OFF).
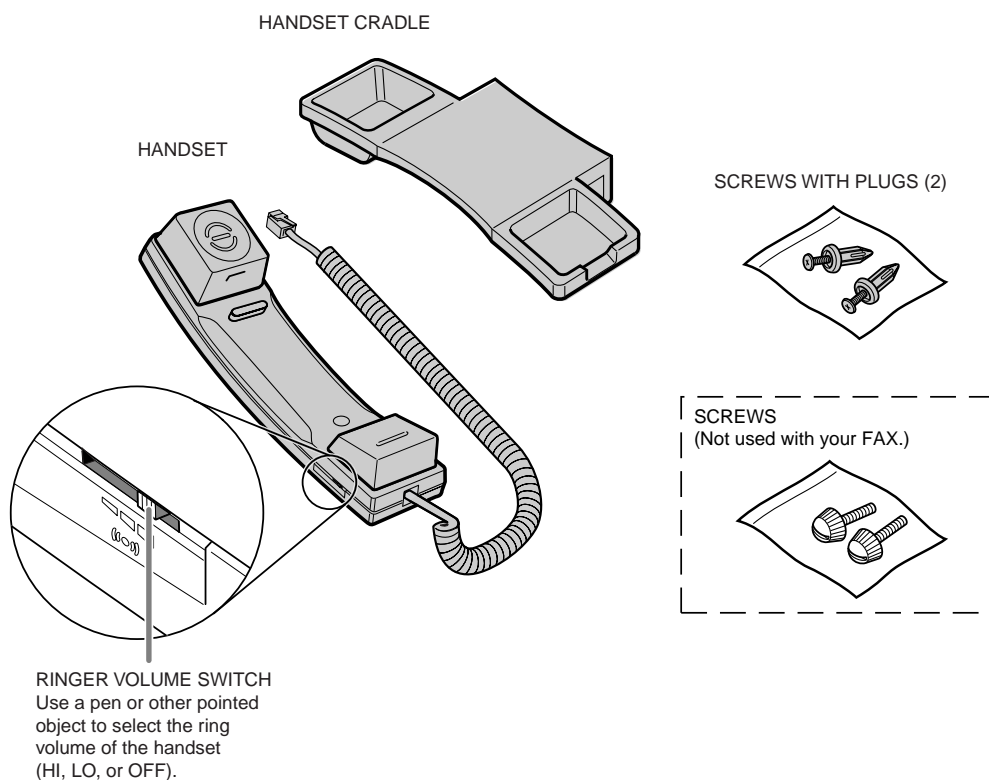
If any items are damaged or missing, notify your local authorised Canon dealer or the Canon help line immediately.

📝 **Note** **Ringer Equivalence Number (R.E.N.) (UK only)**
Your British Telecom line has a maximum R.E.N. capacity of 4. Your FAX has an R.E.N. value of 1 (unless otherwise stated), and so does this handset. You can therefore use additional equipment with a total R.E.N. value of up to 2. If the R.E.N. value exceeds 4, the ringer volume will be reduced and one or more of the connected equipment may not function.

Figure 5-1 Control and Functions (1)

Attaching the Handset to Your FAX

Follow this procedure to attach the handset to your FAX:

1 Use a screwdriver to remove the two covers on the left side of the unit.
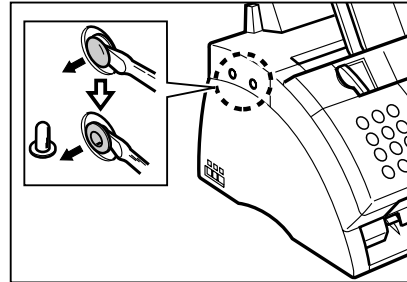
2 Remove the screws from the plugs and insert the plugs into the holes on the handset cradle.
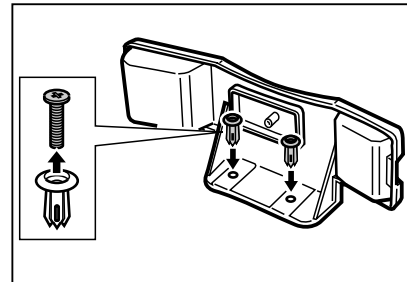
3 Insert the plugs (with the handset cradle) into the holes on the unit.
  • If you have difficulty inserting the plugs, turn the unit so that the left side is facing you and the right side is against a wall. You can now insert the plugs without the unit moving.
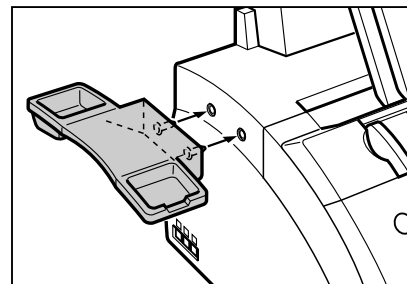
4 Use your finger to push the screws into the plugs.
  • If you have difficulty, use a cross-point screwdriver to push the screws all the way into the plugs. (Do not screw them in as the screws may break.)
  • Make sure you support the unit when inserting the screws.
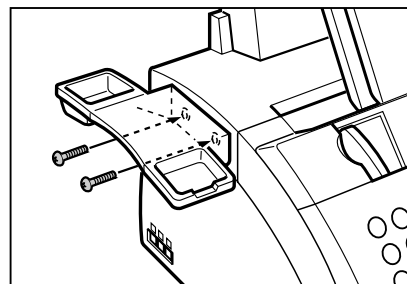
5 Place the handset in its cradle and connect the handset cord to the ✆ jack.

Figure 5-2 Control and Functions (2)

Maintaining Your Handset

To maintain your handset in top working condition, be sure to follow these guidelines:

- Do not leave your handset exposed to direct sunlight.

- Do not install your handset in hot or humid conditions.

- Do not spray aerosol polishes on your handset since they may enter the holes on your handset and cause damage.

- Use a damp cloth to clean your handset.

Figure 5-3 Maintaining Your Handset

3. USER DATA FLOW

Press the Data Registration button

— TEL REGISTRATION

   — 1-TOUCH SPD DIAL —— TELEPHONE NUMBER
                          — NAME
                          — OPTIONAL SETTING
   — CODED SPEED DIAL —— TELEPHONE NUMBER
                          — NAME
                          — OPTIONAL SETTING
   — GROUP DIAL —— TELEPHONE NUMBER
                          — NAME

— DATA REGISTRATION

   — USER SETTINGS

     — DATE & TIME
     — UNIT TELEPHONE#
     — UNIT NAME
     — TXTERMINAL ID —— **ON** —— TTI POSITION
                       — OFF   — **OUTSIDE IMAGE**
                                        — INSIDE IMAGE
     — SCAN CONTRAST —— DARKER
                       — **STANDARD**
                       — LIGHTER
     — OFFHOOK ALARM —— **ON**
                       — OFF
     — VOLUME CONTROL —— CALLING VOLUME —— 2 (1-3)
                       — KEYPAD VOLUME —— 2 (0-3)
                       — ALARM VOLUME —— 2 (0-3)
                       — LINE MONITOR VOL —— 2 (0-3)

Figure 5-4 User Data Flow (1/4)

RX CALL LEVEL —— STANDARD
                   HIGH

TEL LINE TYPE —— TOUCH TONE
                  ROTARY PULSE

R-KEY SETTING —— **PSTN**
                   PBX

M-KEY SETTING —— **OFF**
(UK only)   ON —— ACCESS CODE —— **132**
                                          131P

REPORT SETTINGS

TX REPORT —— **PRINT ERROR ONLY** —— PRINT WITH —— **ON**
              OUTPUT YES   IMAGE   OFF
              OUTPUT NO

RX REPORT —— PRINT ERROR ONLY
              OUTPUT YES
              OUTPUT NO

ACTIVITY REPORT —— ON
                    OFF

TX SETTINGS

ECM TX —— **ON**
           OFF

MID PAUSE SET —— 2 seconds (1-15)

AUTO REDIAL —— **ON** —— REDIAL TIMES —— 2 times (1-10)
                OFF   REDIAL INTERVAL —— 2 minutes (1-99)

TIME OUT —— **ON**
             OFF

Figure 5-5 User Data Flow (2/4)

5-6

```
─ RX SETTINGS ─┐
               │
   ├─ ECM RX          ┬ ON
   │                  └ OFF
   ├─ RX MODE         ┬ FAX ONLY MODE
   │                  └ FAX/TEL AUTO SW ┬ RING START TIME ── 8 seconds (0-30)
   │                                    ├ F/T RING TIME   ── 22 seconds (10-60)
   │                                    └ DEFAULT ACTION ┬ RECEIVE
   ├─ INCOMING RING   ┬ ON ── RING COUNT ── 2 times (1-99) └ DISCONNECT
   │                  └ OFF
   ├─ MAN/AUTO SWITCH ┬ ON ── F/T RING TIME ── 15 seconds (1-99)
   │                  └ OFF
   ├─ REMOTE RX       ┬ ON ── REMOTE RX ID ── 25
   │                  └ OFF
   ├─ MEMORY RX       ┬ ON
   │                  └ OFF
   └─ RX PAGE FOOTER  ┬ ON
                      └ OFF
─ PRINTER SETTING ─┐
                   │
   ├─ RX REDUCTION    ┬ ON  ┬ VERTICAL ONLY
   │                  └ OFF └ HORIZ & VERTICAL
   ├─ PAPER SIZE      ┬ A4
   │                  ├ LTR
   │                  ├ LGL
   │                  └ CUSTOM
   ├─ ECONOMY PRT     ┬ ON
   │                  └ OFF
   └─ TONER SUPPLY LOW ┬ RX TO MEMORY
                       └ KEEP PRINTING
```

Figure 5-6 User Data Flow (3/4)

POLLING BOX ── SET FILE
           ├ CHANGE DATA
           └ DELETE FILE

SYSTEM SETTINGS

UN/LOCK PHONE ── PASSWORD ── 0000~9999
              └ LOCK PHONE ── ON
                           └ **OFF**

RX RESTRICTION ── ON
              └ **OFF**

DATA SETUP ── **DD/MM YYYY**
         ├ YYYY MM/DD
         └ MM/DD/YYYY

DISPLAY LANGUAGE ── **ENGLISH** ── PORTUGUESE
               ├ FRENCH ── NORWEGIAN
               ├ SPANISH ── SWEDISH
               ├ GERMAN ── DANICH
               ├ ITALIAN ── SLOVENE
               ├ DUTCH ── CZECH
               └ FINNISH ── HUNGARIAN
                           └ RUSSIAN

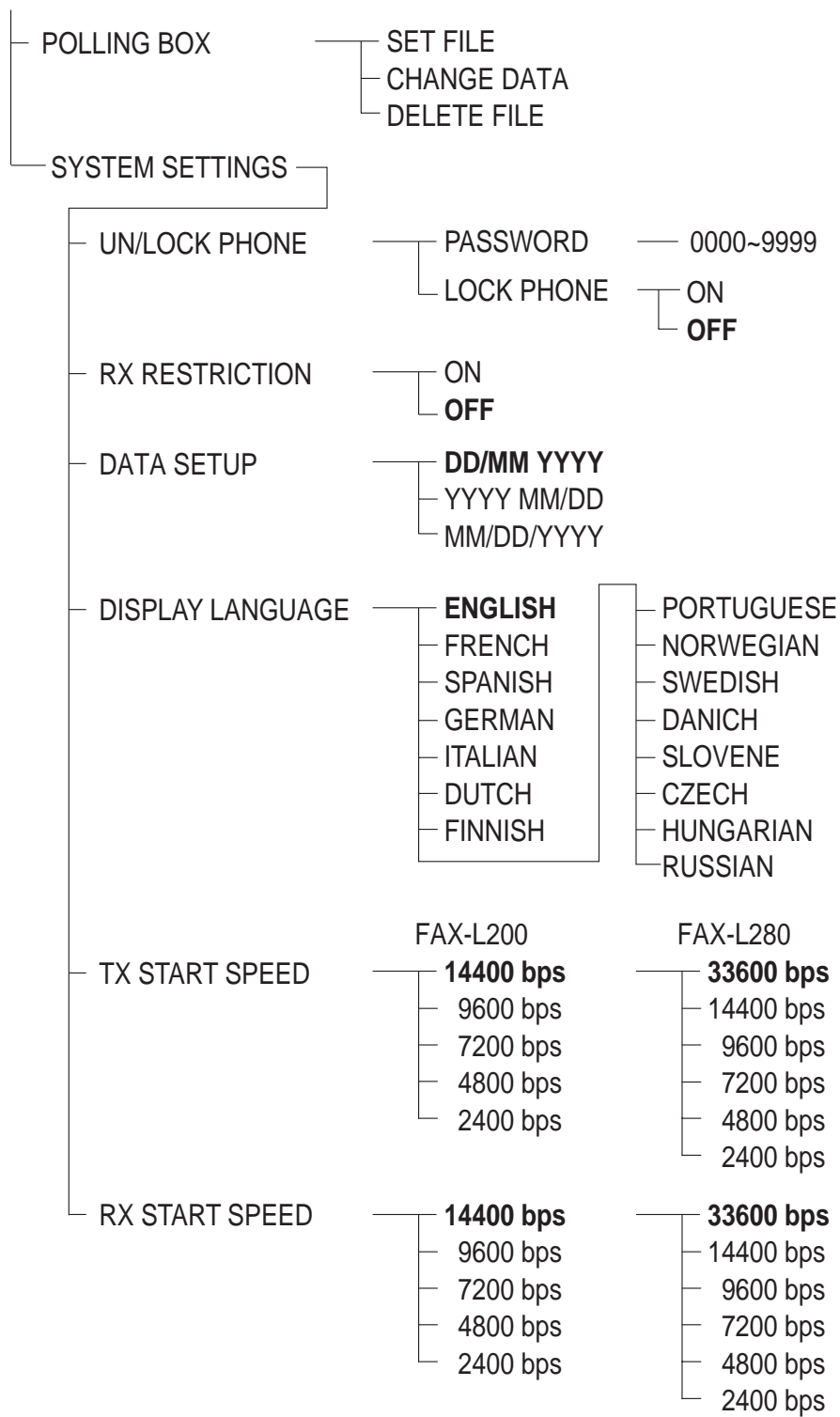|	FAX-L200	FAX-L280
TX START SPEED	**14400 bps**	**33600 bps**
	9600 bps	14400 bps
	7200 bps	9600 bps
	4800 bps	7200 bps
	2400 bps	4800 bps
		2400 bps
RX START SPEED	**14400 bps**	**33600 bps**
	9600 bps	14400 bps
	7200 bps	9600 bps
	4800 bps	7200 bps
	2400 bps	4800 bps
		2400 bps

Figure 5-7 User Data Flow (4/4)

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